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British Claim a Falklands Bridgehead

U.K. Sets Cease-Fire **Condition**

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. -The British ambassador to the United Nations, Sir Anthony Parsons, said on Friday that his government would never agree to an unconditional cease-fire while Argentine troops remained on the Falkland Islands.

Sir Anthony said that such pro-posals would be unacceptable to Britain because they would enable had acquired by force and "leave us with our hands tied." He spoke before entering urgent consulta-tions at the UN Security Council, called after the failure of UN peacemaking efforts and the an-nouncement that Britain had begun military operations to retake

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arred to the United Sir Anthony summed up that "this last round of negotiations is certainly dead in the water."

UN Secretary-General Javier Pérez de Cuéllar warned an emergency session of the Security Council Friday that peace efforts must continue or the prospect is "destruction and the loss of many, many lives."

The secretary-general told a tense and crowded chamber he still believes the United Nations "could restore peace in the South Atlantic and open the way for an enduring solution of the longstanding dispute."

Later he said, "I think we will keep trying, perhaps in a different way." Perhaps others can take action - the Security Council - perhaps another country or a group of countries. Mr. Pérez de Cuéllar had said Thursday after announcing "my efforts have now ended."

The council decided at a 90-minnte, closed-door Friday morning session to convene a public session over American objections. Ambassador Carlos Ozores of Panama, a member of the council, told a reporter that the U.S. ambassador to the United Nations, Jeane Kirkpa-trick, opposed a public meeting because it would aggravate the situa-

After more than an hour of private consultations with all 15 members present, the council opened a public meeting at the request of Argentina, Panama and

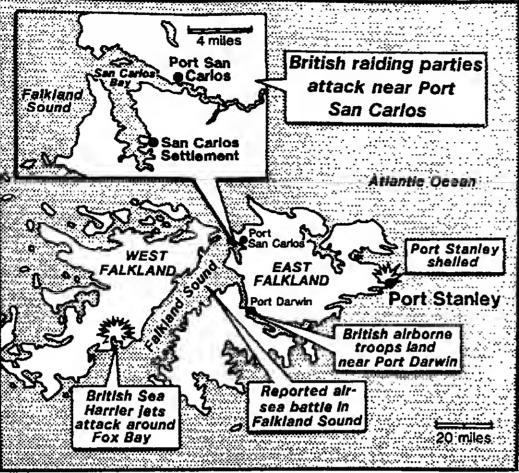
The Argentine representative at United Nations, Eduardo Roca, said that the nation's foreign minister, Nicanor Costa Méndez, would be flying to New York overnight. He said the only thing that Argentina had pressed for was a formal, public meeting of the Security Council.

Diplomatic sources said that any condemnation of British military raids on the Falklands was certain to be vetoed by Britain and maybe the United States and France, A similar censure of Argentina would be vetoed by the So-

U.S. Commitments .

The council has not met formally on the Falklands since the session on April 3 adopted, by a 10-1 vote with four abstentions, a British-sponsored resolution calling for a cease-fire, the withdrawal of Argentine troops and a negotiated settlement. That session took place one day after the Argentine inva-

White House spokesman said that President Reagan would meet with the commitments to provide aid to forces."



British forces in the South Atlantic, but was pledged not to involve any U.S. military personnel. Depu-ty Press Secretary Larry Speakes said that the administration was in contact with those at the United Nations and elsewhere who also are striving for a peaceful solu-tion." Any request by the British for aid, he said, "will be carefully evaluated on a case-by-case basis. The British ambassador to

Washington, Sir Nicholas Hender-son, met with Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. to discuss the escalation of the fighting and said afterward that Mr. Haig was aware of Britain's desire for a negotiated settlement, as well as of its determination to secure the withdrawal of Argentine Fambassador Esteban Takacs also paid a visit to the State Department, but would not disclose its purpose.

reports that there were plans for Mr. Haig to resume personal medi-ation efforts. The New York Times on Friday had said that Mr. Haig was ready to make another diplomatic effort if Argentina and Britain asked him to do so.

Privately, U.S. officials said that they were not surprised by the fail-ure of the UN effort, which followed by nearly three weeks the collapse of Mr. Haig's own diplomatic shuttle between Buenos Aires London and Washington.

The officials said that the problem remained the same: the refusal of the Argentines to withdraw from the Falklands without being assured of sovereignty over the islands, either in writing or in fact, by being able to settle an unlimited number of Argentines there.

Mr. Haig, bowever, was said to remain convinced that the situation would have to be resolved by political means eventually, and that it was possible that, once the fighting intensified, the parties could seek a mediator.

Asked on an American television program what would happen if a cease-fire was called for, Sir. Anthony said, "A call for for a cease-fire unconditionally would leave Argentina, the aggressor, with the chance to consolidate its



Argentine Foreign Minister Nicanor Costa Méndez went to meet President Leopoldo Galtieri Friday as the attacks began.

High Material Losses Inflicted by Argentine Airborne Resistance

LONDON - British troops stormed ashore at an undefended point on the Falkland Islands on Friday and secured a beachhead in the face of intense Argentine air attacks, Defense Secretary John

"British forces have now established a firm bridgehead on the Falkland Islands," Mr. Nott announced. "A secure land base is

being consolidated."

Mr. Nott did not say precisely where the bridgehead was established. But Argentina, which seized the Falklands on April 2, said Brit-

A cardinal says the pope may still visit Britain next week, Page 2.

ish ships were putting troops ashore at Port San Carlos, an inlet on the northwest corner of East Falkland, It lies about 50 miles (80 kilometers) across the island from the capital, Startley.

"Argentine forces have suffered some casualties and some prisoners have been taken," Mr. Nott said, "There will have been British casualties, but we have no details

A television reponer with the British task force said in a telephoned account of the British landings that the operation, "from the first man to the last man ashore, took just over four hours."

fndependent Television News reporter Michael Nicholson said: In less than 15 minutes they bombarded that position with over 60 shells. They've established their beachbead. We can see them quite clearly. One of them is only about a mile away around a cluster of houses. We can see the light tanks, we can see the Scorpions their setting up their air defenses, we can see the helicopter pads, tanks — they're all established. Already we

know they had unopposed landings in in all but one of them."
We could near some firefighting as we record in our ships at the beginning of the Sound. One of the unopposed landing was near a small village - really just a cluster of white stone hulldings. Troops found 31 falklanders in their own makeshift shelter, including 14 children there.

"They're all safe and they're all Material losses were high, Mr. Note said. Five British ships were damaged and 14 Argentine planes

shot down. "We have also lost two belicopters," he said. Britain earlier reported that 21 men were killed in the accidental crash of a helicopter shortly before

the heavy attack started at dawn. In Buenos Aires, a military spokesman said the Argentine Air Force counterattacked the British fleet in two waves, leaving a frigate

channel between East and West The spokesman said four other frigates were badly damaged and two British Sea Harriers fighterbombers shot down and a pilot

captured. A military spokesman said Brit-ish forces had established a beachhead in the area of Port San Carlos in the northwestern sector of East Falkland island

But he said Argentine troops were closing in on the area and that the beachhead "will be exter-

In London, Mr. Nott said the initial landings by Royal Marines

and that "some of these forces have remained ashore." He left hit-

tle doubt that the troops would re-

main to establish a footbold for the recapture of the islands seized hy Argentina seven weeks ago. "Argentine forces have suffered casualties and some prisoners have been taken," he said. "These oper-

ations continue." "As we expected our ships have come under heavy air attack," Mr. Non said. "Five have been damaged, two seriously. There will have been British casualties but we

have no details." The Argentines sunk a British destroyer several weeks ago, killing 20 British sailors. Earlier, Britain sank an Argentine cruiser, and

about 300 Argentine sailors were Mr. Nott said Harrier jets and missiles destroyed 14 Argentine planes — "seven Mirage, five Skyhawks and two Pucaras."

"Two Argentine helicopters, a Chinook and a Puma, have been destroyed on the ground," he said. We have lost two of our small helicopters.

Seven weeks after the Argentine aggression," he declared, "British forces are tonight firmly established back on the Falkland

Mr. Nott's announcement appeared to contradict earlier De-fense Ministry communiques that characterized the invasion forces

characterized the invasion forces only as "raiding parties," implying they did not intend to stay.

British reporters, briefed by defense officials shortly before the landings were formally announced, said more than 1,000 troops divided into six groups took part in the

They included commandos from the Royal Marines and the Parachute Regiment, some of Britain's best, their fighting skills honed in Northern Ireland.

For the estimated 9,000 Argentine troops on the Falklands, many of them raw recruits, it was a first taste of battle.

gentine military targets near the is-land capital of Stanley and other pid-fire 4.5-inch cannons. Harrier jump-jets struck Argentine positions around Fox Bay on Falkland Sound, the narrow channel dividing the two main Falkland islands, the Defense Ministry said.

Equipment Lunded

Mr. Nott said the main landing was accompanied by a number of smaller raids at other points and some of those troops remained

Mr. Nott said British paratroopers and marine commandos were ashore "in substantial numbers" with artillery, anti-aircraft weap-

ons and other heavy equipment.

A series of communiques from Buenos Aires said Argentine planes sent from mainland bases 450 miles from the islands were attacking three British warships in Falkland Sound and other ships

outside the bay.

The landings came barely 12 hours after negotiations between Britain and Argentina collapsed, with Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher accusing Argentina of obduracy, intransigence and bad faith."

Michael Foot, the head of the opposition Labor Party, urged Mrs. Thatcher to keep open diplo-matic channels because "no military settlement of the dispute can



Prime Minister Thatcher leaves No. 10 Downing Street after it was announced that raiding parties had landed in the Falklands.

11 Appointed by Chun For New Seoul Cabinet

By Allan Reditt

SEOUL - President Chan Doo Hwan replaced 11 Cabinet ministers following a loan scandal that has rocked South Korea's econo-

But the main opposition, the Task force ships hammered Ar- Democratic Korea Party, also demanded the resignation of Premier Yoo Chang Soon; Deputy Premier Kim Joon Sung, who is the economic planning minister, and Rha Woong Bae, the finance minister.

Mr. Chun said that while be held those two ministers responsible for the loan scandal, he wanted them to stay in the government to straighten out the situation. There was no evidence that any ministers were connected with the scandal but all agreed to accept moral responsibility and offer to resign.

The scandal, allegedly brought about by a distant relative of Mr. Chun, has led to the arrest of 19 persons, caused a collapse of South Korea's unofficial loan market and has brought several companies to

bankruptcy.
In his new Cabinat, Mr. Chun
included a woman for the first time, Kim Jung Lei, 54, who was a representative of the Londonbased human rights organization Amnesty International. She was

given the health and welfare port-

folio.

The prosecutor-general, Chung
Chee Kun, who in 1976 prosecuted
the leading Korean dissident, Kim

The foreign minister, Lho Shinyong, was retained. The former martial law commander and army chief of staff, Lee Hui Song, was appointed transport minister. Gen. Yoon Sung Min, chairman of the

Joint Chiefs of Staff, was named defense minister The scandal broke two weeks

ago with the arrest of a former national assemblyman, Lee Chul Hee, and his wife, Chang Yong Ja, who is related to Mr. Chun by marriage. Mr. Lee and his wife are charge with defrauding six Korean companies in which they allegedly received \$210 million in questionable loans and co transactions.

An uncle of Mr. Chun's wife, Lee Kyu Kwan, was charged Tues-day with accepting \$142,000 from Miss Chang to use his influence in arranging government approval for a banking venture being pro-moted by Miss Chang's husband. The arrest of Lee Kyu Kwan led

the president's father-in-law, Lee Kyu Dong to quit as head of the Korean Senior Citizens Association because of the publicity.

The president's brother-in-law, Kim Sang Koo, deputy secretary-general of the Advisory Council on Peaceful Reunification, resigned

Friday, government sources said. Mr. Chun is expected to remove members of his family from sensitive positions, political analysts be-

4 Christians Arrested

SEOUL (Reuters) - Four Christians, including a Presbyterian minister, were arrested Friday for leading an anti-government demonstration in the southern city of Kwangju on Tuesday.

Four hundred Christians were said to have taken part in the dem-onstration, which was broken up by riot police. The demonstrators were calling for the resignation of South Korea's president, Chun

Arms Protests Rise in E. Germany Church Helps Lead a Challenge Against Military Policy

By Bradley Graham Washington Post Service
DRESDEN, East Germany —

After gloating for months over the rise of nuclear disarmament campaigns in the West, East Germany is now confronted with one of its own, representing the strongest grass-roots challenge to a Sovietbacked military policy anywhere in Eastern Europe.

At some personal risk, participants in the campaign are de-nouncing what they call the excessive militarization of life in East Germany and the one-sided slant of official propaganda that blames only the United States for the arms Tace.

Limited to small youth groups, Protestant churches and some mtellectual circles, the protest drive here has only a fraction of the scope and force of Western peace BANK MARK movements. But its development inside the Soviet Union's most powerful military and economic ally was apparently viewed as dangerous enough this spring to warrant a stern police response.

Security officials, claiming that military service among East German youth was being undermined, stripped the protest's peace emblems - felt patches with the bib- informed clergyman in East Berlin lical phrase "Swords Into put it: "The church wants to speak

Plowshares" - off the clothing of politically but doesn't want to hundreds of youths who had joined the cause. For their involvement, some students are being threatened with expulsion from

universities, and others have been questioned by police. A new military service law decreeing that women can be drafted during an emergency was passed in March. In the meantime, Communist authorities have sought to coopt the protest slogans and claim a sort of official monopoly on the

For the East German Protestant Church, which had tried to channel concern about national military policies along less confronta-tional lines, the crackdown poses a moral and tactical dilemma.

A real blowup with the govern-ment would jeopardize the im-provement in church-state ties that began four years ago. But for the church to react pas-

sively would suggest a loss of con-viction and risk a loss of credibility, particularly among the young people whom church officials are booing to attract. So far, the church — which represents about 8 million of the 17

million East Germans - appears

intent on speaking up. But as one

make politics."
In the last two months, church

leaders have issued sharp state-ments accusing state officials of confusing gestures for disarma-ment with actions against the state. Last month, a letter signed by Bishop Werner Krusche of Magdeburg the leader of the East Ger-man Protestant Church Conference, said: "We fear that the actions of the state bodies are leading to difficult problems in the relationship of basically well-intentioned youth to the state and for the inner peace of our society and the personal development of young people."

On the surface, there would seem to be parallels between the church's arbitrating efforts and the role played by the Roman Catholic Church in Poland. But a senior East German clergyman contended that the situations are not similar since the Roman Catholic Church has traditionally had a more dominant position in Polish history and society than has the Protestant Church in modern Ger-

The social forces at work are also different. East Germany's peace protest can hardly be termed a movement. It is more of a loose (Continued on Page 2, Col. 5):

POLISH THREAT - Jacek Kuron, a leading architect of Solidarity, now says the union must prepare to use force against the Polish authorities, an underground publication reports. Page 2.

TECHNOLOGY BLOCK -The U.S. Commerce Department is giving top priority to efforts to stem the flow of ad-vanced, military-application hardware to Soviet-bloc na-

INDONESIA REBUKED -U.S. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. has issued a rebuke to Indonesia for refusing to accept one of the Forperts as ambassador. Page 3.

LITERARY LIFE - One of the best short-story writers in the English language today, Mavis Gallant reviews a new book about Paris intellectual life in the 1930s and 1940s and is herself the subject of an interview. Weekend, Page 5W.

OPEC HOLDS LINE -OPEC ministers meeting in Ouito decided to retain their ceilings on oil production and the benchmark price of \$34 a barrel. A four-member committee will likely review the policy in July. Page 9.

Reagan Sets New Global Strategy Aide Says Plan Is Aimed at Diminishing Soviet Empire

WASHINGTON - President Reagan has approved a tough new global military, political and diplomatic strategy aimed at shrinking the Soviet empire and persuading the Kremlin to turn its attention to

"butter, not guns," his top security adviser said Friday. William P. Clark, assistant for national security affairs, outlined the strategy in a major address at the Center for Strategic and Inter-national Studies at Georgetown University.

"It is our fondest hope that with

an active yet prudent national security policy, we might one day convince the leadership of the Sovict Union to turn their attention inward, to seek the legitimacy that only comes from the consent of the governed, and thus to address the hopes and dreams of their own people," Mr. Clark said.

'Shrinkage' of Russia

A senior White House official said Mr. Reagan approved an eight-page national security document that "undertakes a campaign aimed at internal reform in the Soviet Union and shrinkage of the Soviet empire."

The official said Mr. Reagan believes the "response will result in portant to allow the risk of technifundamentally different East-West cal environmental or arms control

relations by the end of this dec-

The goal, the official said, is to compel the Soviet Union to focus on "butter, not guns" and to "not export terrorism around the world."

A directive implementing Mr. Reagan's decisions was sent to af-fected federal agencies on Friday, Mr. Clark said.

He said nuclear deterrence will be the foundation of military strat-egy and the "highest priority" will be accorded to "survivable communications systems."

MX Missile Deployment

Mr. Reagan decided Monday, Mr. Clark said, to go ahead and deploy the MX missile, possibly putting the initial missiles in exist-ing Minuteman silos, and he has asked the Defense Department to recommend a survivable system by the end of the year.

A senior White House official confirmed reports earlier this week that the president is leaning toward underground, "dense pack" MX deployment. Under this "fratricide" concept, attacking warheads would destroy each other after the initial explosion.

"The MX program is too im-

debates to delay the introduction of the missile into the force," Mr. Clark said.

"Our interests are global," he said, "and they conflict with those of the Soviet Union, a state which pursues worldwide policies inimical to our own."

Russia Seen as Threat

Mr. Clark said the strategy is aimed at preserving freedom and democracy, providing for U.S. security, closer linkage with allies, promotion of a well-functioning sconomic system and maintenance of a "strong, flexible, and responsive military."

"Although the most prominent threat to our vital interests worldwide is the Soviet Union," he said, "our interests can also be put in jeopardy by actions of other states and groups."

In contingencies not involving the Soviet Union, Mr. Clark said, "we hope to rely on friendly regional states to provide military forces." But he said, "we must be prepared ... to commit U.S. forces to assist our allies."

Mr. Clark said Mr. Reagan has decided to put new emphasis on foreign arms sales and other forms of military assistance to friends

Sirhan's Parole Canceled: His Threats Cited

From Agency Dispatche

SACRAMENTO, Calif. — California's parole board, eiting threatening letters written from prison, Friday canceled the 1984 release from prison of Sirhan B. Sirhan, who assassinated Sen. Robert F. Kennedy in 1968.

Chairman Ray Brown said at a news conference that the decision in 1975 to give Sirhan a parole date was a mistake. Mr. Brown said parole officials would have acted otherwise had they known about the threatening letters. The prisoner has continued

to verbalize threats," Mr. Brown said. "The panel finds that the continuing nature of the prisoner's threats and conduct has great significance. It is significant now and would have been to other panels had they had the information."

He referred to Sirhan's statement that be would turn the Arabs loose to get him out of prison dead or alive when told his parole was in jeopardy in January, and to comments in 1979 that he would seek an alliance with the Soviet Union.

By Dan Fisher

WARSAW - A leading architect of the Solidarity independent trade union movement now says that the union must prepare to use force against the authorities, according to an underground publi-cation that has reached Western

As a first step, Jacek Kuron on Thursday advised Solidarity leaders still at large to try to infiltrate the police and the army, the docu-

Western analysts who studied the document said they were not sure whether it was genuine. It follows and expands upon an earlier statement attributed to Mr. Kuron that was believed to have been smuggled out of the suburban Warsaw prison where the 48-year-old dissident has been interned with other union leaders and ad-

Published by Solidarity

The new statement was published in Tygodnik Mazowsze, the weekly underground publication of Solidarity's Warsaw region. The remarks were cast as a reply

to more moderate responses to martial law that have been suggest-ed by Zbigniew Bujak, head of Sol-idarity's Warsaw region, and other union activists who have escaped

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Mr. Kuron was the head of the Committee for Social Self-Defense - known as KOR, its Polish initials — and a leading adviser to Solidarity. His ideas for forcing reforms in Poland, essentially by organizing society independent of the government, were instrumental in shaping the union and its pro-

While the possible impact of his reported turn to more radical approaches is uncertain, such a sig-nificant change in his stance would be noteworthy in itself, as is the fact that such views were pub-lished in a publication that has generally taken a nonviolent line.

Mr. Kuron himself argued as recently as last summer that Solidar-ity should avoid taking any action

military interests in Poland. Such action would invite intervention by Warsaw Pact forces and a national catastrophe, Mr. Kuron said then. Mr. Kuron is now quoted as saying that Solidarity leaders should

set n general time limit, such as "in the fall," by which time the union will take action if no progress has The action may be an open-endgeneral strike, according to the

document, although that strategy would allow the authorities to concentrate on chosen targets and take advantage of their "undisputed superiority of men and equip-

Unless the Solidarity leaders can line up a "decisive majority of sol-diers and policemen," Mr. Kuron is reported to advise, they should assault preselected "power and in-formation centers," with the help of "that minority of army and police which decide to stand on our

"I am not trying to convince you to call an assault," Mr. Kuron is quoted as saying. "But I am strongly advising organizing a center of the movement and an efficient information network."

Dissenters Sentenced

WARSAW (Reuters) - The Polish authorities have imposed prison sentences of up to live years on dissidents in several cities caught printing and distributing Solidarity publications, the official press said Friday.

A Warsaw military court impris-oned a 30-year-old teacher for five years and a factory worker for three years for posting and distrib-uting leaflets in the southern town

The leaflets, which have been circulating in most Polish cities since martial law was imposed in December, have been used recently to publish the time and places of strikes and demonstrations called

by Solidarity.

The official press agency PAP reported that 164 people bad been sentenced to more than three years that might be perceived by the So-viet Union as a threat to its vital soldiers.



The government made this official photograph of Argentine soldiers on duty in a street in Stanley available on Friday in Buenos Aires. However, it did not say when the photograph was taken.

Pope, Prelates Discuss Falklands; Briton Sees U.K. Visit as Still On

From Agency Dispatches
VATICAN CITY — Pope John
Paul II discussed the Falkland Isands crisis Friday with Argentine and British cardinals, and a British prelate who attended the meeting said afterward he was "reasonably optimistic" that the pope would go ahead with his planned trip to Britain next week.

Vatican officials said the cardinals made detailed reports on the attitudes of their respective governments, while the Vatican secretary of state, Cardinal Agostino Casaroli, discussed the latest Falklands developments in a conference call with Vatican envoys in Buenos Aires, London and the

Trip Depends on Fighting

News of the latest British military action in the Falklands caused gloom when it reached the pope and his advisers during their meet-ing with the cardinals, Vatican

sources said. Nevertheless, after the meeting Cardinal Basil Hume of Britain said be was "reasonably optimis-tic" that the pope would travel to

Britain as planned Cardinal Hume, archbishop of Westminster and primate of England and Wales, said the trip depends on the "extent and quality of the hostili-ties in the Falklands and whether there is an escalation of hostili-

The Vatican sources said said the luncheon meeting between the pope and the cardinals was also joined by the influential president of the Latin American bishops' conference, Archbishop Alfonso Lopez Trujillo of Colombia. British Archbishops Derek Worlock of Liverpool and Thomas Winning of

Glasgow also were at the meeting.
The pope had summoned the
Argentine and British prelates to
Rome on Wednesday to pray with
him for a peaceful solution to the two countries' conflict over the

Peace Mass Postponed

The meeting came on the eve of a Mass dedicated to the search for peace in the South Atlantic. The British and Argentine church leadbrating the Mass, which was postponed from Friday because an air traffic controllers' strike in Italy delayed the arrival of the Argentine cardinals.

Representing Argentina at the Mass will be Cardinals Juan Carlos Aramburu of Buenes Aires and Rani Primatesta of Cordoba and Cardinal Eduardo Pironio of the

Vatican Curia. Archbishop Lopez Trujillo also will participate. The British delegation will be led by Cardinal Hume and will include Cardinal Gordon Gray, pri-mate of Scotland, and Ar-

chbishops Winning and Worlock.
The pope's six-day visit to Brit-ain is due to start Friday. Last Sunday, the pope said the trip was in doubt because of the escalating Falklands crisis. The Roman Catholic Church is supported by the state in Argentina, where 95 per-

cent of the people are Catholics.

Prime Minister Margaret
Thatcher of Britain said Thursday she would forgo a meeting with the pope in an effort to remove political overtones from the trip, which is intended in part to further a decade-long effort to unify the Angh-can and Roman Catholic churches.

Tiny French Isles Off Canada Stir Uneasy Analogies With Falklands

By Henry Giniger

New York Times Service SAINT PIERRE, Saint Pierre and Miquelon —No Canadian invasion fleet has been sighted and one is not expected, but the 6,040 inhabitants of these little French-owned islands are at the center of a maritime dispute between France and Canada and are nervously making analogies with the Falklands.

On a clear day, which comes only once in a while in these fog-shrouded and stormy lanindes, one can see Newfoundland, 15 miles (24 kilometers) to the north. The islands, 93.4 square miles, are all that is left of a once-powerful French empire also the islanders known also the islanders known. perhaps better than anyone else, the islanders know what it is like to man a tiny European outpost in the New World thousands of miles from the mother country and to cling precariously to its way of life.

"I suppose the people of the Falklands want to remain English," said Joseph Lehuenen, the 72-year-old local historian and former mayor of Saint Pierre. "Well, the people of Saint Pierre want to stay

It has been that way for more than four centuries, ever since the French explorer Jacques Cartier claimed the islands for the French crown in 1536 and Bretons, Normans and Basques moved in to fish for cod and to provide a base for fleets from Europe.

amount contracted for under the

largest earlier deal signed a year ago. Equipment is being sent both

Whatever the extent of Egyptian military aid, it is clear Egypt has a growing interest in the Gulf region

and the Iranian-Iraqi war, partly because of its hopes of a reconcili-

ation with the rest of the Arab

world following the final Israeli withdrawal from the Sinai on April

Mr. Baz said recently that the

continuation of the war risked set-

ting off a "chain reaction jeopard-

izing the security of the Gulf re-gion and causing a great deal of insecurity and instability in the

Egypt's desire to play a more prominent role in helping defend the Gulf states is, in the view of

Western analysts, still seriously hampered by the continuing ab-sence of diplomatic relations with

it by all of them except Oman. Ties

by plane and ship.

other Gulf states.

Between 1690 and 1793 the islands were seized and pillaged nine times by the British. Not until 1815 by the treaties ending the Napoleonic Wars did Britain

finally recognize France's sovereignty.

Now another kind of dispute has embroiled France ith Canada, which since 1976 has proclaimed a zone of economic interest extending 200 miles off its shores. France in turn is claiming a 200-mile zone extending south of Saint Pierre and Miquelon and the talks thus far have produced no result. The possibility that the disputed waters might contain oil or gas has raised both the stakes and the tension.

Visit by Manroy

In the middle and a bit distrustful of both powers are the islanders. Sen. Marc Plantegenest, one of two elected representatives to the French Parliament, said: "We are always afraid of deals made over our heads. They may be at our expense."

Recently, the senator created a stir by suggesting in the Paris daily Le Moode that the islands could be-come the Falklands of the north.

"I have never envisaged a Canadian occupation," Sen. Plantegenest told a visitor. "But Canada has the means to bring about an economic blockade. All our supplies come from or through Canada and our only way of leaving here is through Canada."

Last month, on his way to a visit to Canada, Pierre Mauroy became the first French prime minister to visit the islands. He had to land in Newfoundland and then transfer to a small plane.

"Have confidence in France, whose children you are," he urged the islanders, but insularity and a suspicion that they do not carry much weight in Paris have made them skeptical.

have made them skeptical.

With the exception of about 600 people who live on the barren islands of Miquelon and Langlade, the population is concentrated on Saint Pierre, the smallest of the main islands but the only one with a good port. From the water, bitle frame houses in yellows, whites, reds, blues and browns crowd gentle hills along narrow streets that at this time of the year are likely to be enveloped in a chill mist or for

likely to be enveloped in a chill mist or fog.

The sense of isolation is pervasive and so is the precariousness of life. Fog. snow, storms, rocks, sho-als and strong currents have made the surrounding waters one of the North Atlantic's biggest maritime graveyards, with more than 600 shipwrecks recorded in the last century and a half.

Saint Pierre has traditionally lived less from fishing then from serving as a supply base and home away from home for European and Far Eastern fishing fleets. Canada's 200-mile limit, within which it has doled out fish quotas that favor its own fishermen, has had the effect of reducing the number of foreign fleets in the area.

In the little museum, photographs show a crowded port with a forest of ship masts. But the pictures are decades old and now the port is empty much of the

The heyday of the islands was in the 1920s, when Prohibition was in force in the United States and Canadian and European distillers discovered Saint Canadian and European distillers discovered Saint Pierre as a convenient staging area for bootlegging. The islanders happily became dockworkers and warehousemen and more than 3 million cases of spirits transited the port every year, according to Jean-Pierre Andrieux, a local hotelier and honorary Canadian consul who has made a hobby of studying the Prohibition period. One summer day in 1921, he recognised

Al Capone came to the island and Mr. Andrieux's maternal grandfather admired his straw hat.

"You like my hat?" the gangster said. "Okay, here's a souvenir from Al Capone." Mr. Andrieux proudly produced the still-intact hat, which he intends to put on display in his hotel along with other memorabilia. of the period. Other reminders are empty warehouses on the quays and a house built entirely from whisky cases and known as the Cutty Sark villa. In 1933, with repeal, the bubble burst. It has been downhill ever since.

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Egypt Won't Send Troops to Iraq But It Is Sending More Weapons

By David B. Ottaway Washington Past Service

CAIRO - Egypt's military and political leaders have indicated a willingness to send more war materiel to help Iraq in its war with Iran, but officials have ruled out involvement of Egyptian com-

With the Gulf states looking increasingly toward Egypt as a potential political and military counterweight to a victorious Iran, the Egyptian leadership recently issued a series of statements delineating how far it was prepared to go to help save President Saddam Hussein of Iraq from a humiliating

It has also sketched out a role for Egypt in the region that seemed to combine a desire to serve as protector of the vulnerable oil producers in the Gulf with an awareness of the political limitations it is operating under at bome and abroad.

[The semi-official daily Al-Ahram said Friday that Egypt has provided Iraq with arms from its strategic reserve. The Associated Press reported. A senior reporter, Ibrahim Nafeh, said in his weekly column that the supplies included more than ammunition.

['They included kinds of weapons that are part of Egypt's strate-gic reserve," he said, adding that Egypt would have to buy replacements on the world arms market.

Although be did not specify what March to sell Iraq \$1.5 billion in kind of weapons were involved, war materiel, about double the the implication was that they might have been fighters, tanks and missiles because Egypt pro-

duces its own small arms.]

Apparently seeking to stop speculation of an imminent Egyptian commitment of military manpower to Iraq, Defense Minister Abdel. Halim Abu Ghazala on Monday denied the presence of any troops outside the country apart from advisers serving in Sudan Somalia.

Existence Threatened

In so speaking, he was evidently drawing a distinction between reg-ular Egyptian Army units and mil-itary recruits from among Egyp-tians working in Iraq as well as individual volunteers going in relatively small numbers to sign up with the Iraqi armed forces.

At the same time, Mr. Abu Ghazala said Egypt was supplying Iraq with "all its military needs" that it could not get from other countries because it was an Arab country whose very existence is now threatened."

A presidential foreign policy adviser. Osama Baz, has said that the extent of Egyptian assistance was "measured by developments and this is a matter that varies from week to week."

Arah diplomatic sources say Egypt signed an agreement in. Egyptian diplomatic sources.

Some Recruits Are Unfit, Soviet General Reports

MOSCOW — The Soviet armed forces are having trouble with recruits who are physically

unfit, politically naive or even pacifists, an army general says.

According to a newspaper report, Gen. Alexei A. Yepishev said Thursday this was espe-cially important because "the anti-Communism, the anti-Sovictism of the belligerent forces of imperialism, first of all the U.S.A., and also its accomplices, make the threat of war a severe reality of our time."

Gen. Yeoishey, head of the army and navy political department, told a congress of the Communist youth organization Komsomol that most recruits were physically and mentally fit but that "some fell short." His comments were published in the military newspaper Red

Star.
"One must say that among the generally healthy and strong young people who are called up, there are also youths whose muscles need additional training," he was quoted as say-

were severed in retaliation for Egypt's signing of a peace treaty with Israel in March, 1979. We find cases, even if they While there are bopes on both are isolated, when young peosides for an improvement in relaple joining the army system show elements of political naiveté, pacifism, and carelesstions, none of the Arah nations that cut ties then has yet restored them, nor has a formula or forum ness in gauging the military

E. German Protests Rise To Challenge Military Policy Romania Cabinet Shakeup Approved

(Continued from Page 1) amalgam of groups and individu-als, spurred by youthful fashion, religious principle and political op-

Western diplomats in Berlin said a Polish-style uprising would be unlikely in East Germany because its internal security system is too efficient and the Communist Party is too strong. Moreover, the East German protest is not funda-mentally pro-Western or anti-Communist.

Causes of Concern

Two things cause concern for East German officials. First, even muted criticism of Soviet arms is apparently considered a dangerous chink in a Communist propaganda effort that wants the entire focus to be on NATO weapons. Second, and more directly threatening to East Germany's military effort, are church and youth demands that conscientious objectors be provided a civilian-service alternative to the draft.

But as East German leaders appear to understand, the issue is not just one of bearing weapons. The protest in East Germany, like the West German peace movement, contains an element of pan-German nationalism, which emerged in the so-called Berlin appeal issued in January.

The Berlin appeal, which report-edly bears 700 signatures, includ-

for the withdrawal of Soviet and American "occupation troops" from both Germanys. It also calls for the signing of peace treaties to end World War II officially and guarantee "noninterference" in the affairs of the two German states.

The appeal echoed a letter sent to Soviet President Leonid I. Brezhnev in October by the East German Communist dissident Robert Havemann, whose death in April at the age of 72 left a gap near the radical edge of the East German.

The first signs of the protest surfaced last spring in Dresden, which has one of the highest concentra-tions of Protestants in East Germany and a harsh memory of World War II. An intense bomb-ing raid by U.S. and British forces on Feb. 13, 1945, killed 35,000

Peace Forum

Individuals and youth groups asked Dresden church officials for belp in petitioning for a civilian substitute to the military draft, such as service in hospitals and old-age homes. And last Angust the Dresden church suggested a 24-month "peace" service as an alternative to the required 18 months under arms.

On Feb. 13 a peace forum at the Church of the Cross in Dresden drew from 4,000 to 6,000 people. The police permitted the event to go on, but a crackdown came later.

WORLD BRIEFS

BUCHAREST - The Romanian parliament appointed a new premier

Friday and approved a major reshufile of the country's 55-member Cabi-Sources attending the parliamentary session said delegates named

Constantin Dascalescu as premier, replacing the Verdet, who had held the job since 1978. No reason was given for the change. Mr. Dascalescu, one of President Nicolae Ceausescu's closest aides,

was a member of the political executive committee, the top ruling body of the Communist Party. Observers bere said that the reshuffle, which was the biggest government shakeup in years, was prompted by Romania's economic troubles. Other changes included the dropping of all seven deputy premiers. They were replaced by four new officials.

11 Killed in West Beirut Bombings

BEIRUT - Two bombs exploded within an hour Friday in Moslem west Beirut, killing at least 11 persons and wounding 17, police sources said. The Organization for the Liberation of Lebanon from Foreigners claimed responsibility for the blasts and pledged to continue the attacks until all foreigners left Lebanon.

Police said a man was killed when the first bomb exploded near the Bearut seafront, 100 yards from the U.S. Embassy, an hour a after U.S. deputy assistant secretary of state, Morris Draper, ended a round of talks in Beirut and flew to Damascus.

About an hour later, a second, more powerful bomb destroy wrecked the side of a building bousing a Nasserite magazine. Al Morabit. Police sources said at least 10 people died and 15 were wounded.

Peking Says Moscow Is Expansionist

PEKING — China Friday denounced the Soviet Union as the biggest expansionist nation of the modern age. The attack was made barely 24 hours after a renewed offer from Moscow to Peking to improve relations. A commentary in the Communist Party newspaper, People's Daily, accused the Kremlin of trying to cause trouble between China and India. Those two nations have just concluded talks in New Delhi on improving their relations. The paper added, "in its quest for world hegemony, the Soviet Union is in the habit of sowing discord and creating divisions and contradictions between some countries so that it can fish in troubled

The commentary was published as the annual visit to China by a senior Soviet official, Mikhail S. Kapitsa, drew to a close. Mr. Kapitsa, head of the Soviet Foreign Ministry's Asia department, conferred twice with Deputy Foreign Minister Qian Qichen, a privilege that Soviet sources said indicated some progress.

U.S. Changes Attitude Over ID Cards LOS ANGELES — Attorney General William French Smith says the Reagan administration is "open to the alternative" of a national identity

card, but adds that it wants to try existing identification systems first.

It was the first time the Reagan administration had indicated it was not opposed to plans for creating a nationwide identity card to deal with illegal immigration. Mr. Smith revealed the change of policy by deleting a sentence from a speech be delivered on immigration policy to the California Chamber of Commerce on Thursday. It said: "The administration is opposed to the creation of a national identity card."

Asked afterward about the change, Mr. Smith downplayed its importance. "All we're saying is that we are open to all alternatives," he said. But we want first to try existing identification systems, such as Social Security cards and drivers' licenses'

Salvadoran Relief Worker Abducted

SAN SALVADOR - The director of the Green Cross relief agency in El Salvador was kidnapped by six gunmen who raided his house at midnight on Thursday, the agency and family members said on Friday.

Juan Francisco Zamora, 27, and a relative were abducted by the gmmen, who took an unknown amount of money and numerous busines papers from the family residence near the U.S. Embassy.

No motive was known for the abduction, which was the second attack on a Green Cross official in seven weeks. A Green Cross paramedic was killed April 2 by unidentified gunmen. The Green Cross is a private, nonsectarian relief agency founded in France during World War II and established in El Salvador during the 1970s.

Mitterrand Bars Africa Intervention

NIAMEY. Niger - French President François Mitterrand said Friday that France has no intention of intervening in either the civil war in Chad or the long conflict in the Western Sahara.

"France is not Africa's policeman," Mr. Mitterrand declared during 2 press conference on the third day of a five-day tour through former French colonies in West and North Africa. On Saturday, he will visit the

Mr. Mitterrand stressed that France was on good terms with both Algeria and Morocco and was not about to intervene in the war in the Western Sahara. "If we are asked for our advice, we will give it," he said. "A referendum would be the best method" for resolving the crisis. "It is first of all for the Saharans to determine their fate." He added that Chad must also determine its future within the context of the Organization of African Unity.

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for such a resumption been found. according to Mr. Baz and other threat on the part of our class ing those of church officials, calls Singapore Undertakes Confucianism Revival

By Colin Campbell New York Times Service SINGAPORE - The government of Prime Minister Lee Kuan Yew, disturbed by what it sees as a falling away from certain ancient moral values that are thought to be capable of protecting this modern city-state, has decided to revive the

study of Confucianism. study of Confucianism.

Ar. Lee is believed to have instarted the plan. Once started in the
schools, about two years from
now, it would reassert values of filial piety, scholarly discipline, fraternity, decorum, integrity, a proper sense of shame and, perhaps, a moral obligation to enter government service so long as Confucianism prevailed in the

Confucianism was the official and mostly very conservative state philosophy of China for nearly 2,000 years. Its influence on ethics and social behavior has survived to the present in some sectors of ethnic Chinese society, and some scholars believe that even in China the reaction over the last few years against the Cultural Revolution

NEW YORK'S

HOTEL GARLYLE

MADISON AVENUE AT 78TH ST.,

may be viewed as a reassertion of that "from the kind of feedback Confucian values." we've been getting, people like the The Singapore government's

sudden announcement, however, that a new Confucian curriculum would be devised has puzzled many people in this technological-ly advanced and officially democratic country.

Confucius is believed to have

died in 479 B.C. The philosophy later elaborated in his name is widely assumed to have collapsed from its associated injustices and irrelevance around the time the last emperor of China was dethrough in 1912. Intellectuals Have Doubts

The study of Confucius still enthralls scholars and individual seekers, but even Singapore's newspapers, normally deferential to Mr. Lee, his government and his People's Action Party, have been

wondering in print just what an of-

ficial Confucian revival will look

A Singaporean intellectual said last week that the plan was "a lot of nonsense." But like some others interviewed in recent days, he asked that his bemusement remain

anonymous. In a series of speeches, Mr. Lee has explained what he sees as the practical and moral pertinence of Confucian ideas. Dr. Tay Eng Soon, Singapore's minister of state for education, said in an interview

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versity.

we've been getting, people like the

Nothing resembling a Confucian textbook for school use has been written in many years, said Dr. Tay, and the Confucian corpus would have to be simplified and modernized. What might a high school student do, he asked, when presented with such ancient Confucian exemplars as that of the child who sits beside his mother when she is being bitten by mosquitoes, so that the mosquitoes will bite him?

"They would laugh," he answered. He said they would probably also wonder wby the mother did not spray herself with insect repellent, and the gift of filial sacrifice would be lost.

American Contributions At least four American profes-

sors have responded to the government's queries on how to teach Confucian ethics. They are Yu Ying-shi, professor of history at Yale; Tong Te-kong, chairman of the Asian studies department at College in New York; Francis L.K. Hsu, director of the Center for Cultural Studies in Education at the University of San Francisco, and James Hsiung Chieh, profes-sor of politics at New York Uni-

Some of the professors' reacpublic by the government. A com-mon theme is that certain Confucian ethical principles are probably eternally valid and may be especially pertinent in a society whose traditional values are being corroded but not replaced by a hedonistic or at least selfish

Several of the scholars also cautioned, though, that the political content of Confucianism as it was codified and justified over the centuries, in a rural and authoritarian context, was both outmoded and

How long Mr. Lee has been thinking about Confucianism is unclear, but some analysts believe il was an afterthought. Last year, the Education Ministry decided that the public schools curriculum in civies had gone lackluster, and so it decided to offer students a choice of five high school course — none compulsory — in Christianity, Buddhism, Islam, Hinduism and "world religions." Confucianism, a humanistie eth-

Italy Premier Wins Confidence Vote

ical philosophy rather than a relig-ion, was added later on the theory that many ethnic Chinese Singa-

poreans, who constitute 75 percent of the population, adhered to none

of the religions offered.

ROME - Premier Giovanni Spadolini's five-party coalition won a vote of confidence early Friday on vital economic legislation.

The government won, 317-225, parliamentary approval of a sec-oud key article of a law on redundancy payments, which it needs to push through before a referendum becomes due,

The referendum proposes indexlinked severance payments which Mr. Spadolini considers economically disastrons and which his bill

through a five-year term of office,

The Associated Press WASHINGTON - William W. Marsh, 50, former head of the Voice of America in Munich, has become director of its news division in Washington, the U.S. International Communications Agency

partment as part of a "top-priori-ty" effort to stem the increasing flow of advanced, military-applica-tion hardware to Soviet-bloc nabe needed to control the problem. The congressional report, issued The department has added en-forcement agents, opened a West Coast export-control office and in-

by the permanent investigations subcommittee of the Senate Gov-ernmental Affairs Committee, said the department has six export-con-trol inspectors. They include five at John F. Kennedy International Airport in New York and a sixth

The subcommittee report recommended that the export-control functions be taken from Com-merce's Office of Export Adminis-tration and be consolidated with the enforcement of other export laws within the Customs Service. Mr. Baldrige said much of the en-forcement burden must be carried by U.S. businessmen who handle U.S.-made computers, lasers and electronic components that can be put to military uses.

He said businessmen should be as sensitive to potential violations of export-control laws as they are to violations of antitrust or foreign Move to Repeal Cuts corrupt-practices laws.

However, he stopped short of calling for a stiffening of the fines or jail terms for businessmen who violate the laws.

"The problem has just increased in the fairly recent past," he said. "We doo't have enough experience to know whether the penalties are adequate."

In a separate development, the undersecretary of commerce for international trade said the department has oo present plans to bring suit against Japanese electronics manufacturers on grounds of dumping components in the Unit-

Undersecretary Lionel Olmer said that, while several U.S. elec-tronics companies have charged that Japanese firms have exported chips at below cost prices to gain a market share, "nobody's been willade policy. ing to put that down on a paper In his remarks to the trade that they would sign."

public and to put information that

is part of an open law-enforcement

investigation beyond the reach of

the act. Both elements were

will face another battery of amend-ments before it receives final Sen-

ate action, and the ultimate out-come of this bill remains uncer-

tain. But in view of the commit

tee's action, it is likely that if the

Senate does not approve this ver-

sion, it will not act at all and thus

will leave the act in its present

Moratorium on Files

to eight years on release of files in-

volving government investigation. Under the provisions of this ver-

sion, government investigators

may not destroy these organized crime files for 10 years following

In an area that received broad

bipartisan support, the bill would

add protection to government in-

formants. The latest version would

change the standard for releasing

such files from information that

would" disclose the identity of

government informants to infor-

mation that "could reasonably be

expected to disclose" an inform-

ant's identity. The action also

would exclude requests for such in-formation from third parties. It would also create two new ex-

emptions from the act, one for technical data that cannot be ex-

ported and another for records or

information in Secret Service files.

the moratorium.

The measure almost certainly

Senate Panel Protects Treedom of Information

By David Shribman New York Times Service WASHINGTON — The Senate Judiciary Committee, after a year's

creased scrutiny of export applica-tions, Mr. Baldrige said Thursday. Assistant U.S. Attorney Theodore

Wu, an illegal-export expert with the Department of Justice's Los Angeles office, was nominated this

month to head the unit in the new-

ly created position of deputy as-

sistant secretary for export en-

the transfer of high technology products," Mr. Baldridge said in remarks to the Foreign Trade As-sociation of Southern California,

meeting here. "But the systems are out of date, and the problem keeps

Division Criticized

Mr. Baldrige's comments came two weeks after a Senate subcom-

mittee released a report condemn-ing the department's compliance

division as poorly equipped and

run by investigators who in some instances are untrained and un-

Mr. Baldrige acknowledged that

the agency's efforts have not been adequate during his tenure but tried to shift most blame from the

."Most of the examples [of ex-port-control violations] in that

subcommittee report came during

the previous administration," he

said in an interview after his

Mr. Baldrige's tough position on the export of sensitive high-tech-

nology goods seems a departure

from the stance of previous secre-

taries of commerce, who have of-ten acted as free-trade advocates in

intragovernmental debates on

Reagan administration.

getting more serious."

derqualified."

We have the systems to prevent

consideration of Reagan administration proposals for major altera-tions of the Freedom of Informaleave the law substantially intact. The committee's action was a re-

jection of administration proposals to put information about investigations on terrorism and foreign counterintelligence beyond the reach of the law, which permits citizens to request documents detaile committee voted, however,

to tighten restrictions on the re-lease of information about the investigations of organized crime and to create additional protection for files involving government in-

from press and public interest groups, which feared that the act, which has become a symbol of openness in government, would be scriously altered. "It's a stunning victory not just for the press but for the public," said Bruce W. San-ford, counsel for the Society of

Contentious Debate

The committee vote, which followed contentious debate and back-room negotiations that were concluded only moments before the session, is not expected to end the controversy surrounding the act, however. Representatives of ness groups are expected to lobby for further provisions to protect information submitted to

the government by businesses.

The bill that the committee approved emerged from lengthy negotiations between Sen. Orrin G. Hatch, Republican of Utah, who involving protection duties of The new version also would permit a business that submitted information to the government to be notified if a Freedom of Informawas the chief advocate of tighten-ing the act, and Sen. Patrick J. tion request had been made for that information. It would provide Leahy, Democrat of Vermont. The negotiations produced changes in every section of the Hatch bill that an opportunity for the business to won approval in subcommittee in December. state its case while the government decided whether to release the information and would grant the business the statutory right to judi-cial review of the final decision.

"None of us accomplished all that we desired," said Sen. Hatch.

Gandhi and Congress-I Party Suffer Severe Setbacks in 3 State Elections

Kerala from a Marxist-led front in NEW DELHI — Prime Minister Indira Gandhi and her Congress-I Wednesday's regional elections. Other results show that the fragmented opposition forced a stale-Party lost one state election Frimate in the northern farming state day, trailed in a second and failed to retain an absolute majority in a of Haryana and was slightly ahead of the Congress-I in the state of Himachai Pradesh. Both states third in an apparently serious erosion in her popularity. were ruled by Mrs. Gandhi's party. The results represent a setback

A Marxist-led leftist froot gained an absolute majority in the volatile eastern state of West Bengal where Mrs. Gandhi had campaigned hard to wrest control from the Communists.

Former Foreign Minister Atal Behari Vajpayee, whose rightist Bharatiya Janata Party is ahead of the Congress-I in Himachal, said Mrs. Gandhi's party had lost public support. Even in Kerala, where the literacy rate is highest, Mrs. Gandhi's party could only win 20 seats in the 140-member assembly.

Still of U.S. Moves to Check Brezhnev Death Rumors Highlight Information Vacuum the country and the Communist Party, maintain a ligures jockeying for position in what is generally officials who privately said that Mr. Bre inclead deteriorated as the twilight of the Brezhnev era. Soviet president's condition came from officials who privately said that Mr. Bre inclead deteriorated seriously dur

MOSCOW - With his recent appearances and statements on nuclear arms limitation. Soviet President Leonid I. Brezhnev has returned to the public scene after his recent illness. But for the Soviet public, which gets its news almost exclusively from the Soviet media, Mr. Brezhnev never left.

The 75-year-old Soviet leader's four-week public disappearance was a major international news story, but the Soviet media have not said one word about it, nor has there been any official explanation. Given Moscow's obsession with secrecy, this is

hardly onusual. To be informed in the Soviet Union is a privilege, not a right. The traditional attitude is that information should be given on a need-to-know basis. In this case, the Kremin clearly decided that the 260 million Soviet citizens did not need to know about their leader's ailment. This posed a problem for foreign correspondent Russians seem to think it odd and suspicious that anyone should concern himself with the details of

proper, for instance, to ask a spokesman of the Soviet airline Aeroflot how many aircraft it has ("Many" When it comes in matters of state policy and leadership changes, there is hardly anyone to turn to for information. Both Tass and Pravda, official organs of

subjects that are oot in his field. It seems almost im-

As far as the Soviet media are concerned, Kremlin leaders oever get ill, nor do they argue with one another over policies, nor do they make mistakes while in power. The information vacuum surrounding the

NEWS ANALYSIS

crenellated walls of the Kremlin is designed to project an image of harmony, tranquility and stability.

It is not a perfect vacuum. The absence of information generates rumors among the elite. Some informa-tion trickles out in dribs and drabs, either from Soviet officials on the Kremlin's fringes or from East European visitors. Yet for foreign journalists, the information is almost impossible to verify with anyone in a position of authority.

The extraordinary thing about rumors surrounding Mr. Brezhnev's recent illness was that they were so widespread they reached the level of barbershops, schools and factories. The resulting tension and the absence of information led to speculation among foreign observers. Who was spreading the rumors? Who stood to gain from them?

Ever since the death last January of Mikhail A. Suslov, the No. 2 man in the Kremlin hierarchy, there have been indications of a power struggle among top

This jockeying was not directed against Mr. Brezhnev, although the ultimate prize is his post once he leaves the political stage. There was speculation among foreign analysts in Moscow that much of the infighting was directed against Konstantin U. Chernenko, a Brezhnev protege, who was taken into the ruling Politburo less than four years ago and whose sudden rise is believed to have been opposed by other senior figures.

According to this argument, Mr. Chernenko has tried to consolidate his authority while his patron was still in charge. Various rumors, including those link-ing members of Mr. Brezhnev's family to certain corrupt practices, were seen as part of an effort to prevent Brezhnev loyalists in the Politburo from installing Mr. Chernenko in Mr. Suslov's old post.

On a broader front, the rumor mill also appeared to reflect a conflict between those favoring cautious, incremental shifts in policies and younger party leaders seeking more fundamental changes.

All this was speculation. Yet, even though Mr. Brehnev's reappearance restored oormalcy to political life, the issues raised during the unsettling days of his disappearance continue to percolate within the elite. The only apparently reliable information about the Soviet president's condition came from well-informed officials who privately said that Mr. Brezhnev's health had indeed deteriorated seriously during a visit to Tashkent, and that he may have suffered a mild stroke aboard the plane returning him to Moscow on March 25. Although he was hospitalized, they insisted that he was not incapacitated — a fact confirmed when a clearly ailing Mr. Brezhnev appeared in public four weeks later.

As rumors spun off from this bit of information, the oumber of Soviet sources available to Western diplomats and journalists shrunk almost overnight. The Foreign Ministry, in the only official government response, said that Mr. Brezhnev was on vacation and denied a Newsweek account that he was ill. Then, in the fourth week of Mr. Brezhnev's convalescence, ru-mors circulated that he was near death or had died.

The confusion was made even greater because staffers of Tass, Moscow television and official jour-nals were also talking about the death rumor and searching for clues themselves. A Soviet journalist reported that Mr. Brezhnev's name was deleted from a nonpolitical magazine article scheduled for publica-

Nobody seemed able to pinpoint the source of the death rumors. While Western broadcasts beamed to the Soviet Union may have helped spread the word of the leader's illness, there is a general agreement that the rumors of his death originated in the Soviet Un-

Republicans Win Test on Tax Program

U.S. Senate Rejects

By Helen Dewar Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - The Senate has rejected an assault by Democrats on President Reagan's plan for a third year of individual income tax cuts as the Republican majority was at the same time beating back other efforts to restore funds for social welfare programs in oext year's budget. In the first test of Mr. Reagan's

tax program this year in Congress, the Senate Thursday voted, 68-32, against a proposal by Sen. Ernest F. Hollings of South Carolina, ranking Democrat on the Senate Budget Committee, to repeal the 1983 tax cut in additioo to \$107.2 billioo in tax increases that the Senate Budget Committee has proposed for the oext three years.

On Mr. Hollings' proposal, 17 Democrats joined all but five Republicans in voting against what would amount to a tax increase of more than \$180 billion by 1985. The Senate then voted, 63-35, against a bid by Minority Leader Robert C. Byrd, Democrat of West

three-year period.

Describing the \$107.2-billion tax increase as a blank check for any kind of levies Congress might want to impose. Sen. Byrd argued that the 1983 tax cut should be deferred "until the current budget crisis has passed and interest rates have dropped to affordable levels" or posed to expand substantially the kinds of business information to be protected from release to the dropped to affordable levels" or have been replaced with a "fiscally prudent tax cut which distributes nefits fairly to all working and

The assault on the tax cut came after Democrats failed to restore money that the committee had proposed to cut from education, health, environmental and other programs. Also defeated was a proposal to ent foreign aid. The new version would permit the creation of a moratorium of up

The closest vote was on a proposal by Scn. Gary Hart, Demo-crat of Colorado, to restore \$931 billion over the next three years for programs for educationally disadvantaged children.
In the first test on the issue, Sen.

Hart lost by three votes, with seven Republicans supporting his effort. He came closer on a reconsidera-tion vote, losing by two only after Republican leaders succeeded in some arm-twisting on the floor.

Scn. Hart's proposal would have kept funding for the programs at their current levels. In the debate, he said only 45 percent of children eligible for the educational assistance were receiving it before last year's cuts of \$400 million were

Additional \$76.3 Billion

Sen. Hollings' tax proposal would have added \$76.3 billion to the \$107.2 billion in tax increases by 1985 that the Budget Committee had proposed. Republicans said they fear this would be too much for an economy struggling

out of a recession.
"I just don't believe the economy can stand that much," said Senate Budget Committee Chair-man Pete V. Domenici, Republican of New Mexico. However, Sen.
Hollings contended that, if it were
adopted, "the message would go
out to the markets and everyone
else, including [Chairman] Paul
Voicker of the Federal Reserve, that the Congress has finally become serious about the problem' of reducing deficits, thereby easing pressure for high interest rates.

Meanwhile, the House braced for opening of debate Friday on several budget alternatives, with everyone hedging bets and Mr. Reagan taking a low-key, backstage role, at least for now.

Three main alternatives include

a Democrat-drafted plan recommended by the House Budget Committee, one prepared by House Minority Leader Robert H. Michel, Republican of Illinois, in consultation with some GOP moderates and Democratic conservatives, and another bipartisan plan advanced by moderates of both parties.

DEATH NOTICE

HENRY FLETCHER Graduated Harvard 1950, writer of Mea and Women and of Vignetter, died in Paris at the age of 53 of a heart attack while



Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr., left, shook hands with Moroccan Foreign Minister Mohammed Boucetta as King Hassan watched after the signing of a cultural accord in Washington.

Morocco Appears to Play Down Virginia, to put the Senate on record as favoring deferral of next year's tax cut as part of the \$107.2 billion in tax increases over the Any Accord With U.S. on Bases

By Barbara Crossette New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — The Moroccan foreign minister has appeared to minimize the meaning and extent of an eventual agreement with Washington that would allow U.S. military facilities.

Administration officials said on Wednesday that they had hoped to conclude an agreement on the use of a base or bases before the end of a visit by Morocco's King Hassan II. On Thursday, however, the State Department said that only a cultural agreement would be signed before the king left Wash-

While declining to link permission to use the Moroccan bases to promises of U.S. military aid, Foreign Minister Mohammed Boucetta said Thursday that the accord would fall "within the scope of giv-ing Morocco weapons to defend itself" and that any Americans in Morocco would be there to help the Moroccans. The United States has sought transit rights in Moroc-co for use in potential Middle East

Mr. Boucetta said that Morocco was the victim of aggression by forces using very sophisticated Soviet-bloc weapons, a reference to the Polisario movement fighting

the Moroccan Army for control of the Western Sahara. He said that the Moroccans were in the United States primarily to talk about arms aid and to establish cultural agreements.

two countries were in the hands of a joint commission established in February when Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. was in Mr. Boucetta sought to dismiss

the Polisario Front as no more than "a faction armed by Libya and sheltered by Algeria." He said that Morocco refused to negotiate with the independence movement because it did oot exist. He said, "What is the Polisario? No more The Polisario fighters are

Saharans challenging Morocco's claim to rule the Western Sahara, an area given up by Spain in 1976. Some members of the U.S. Congress have begun to express con-cern that the United States could be dragged into involvement in the dispute as it did in guerrilla wars Central America. The House Foreign Affairs Committee has tried to block the use of U.S. military personnel, including trainers, in any activity involving the

cautious comments oo the base agreement, Morocco's sensitivity toward its partners in the Arab League. Morocco has rejected the Camp David accords between Isra-He added that discussions about el and Egypt and cannot risk ap-politary cooperation between the pearing to the Arabs as too close to the United States. The foreign minister said, how-

Mr. Boucetta reflected, in his

ever, that Morocco had congratulated Egypt on the return of the Sinai by Israel last month and added that he would be making a visit to Cairo soon.

Bases in Spain

MADRID (Reuters) - Talks on renewing the agreement under which the United States uses military bases in Spain are continuing and a new accord is expected to be signed early oext week, a Spanish Foreign Ministry spokesman said Friday.

While the agreement technically was to expire Friday night, he added, the two sides had reached 90-

percent agreement on a new one, and its signing was being delayed by details. Under the pact the United States has maintained two air bases and a naval base in exchange for substantial military and economic aid to Spain.

Reagan Praises Black University

By Paul Taylor and Sandra R. Gregg Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — President Reagan, bearing effusive praise and some surprise federal largess, ventured a few miles uptown from the White House to proclaim the virtues of his economic program at a fund-raising reception at How-ard University, a predominantly

black college.

Mr. Reagan was greeted warmly on Thursday evening by 350 university benefactors who attended the \$1,000-a-person event. But on the outskirts of the main campus quadrangle, which had been sealed off by the Secret Service to all but those attending the reception, another 250 faculty and staff members and students chanted pro-

At the reception, Mr. Reagan spoke glowingly of the role that Howard and other predominantly black colleges had played in "offering hope ... at a time when education opportunites [for blacks] were denied elsewhere."

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"ever-shrinking pie" of economic abundance. His economic pro-gram, he said, would bring a bigger pie and therefore bigger slices for Shortly after he finished his anti-big-government argument, the president shifted gears and engaged in the old-time religion of political grantsmanship. He announced that the Urban Mass

how well-intentioned, produce an

ed \$800,000 in research grants to predominantly black colleges, with two of the 10 grants going to How-Alan Hermesch, director of the university's information office, said afterward that the announcement had come as a surprise.

Transit Authority had just award-

Mr. Reagan also surprised Mr. Hermesch with an anecdote he told about the first time he became familiar with Howard. He said that, during the campus unrest of the late 1960s, he read a survey of



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He said that the last 15 years student attitudes that showed one had demonstrated that govern-ment-inspired programs of eco-oomie redistribution, no matter campus after another filled with disillusionment and despair. Bot at Howard, he recalled, the "overwhelming majority of students ex-pressed pride in our country," a finding that brought "great joy to a lot of us on the shady side of the

generation gap."

Mr. Hermesch said that he was
not familiar with the survey. A White House press spokesman said on Thursday night that he also was not familiar with it, adding that the president had inserted those remarks in his prepared text on his



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Jakarta Rebuffs Envoy, Draws U.S. Displeasure

By Bernard Gwertzman New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. has expressed regret that Indonesia has refused to accept one of the Foreign Service's top Asian experts as the next ambassador to that coun-

A statement read Thursday by Dean Fischer, the State Depart-ment spokesman, was meant both as a rebuke to the Indonesians for the unusual action in turning down President Reagan's nominee and as a sign to the Foreign Service that Mr. Haig was oot indifferent to the fate of the nominee, Morton I. Abramowitz, whose latest post was ambassador to Thailand.

"Mort Abramowitz is a truly outstanding foreign service officer who has served with distinction in a variety of responsible and chal-lenging positions," Mr. Haig's statement said. "There has never been any question in the presi-dent's mind or my own that he was an excellent choice for the post in Jakarta, and we expressed to the government of Indonesia our full confidence in him."

Mr. Fischer was unable to say wby Mr. Abramowitz was unacceptable to the Indonesians. He said Jakarta gave no official explanation for the decision - one that is rarely taken by governments be-cause it is considered insulting to refuse the nomince of a friendly government.

Friends of Mr. Abramowitz attributed his problems in large part to an anonymous "point paper" memorandum dated Oct. 1, 1981, that apparently circulated within the Reagan administration.

The document, which was stamped "Confidential," was given Anderson in February, and he gave a copy of it to The New York Times on Thursday. It alleges, among other things, that Mr. Abramowitz's political philoso-phy is akin' to Democratic Party politicians such as George politicians such as George S.

McGovern, Edmund S. Muskie and Walter F. Mondale and that he was "the architect for U.S. troop withdrawal from Korea in 1977."

Mr. Abramowitz's frieods disagreed with both of those statedisagreed with both of those state-ments, saying he had in fact ar-gued strongly against President Jimmy Carter's decision, later res-cinded, to pull back the troops. In December, Indonesian offi-cials told persons at the U.S. Em-bassy in Jakana that President

bassy in Jakarta that President Suharto had received a copy of an anti-Abramowitz memorandum and was opposed to his becoming ambassador, a department official said. Because of such negative responses from Indonesia, the State Department had besitated to ask for formal acceptance of Mr.

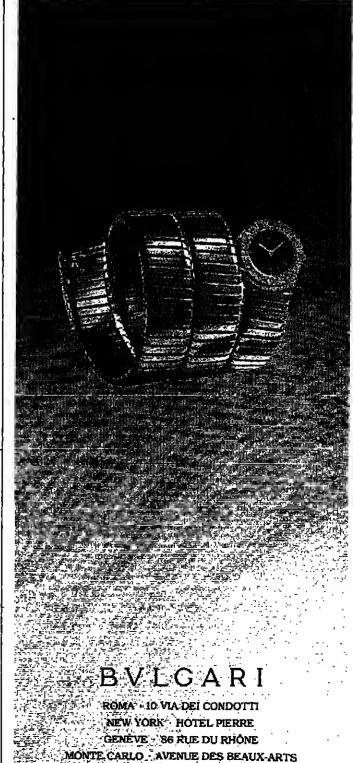
But recently the department went ahead and asked for acceptance. The Indonesians then responded this month that they would neither accept nor reject Mr. Abramowitz, which a department official said was "an Indone-

Other theories advanced by friends of Mr. Abramowitz at the State Department were that some Thai officials told the Indonesians that Mr. Abramowitz was a "tough" envoy and that they should beware. Others said it was possible the Indonesians, most of whom are Moslem, decided not to irritate Islamic fundamentalists by accepting Mr. Abramowitz, who is

a Jew.
Mr. Abramowitz, in a telephone conversation Thursday, refused to comment on his case, except to say there was oo evidence to suggest he was turned down for religious

Mugabe in Rome for Talks

ROME - Zimbabwe Prime Minister Robert Mugabe arrived Thursday night at the head of a senior government delegation.



PARIS HOTEL PLAZA-ATHENEE

6 20

Herald Tribune

EEC Falkland Fallout

While the crisis in the Falklands seems to be moving toward a climax, Britain's relations with its friends and allies in Europe get steadily worse. Earlier this week, after much debate, the European Economic Community grudgingly extended for one week its economic sanctions against Argentina. In both the reluctance and the brevity of the extension it was a remarkably unhelpful gesture.

If the gesture was intended to dissuade the British from further action, it will doubtless prove to have been a failure as well. It can only have been read in London as one more reason to get the affair settled fast.

After the split vote on sanctions, EEC ministers then proceeded to take up the annual row over agricultural subsidies. It has been running more or less continually since Britain joined Europe nine years ago, and if it involved money alone it might perhaps be soluble. But it acts as a magnet, drawing to it all the political suspicions and resentments that surround British membership.

The British tradition was low food prices and no farm price supports. The Continental tradition was the opposite. Britain understood, when it came into the EEC, that its food would cost more. But no one foresaw or could have foreseen the huge contributions of cash that the arcane EEC formulas would

extract from Britain. The effect is, absurdly, that British consumers with their low incomes are heavily subsidizing the agriculture of Northern Europe with its high incomes.

To force a better settlement this spring. Britain had been blocking the farm price increases that the rest of the EEC wanted. There was an unwritten rule that no country was ever overridden on a matter of national interest, but on Tuesday the others overrode Britain on the farm prices.

The British were incensed. The French contributed their annual statement to the effect that they are fed up with the British suggesting once again that the advent of a Socialist government in Paris has made fewer changes than you might think. The upshot is a great surge of ill feeling, far more than the farm quarrel normally generates. This time the votes seem clearly to imply a lack of support for the Falklands venture and perhaps even an inclination to take advantage of Britain's distraction.

As wars go, the battle for the Falklands is a small one. But it has already had startling consequences. For one thing, it may have transformed naval warfare. For another, it now seems to threaten real damage to the political base on which the EEC stands.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Not a big deal, you might think. But it is, when you recall the situation a generation ago, after the assassination of the tyrant, Rafael Trujillo. Before he seized power in 1930, Santo Domingo had had 123 rulers; all sacrifice, comes to nothing. The Dominicans

They have come a long way in the last 20 years. They have nourished a democratic culture despite poverty, plunging sugar prices and a brief, unwarranted U.S. military intervention in 1965. A threatened coup four years ago, when leftish Antonio Guzmán was chosen president, was helpfully discouraged by the Carter administration. There was not

The election of Salvador Jorge Blanco brings no guarantee of prosperity. But it does give hope for social and economic justice. And with every orderly election, 4 million Dominicans confound those who judged them too poor or illiterate to sustain free government. Not as promising a place for Latin democracy, one used to hear, as rich, literate and Europeanized Argentina.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Principles, Indeed, but Strength Is Not Rigidity

By Flora Lewis

PARIS — Stone breaks scissors, scissors cut paper, but paper wraps stone goes the old chil-dren's game. Strength is not just hardness or sharpness, but a sense of what is appropriate. Britain's Margaret Thatcher, living up to her "Iron Lady" image, seems to have lost sight of larger goals in the immediate crises facing her.

It is fortuitous, but was not really unforesecable, that the Falklands conflict and European Community economic issues should come to a head at the same time. The situation is full of ironies.

Last month, for the first time, the EEC reacted as a live political entity, with spontaneous, full and costly support for Britain against Argentina. Now it is more severely divided, on an economie issue, than at any time since France's President Charles de Gaulle sulked his way to an apparently permanent right of veto with his "empty

The Continentals did not link sanctions against Argentina with British willingness to compromise

chair decision in 1965.

they obviously hoped a sacrifice for sobdarity would encourage a reciprocal move. Ireland, and Italy with domestic tensions that could have toppled the government. found sanctions on Argentina so painful they did not even agree to renew them for a mere seven days to give negotiations at the United

Nations another chance. With all this, Community ministers had to fix this year's agricul-tural prices, already late for their

on the EEC budget last month, but angry farmers. Britain refused to endorse the agreed level unless the others accepted Mrs. Thatcher's principle of full return of its contribution to the budget, rejecting a compromise offer that others con-

sidered fair or generous. Since 1966, when the then six-member Community set aside the treaty provision replacing unanimity with weighted voting to appease de Gaulle and end its first threatened spbi, the custom has been to accept one-nation veto rights. But Britain, succeeding France as the most prickly mem-

ber, provoked a revulsion.

By vote, with Britain against and Denmark and Greece abstaining to show their preference for the veto system but acceptance of the decision, the Community partners set new prices anyway.

There will probably be reprisals and counter-reprisals, raising the stakes for saving face as they have been raised in the Falklands dispute. Yet it is obvious in both cases that sooner or later there will have to be an accommodation.

Prime Minister Thatcher is com-

mitted to keeping Britain in the European Community, and it cannot pull out now without huge
damage to its own interests. In the
Falklands, even if her military
forces completely overwhelm the
Argentines, which is unlikely, time
is against the British. They cannot
defend the islands indefinitely, and will still have in look for a negotiated settlement.
The short-term temptation to

win national plaudits for being unyielding remains keen in this world where polincians only have to worry about domestic ratings. Already France's President François Mitterrand has let it be known that he can be "as inflexi-

ble" as Mrs. Thatcher.
. But he is using words in cloak a

new French appreciation of how far interdependence has gone and how necessary it is to understand that economic, political and security problems must all be fit together

the common interests of the West. It is a thesis he will be advancing in summit meetings with President Reagan next month. The French claim they did not retreat from de Gaulle's stand against supranationalism, because

the voting was not on principle but

on prices. Still, it is an important precedent and they know it. In the same way, Paris quietly broke with another Gaullist habit by arranging the NATO foreign ministers' spring meeting in Paris next year, for the first time since de Gaulle expelled the Alliance. The astonishing symbolism is offi-cially brushed aside with the dis-ingenuous explanation that after so long it is France's turn to be host, Besides, a French spokesman said, foreign ministers will come; the defense ministers' meeting, which France still refuses to attend

in show its military independence, will have to be elsewhere. Together, the Community vote (favorable for France but still a price compromise) and the NATO gesture signal a willingness in Paris in accept the need for partners to accommodate each other. Together, Mrs. Thatcher's "iron" in the Falklands and in the Common Market signal troubles stirred by a contest of sheer will.

Principles matter, especially the historically recent principle against seizure of territory by force in a fragmented, over-armed world. Argentina must recognize that its claim cannot be validated that way. But it is also important to re-alize that standing on one's own chosen principle is a shaky national platform, and room has to be made for others to avoid disasters for all. Rigidity isn't victory.

Dominican Good News

They elected a president in the Dominican Republic the other day and the first thing he did was to ask the two main losers to belp arrange a smooth transition. All the actors in this constitutional drama are civilians, and both of the losers are former presidents.

but four post-colonial leaders were military men. No president ever stepped down voluntarily. As President Kennedy's envoy, John Bartlow Martin, found in 1962: "The history of the republic is really non-history. It shows no development of social or political institutions. It shows no growth of a nation. We ourselves seldom realize how much we owe our past. Dominican history, unfortunately, despite all the bravery and bloodshed and

have ended where they began."

even a threat this time.

Falkland Ripples, Already Choppy, Can Turn Into Waves By Charles William Maynes

WASHINGTON — Thursday's decision by Prime Minister Thatcher to abandon diplomacy and to unleash her fleet in an attempt to dislodge Argentina from the Falkland Islands by force pushed the sixweek-old crisis into a perilous new phase.

Her decision, along with the collapse of the UN mediation effort, leaves the United States virtually alone in the critical task of doing what it can to end the war soon.
In addition to the now obvious opportuni-

ties that the crisis is creating for the Soviet Union and the damage that it is causing to the United States' relations with Latin America, the Falklands war has already had

the following unexpected effects:

• Economically, it has resulted in a decision by Venezuela to withdraw from London banks its dollar deposits, now estimated as high as \$3 billion. It has caused the develop-ing countries to seek amendments to the neral Agreement on Tariffs and Trade that would limit the ability of industrialized countries to impose economic boycotts. It has led Lloyd's of London to cancel ship-

Mr. Seaga, "to look at the Caribbean in

Yet only a year and a half ago - when

Seaga was locked in bitter combat at the

polls with Michael Manley, political vio-

lence was endemic, the economy was in its eighth year of negative growth and the left

in Manley's party seemed to be in close alliance with Cuba — Jimmy Carter's Washington became convinced that the

presence in the Caribbean.

muting Washington's military talk.

terms of increasing the military posture."

ping insurance fur vessels going to Argenti-na; this in turn has led the Soviet Union to postpone grain contracts with Argentina and

issue menacing protests to London.

• Diplomatically, it has set back peace prospects in Northern Ireland. (Britain will not soon forget that after the sinking of the Argentine cruiser General Belgrano, the government of the Irish Republic decided that Britain had become the "aggressor.") It has poisoned the United Kingdom's relationship with the other EEC countries.

· Militarily, it has emboldened developing countries all over the world to move up the technological scale in their arms purchases; after all, a single Argentine pilot armed with a French missile scored his country's first major victory in the conflict. And it has raised the gravest doubts about the continuing ability of NATO countries to cooperate with one another in vital areas that are formally outside the NATO frame-

Last week the commander of the Argen-tine Air Force stated; "The first thing we have to do is perfectly locate [the British ships] and have them within range of all of the arms systems we have. As soon as this happens, we will launch a massive attack." When the British troop ships approach the theater of operations, the potential for disaster of even greater magnitudes increases.

If an Argentine submarine or aircraft were to sink a British troop ship, sending perhaps thousands to a watery grave, Britain would almost certainly abandon the effort to recapture the Falklands, and Mrs. Thatcher's government would fall. But the affair would not end with British bumiliation. Major implications would soon emerge for British diplomacy and U.S.-British relations.

The United States has no enduring stake

the political survival of Mrs. Thatcher, but it does have an abiding interest in making certain she is not replaced in circumnces that weaken the British commit-

ment to NATO and the Alliance. A British ment to NATO and the Alliance. A British humiliation at the hands of a quasi-fascist regime courted by the Reagan administration in its early days would release a wave of anti-Americanism in Britain, where denunciations of U.S. policy-makers thought to be sympathetic to Argentina are already intense. In such an atmosphere, the United States, which already finds its policies in NATO under attack throughout Western Europe, might suddenly encounter opposi-Europe, might suddenly encounter opposition from a new and unexpected source— its English-speaking consin.

The United States now has two overriding

objectives. It must ensure that in future fighting Britain will not be humiliated. It must at the same time persuade the British to be magnanimous once victory is theirs. In an age of smart bombs, wars are no longer very joily — not even small wars, and not even for the spectators.

The writer is the editor of Foreign Policy nagazine. He contributed this comment to the Los Angeles Times.

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LETTERS

Islam and Freedom

Lionel Bloch's inability (Leners, May 7) to understand bow Islam can be said to offer "free expression in a world of oppression shows how much be and others need to read Thomas Lippman's book. Bloch seeks in refute the ples of repressive Muslim governments. But they, of course, constitute the "world of oppression" in which so many Muslims have to live. Islam may be used to justify oppression, but it also provides the victims, very often, with the only vocabulary and ideology through which they can articulate their misery, their anger and their aspiration to a better life.

EDWARD MORTIMER.

Assessing the UN

The article "3 Ex-Secretaries of State Urge U.S. to Reassess UN Policy (IHT, March 17) noted that the chairman of the ad hoc American group, "who belped frame" its report, was Morris B. Abram, honorary president of the American Jewish Committee.

The report attempted to identify the "ills" of the United Nations, and recommended that the United States be prepared to act outside the UN framework. The "ills" enumerated by the report were "Iraq's invasion of Iran" (as a case to demonstrate supposedly the incompetence of the Security Council), the "strange failure of the United Nations to endorse the Camp David agreements," and the "injection of extraneous issues, notably attacks on Israel." The report recommended that the United States should reach a

"gentleman's agreement" with black African nations to help fight racism and apartheid if they will oppose efforts to include "the irrelevant subject of Zionism. It is indeed unfortunate that the findings of the report are so

and Zionism. We make the following observations: The report seems to find the problem of the United Nations to be the way states vote in the General Assembly (for instance, on resolutions which equated Zionrefusal of certain states or entities such as Israel in comply with the terms of resolutions adopted by the General Assembly.

 The report says nothing about the real problem of the Umited Nations, namely, the inability of the organization to deter aggression such as Israel's annexation of Arab territory, which violates not only the basic and fundamental provisions of the Charter but also customary rules of international law.

Reference to Iraq's supposed "invasion" of Iran is a red herring. It is clear that it was Iran and not Iraq which started the war, and it was Iran which still refused all efforts to mediate. The suggestion that

United States support black African nations at special conferences in South Africa if they bar the subject of Zionism reveals not only the Machiavellian content of the report but also the degree to which the authors have misunderstood the genuine animosity of African and Asian countries in the racist creed of Zionism.

• The problem of America's diplomacy is that it has come to be a prisoner and satellite to Zionist and Israel interests. The solution cannot be for the United States "to act alone" outside the scope of the United Nations, but rather to free itself from the fetters of Zionist pressure groups and to act in harmony with America's national interes Dr. M. El-MASCHAT,

Ambassador of Iraq.

Atlantic Ink Spot

The Falkland Islands are nothing more than one big Rorschach test. Everyone looking at the image interprets it differently. DEBORAH HOCHGESANG. Hamburg.

The entire Falkland Islands crisis is deadly depressing not only because of current dangers but also because it is so historically repetitious - of political blunder, of nationalism unleashed of leaders diverted from their people's aspirations, of mediocrity and evil seeking reward. It is also depressing because:

 It was so inevitable. Argentiism with racism and condemned na's continuous government by Camp David), and not rather the military, and the reduction of

Britain's imperial role and corresponding military resources, meant, in retrospect, that it was only a matter of time and circumstances giving enough daring to the Argentine incumbents.

 A great Western country
risks defeat and bumiliation by forces beyond her control: disrain, and allies who prefer ap-peasement to real peace and the upholding of international law.

 The South American psyche is blind. The articles by Dorrit Harazim and Juan Ferreira (IHT, May 12), supposedly persons of intellectual influence, could offer no better ideas than that the "Malvinas," being closest to Argentina, though still some 400 miles away, belong to Argentina. (If proximity creates ownership, how come Trinidad isn't part of Venezuela? Or Sri Lanka part of India? Or England part of France?) Not a word here on what is right or wrong, or how invasion is justified, or what the Falklanders want, nr why UN Resolution 502 is unacceptable. JJ. EDSTROM.

Camberley, England.

About Guatemala

Regarding "After Guatemaia's Comp" (IHT, May 11): Having acknowledged that the less than two-month-old government has pledged respect for burnan rights, civil liberties and press freedom, and that evident elation reigned in Gualemala City, Michael Massing says that "military violence in the countryside is deeply entrenched."
In due fairness to the incipient

government of Gen. Efrain Rics Muntt and to his repeated assurances of conciliatory and constructive reforms, it should have been stressed that, if subversive activities have ceased in the capiial, action of guerrilla groups still active in the rest of the country continues to require army intervention, and that, in order to be able to "reduce" the "deep social and economie tensions," "vision and will" alone would be hopeless unless calm and peace prevails all over the country and the government is given a reasonable period of time, not just a few weeks. M. FERNANDO SESENNA.

Embasssy of Guatemala, Paris.

In Jamaica, Seaga's Main Enemy Is the U.S. Recession

By Jonathan Power

KINGSTON, Jamaica — Despite the predictions by the Jamaican left of new U.S. bases and renewed military aid, there is little evidence that the Reagan adterms of posing an imminent military threat," Seaga says, "because at the ballot box we rejected the Cuban system." He ministration is trying to militarize the Caribbean. Two conservative leaders, Jamaican Prime Minister Edward Seaga and goes on to argue that the string of recent elections in the Caribbean, all of which President Reagan, seem to be of a mind have led to the defeat of parties with a Cuban orientation, were heavily influ-enced by the Jamaican experience. that the most effective way to combat political unrest and Cuban penetration in the Caribbean is by economic and social im-provement, "We have never found any in-clination on the part of Washington," says

Seaga has bought time for Jamaica and the rest of the English-speaking Caribbean. However, to sustain his position in Washington and at bome he has to prove that he can deal with a large backlog of social and poblical problems, reduce Jamaica's propensity for political violence and maneuver the political balance of his electorate so that the extreme left remains as isolated as it is today. This is a tall order at a time when the country is saddled with debts, export markets in a world in recession are hard to come by and the un-

United States must upgrade its military employment rate is around 26 percent. Seaga, first by his election triumph (shortly before Reagan's) and second by At first sight it looks as if Seaga is succeeding. In the budget debate this month he was able to report that Jamsica his political courage, his energy and his carefully cultivated friendship with the in-ner Reagan circle, bas been influential in had achieved a 2-percent annual growth rate after eight years of decline. Tourism has rebounded after a bad previous year,

"We have been able to contain Cuba in inflation has come down from 28 percent to 4.7 percent, capital formation was 38 percent last year as against 3.6 percent the previous year, and the country is running a surplus in foreign exchange.

Moreover, Jamaica has rewon the confi-dence of the International Monetary Fund, and it has become the fourth-largest recipient of U.S. assistance per capita after Israel, Egypt and El Salvador.
Yet all is not as good as it looks. An

official "Economic and Social Survey published in Kingston last week records that the value of imports increased by 26 percent in 1981 while exports rose by only 2 percent. Foreign investors, marshaled by David Rockefeller, although showing great interest, have yet to put their money in. Why should they invest in Jamaica when capacity in the United States is so under-utilized and Jamaica still, despite

Seaga, has too much red tape to cut? The bauxite mining industry is in its worst recession in Jamaican history, and sugar and banana exports are down. Even the tourist industry is not in as golden a state as Seaga would have it. The Jamaica Daily Gleaner reports that a large number of current tourists are on discount package

trips, spending far less than they used to. Privately, U.S. diplomatic sources acknowledge that the economic situation is precarious. Despite Seaga's attempts to decontrol the economy, woo private initia-tive and prune the layers of bureaucracy and state control, it may well be that next year will see a return to negative growth.

It is difficult to fault Scaga's manage-

ment. With the best will in the world, as long as the U.S. economy is in the doldrums tiny Jamaica will have an uphill struggle to survive. No doubt Reagan will continue to try to help — pushing his Car-ibbean Basin initiative with its tariff cuts through Congress, buying Jamaican bauxite for the strategic metals reserve and so on. Yet none of this is enough.

The irony is that Reagan, whom Seaga helped convince that gans are not the best answer for the Caribbean's woes, is, with his defense-first, budget-deficit economic management, undermining with his right hand at home what he is doing with his left hand in the Caribbean. Economic and social development can stop the Carib-bean from becoming like Central America, but time seems to be running out. Scaga needs an upturn in the U.S. economy

more than any other single thing. ©1982. International Herald Tribune.

American Patience With Recession May Be Wearing Thin

WASHINGTON - At a din-By David S. Broder W ner in Seattle a couple of weeks ago, a bank official re-marked that two major customers forbearance in persons who are

had been discussing the area's eco-nomic slump, which pushed unem-ployment in Washington state to 12.8 percent last month. The customers, she said, "were embarrassvery good year." Her comments triggered a series of similar reports from those at the table. Yachts were selling briskly, one man remarked. Another told of an investment counselor who had just signed off on plans for a \$1.5-million house — without a mortgage. Last week, on another trip, I found myself in conversation with

a real estate broker from Greenwich, Conn. "How is business?" I asked. "For houses between \$200,000 and \$700,000," she said, "it's kind of slow. People aren't cutting prices, but they're having to leave their houses on the market longer. For properties over \$700,000, it's terrific."

These are scattered anecdotes, of no significance in themselves. But they provide a counterpoint in a reporter's notebook to the alltoo-frequent tales of layoffs and bankrupicies. And they point to a risk that could make the recession itself seem relatively benign: an explosive increase in antagonism be- in this economy are getting angry tween the haves and the have-nots at those who are prospering.

That is part of the drumbeat of Almost every place I have been this year, in the East, the Midwest

and the West, local officials and

suffering from the economic squeeze. Some polls show that even among those who have lost their jobs there is a persistent hope that, in the long run, current ecoed to say it, but they had had a nomic policies will bring the country to a healthier condition. But in the last few weeks - as I have traveled from California to Connecticut, with many stops in

> beneath the surface. For people like myself, who are lucky enough to have good-paying jobs with companies that are prospering, this really has been an easy year. Inflation is down, and on big items such as cars and household furnishings real bargains are available.

between - there have been more

frequent signs of tension building

Meantime, our taxes are being reduced, and bankers and brokers compete in offering high interest rates for our tax-deductible retirement savings accounts. But there is a sense of unease -

if not guilt - in our conversations, as with the bank customers who felt "embarrassed" to admit they had had such a good year. And increasingly, I sense, those who have been run onto the rocks

derision beard everywhere for the members of Congress who voted themselves a quiet little tax break observers have remarked on the of their own last year. It is part of the first sharp edge of personal hostility toward President Reagan that I have heard since his election

The comments are scattered, but they are there, and they indicate that his long-sustained personal popularity may be wearing thin.

But more important — and more worrisome in its potential is the evidence that this prolonged and severe recession may be twisting the ties of trust and tolerance that hold communities together.

From Dubugue, Iowa, which is one of the hardest-hit cities I have seen this year. The Wall Street Journal earlier this month reported on the stark contrasts: When a supermarket opened with 55 jobs. more than 1,400 people applied. But a local company which developes computer programs for

doctors' clinics had a profit gain of 66 percent in the first quarter There have been more layoffs in my own field, journalism, than at any time in the almost 30 years 1 have worked in it. But The New York Times advertising column reported the other day that advertising revenues are up 41 percent at Town & Country Magazine, which has "repositioned recently as a service magazine for people with money," proving once again, The Times said, the old tag line,

The Wall Street Journal headlined another story, "Games, Other Luxuries Sell Well as Slump Slows Sales of Durables." Bank profits were up 20 percent over the previous year, it said. Another story reported that more

"and the rich get richer."

than 600,000 workers are within 13 weeks of losing their unemploy-ment benefits unless Congress votes an emergency extension.

Meantime, another tax cut approaches on July 1. According to

the Joint Committee on Taxation, the 31.7 million tax-filers making \$15,000 a year or less will divide \$2.9 billion in savings; the 162,000 making over \$200,000 will split \$3.6 billion. The favoritism to the rich inherent in these flat-rate tax cuts was justified on the grounds that they would stimulate the

economy and produce jobs. But since the program was put mto place, economie differences and social tensions in America have increased - and so has unemployment. That is more than an economic calamity; it is a recipe for social disaster.

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1907: Intellectuals and Bombs

PARIS - The colony of Russian "intellectuals," among whom the fabrication of bombs for export to Russia is carried on, is several thousand

strong. They are mostly young men between 18 and 22 years of age, and are assiduous students. At their meetings, speeches of the most fiery character against the czar and the Russian government are delivered. They are attended by disguised detectives and agents of the Russian embassy. However, it is difficult to ascertain the identity of the speakers, who frequently change their names. An official at the Prefecture said: "We are obliged to look on while infernal machines, destined for abominable outrages in Russia, are being fabricated."

1932: Earhart Crosses Atlantic

LONDONDERRY, Northern Ireland - Amelia Earbart landed her blue-and-gold monoplane in a meadow five miles from here, 15 hours and 38 minutes after she had left Harbour Grace, Newfoundland, for Europe. She won thus a triple distinction: She is the first woman to have flown the Atlantic alone, she is the first person to bave spanned that body of water twice in an airplane, and she has made the fastest crossing on record. Fuel shortage caused by a leaky pipe connection led Miss Earhart to alight as soon as sbe came to land, instead of continuing ber flight to Paris. "I knew I'd do it," Miss Earhart (Mrs. George Palmer Putnam) exclaimed, "but I sure

am sorry I couldn't reach Paris."

May 22: From Our Pages of 75 and 50 Years Ago

The Left Bank: Every Man for Himself

THE LEFT BANK: Writers, Artists and issers sping the Mill Politice From The Popular Front to the Gaulle expelled to Cold War.

astonishing system By Herbert R. Lottman. 319pp. \$15.95.

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ARIS — Paris has two left banks, real and metaphorical, lower and uppercase. Lowercase left bank consists of six wards, or arrondissements, inhabitand metaphorical, lower and uppershow its military and metaphorical, lower and uppershow its military and case. Lowercase left bank consists of
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Ehrenburg, Robert Brasillach, Arthur Koestler. They do not have to be convivial, dead or at the hands of 15 Sometimes a name bobs up to no particular the hands of 15 Sometimes a name bobs up to no particular the hands of 15 Sometimes a name bobs up to no particular the hands of 15 Sometimes a name bobs up to no particular the hands of 15 Sometimes a name bobs up to no particular the hands of 15 Sometimes a name bobs up to no particular that André Gide met the Radit'y days would rive ical Socialist leader Edouard Daladier. Well, anism in Britain the what happened? Did Daladier say anything S. policy-maker he worth repeating? And can Gide possibly have ical Argentina in a listened?

ch an atmosphere the There cannot be many readers who have not h dready ind mg made the trip before, or who have never taken ier attack thouse a look at the monuments. The only point in in its suddent case; undertaking a survey again would be if there new and menang were anything unexpected to be found; the continuous were anything unexpected to be found; the continuous were anything unexpected to be found; peaking cousin Left Bank intelligentsia and its shenanigans and States now have and ambiguities have been as thoroughly it must usen the scrubbed out as the Bloomsbury group or Bertham unit. will got to he lim in the 1920s. However, Lottman, author of same time penuls; the only full biography of Albert Cannus in any entrants occurred language, is a scrupulous and patient cicerone, of smart bushes, singularly unnasty considering some of the poly — no censula people he has to deal with. As a rule he lets the speciment them speak for themselves through their works, journals and correspondence (the incinsion of the critic Paul Léautand's crabbed dia-



ries is particularly welcome) and through a number of interviews with survivors, quoted

When he adds a comment, it has the tone of a whisper. "What did he actually do?" he asks of Sartre during the Occupation. To put the question is to state an opinion, of course. ("Went on with his work" is the answer, but that is not what is meant by "do" in that par-ticular context. The answer, then, has to be "Nothing much.") Of Ernst Jünger, supposed-ly shocked after a conversation with the dementedly anti-Jewish Louis Ferdinand Celine (Celine complained that the Nazis were not getting no of Jews fast enough), he remarks, "Still, one wonders if Jünger really had to cross the Rhine to see such people." Of Malraux, who had assured the Literaturnaya Gazeta that his next novel was to be about Soviet workers in the oil fields, Lottman murmurs, "Perhaps he really thought he would do that."

It is useless to chip away at the Malraux monoment, and Lottman, sensibly, does not try. He merely serves him up, whiling away the war with his stunning mistress at La Souco, the villa in the south of France that Dorothy Bussy had lent him. With the villa came a manservant who cooked delicious meals and wore white gloves to wait on table. (Dorothy Bussy was Lytton Strachey's sister and Gide's translator. As a footnote to "The Left Bank," when she reclaimed her house there was not a bottle in the wine cellar, and some of the art hanging on the walls had disappeared.) In the mean-time, Malraux's Jewish wife and their child were in hiding, short of money and sometimes

of food. When, in 1942, Malraux arranged a meeting with his wife, it was only to ask for a divorce so that he could marry his pregnant over the wall." mistress. A divorce would have left Clara Mairaux without even the token protection of an Aryan husband, and she had to refuse. During their conversation Malraux observed that he

War) and would approach the Resistance only after the Americans had landed. Troubled times promote callous behavior, particularly when it looks as if the trouble will

was sick of lost causes (he meant the Spanish

Lottman has praise and, one feels, genuine affection for Pablo Picasso. Although be ate beartily in black-market restaurants and never turned away an art lover in uniform, Picasso did sign a petition in favor of Max Jacob — aged Jewish poet, artist and Catholic convert — who had been interned at Drancy, the French-run camp near Paris. His co-signers were all big-fish collaborators or those apolitical minnows that always seem to swim along with the Right. Ironically, they had been

Jacob's peacetime cronies. The appeal came to oothing and Jacob died soon after. (Across his identity paper, which was returned to a member of his family, is scrawled "No ration card," in itself a death sentence.) Early this year the composer Henri Sanguet, interviewed by the Paris daily Liberation, recalled how he and a few of Jacob's friends had asked Picasso to intervene directly with the Germans. Picasso, said Sauguet, "frequently received l'Occupant in his studio" and had "powerful connections." "I can still see

the scene. Picasso was eating lunch. He heard us out and replied, 'Max is an angel. He'll fly

What seems incredibly hard of heart, in retrospect, was probably no more than lack of imaginadon. The imagination of creaove genius has nothing to do with putting oneself in another's place. Lottman, quoting Arthur Koestler, describes how a Frenchman would greet a political refugee, embrace him "and leave him shivering in the street"; and, as he points out, a writer such as Hemingway who did not need a free meal was more likely to be asked to dinner than a penniless novelist who had just escaped from Hitler.

Koestler's Frenchman, given the fact that he was ready to embrace an anti-Nazi refugee in public, might well have turned to active resistance when the time came; on the other hand, be might just as easily have retired to a cafe and written a one-act play. It would be inter-esting, though dispiriting, to trace the course that led directly to postwar fame, prosperity and intellectual authority. Which was the best starting gate — a terrace overlooking the Mediterranean, a regular table at the Cafe Flore or a life put at risk?

A chapter titled "Everybody Collaborated" begins; "If one were to tabulate the memoirs of those years, one might conclude that nearly everyone in Paris resisted the Germans during the occupation. But it is also possible to make the case that 'everybody collaborated.' to account later would have emptied publish-

ing houses, theaters, literary reviews, not to speak of cafes and drawing rooms.

"The Left Bank" is particularly illuminating on publishers and publishing. During the Occupation the French published a yearly average of 6,379 titles, a staggering figure when compared with the American partitions average. compared with the American wartime average of 9,452 titles, given the difference in populations, the amount of paper available and the reladve difficuldes of production at that time The year the Germans took over the whole of France, 1943, was a peak season, with close to 8,000 otles on the lists. The French publishers association could issue a statement about its "civilizing mission" while accepting a blacklist of authors and a ban on Jews, even as subject

matter. Calmann-Lévy, a bouse founded in 1836, was placed in the hands of an "Aryan committee." "During their tenure, the French carpetbaggers...sold off everything of value," including letters from Flaubert, both Dumas, Sainte-Berve and George Sand. Louis Aragon, publishing a novel early in the war, "permitted Gaston Gallimard to change his unsympathetic German characters into Dutchmen." are collaborating, and that is a guarantee of survival," said Pierre Drien La Rocbelle, who took over the Nouvelle Revue Française dur-ing the Occupacion and ran it as a Franco-German literary organ.

In the dismally uneven settling up that fol-lowed the war, collaborating publishers, who still had stocks of paper allotted by the Ger-mans, went on as before, while the impoverished underground press, emerging after the Liberation, could not even reprint publications

that had been clandestinely produced during the Occupation.

A writer's future depended oot so much on what he bad written but on that impalpable Paris mixture of gossip and rumor, of likes and dislikes, on swimming too deep or too close to the surface. The writer might be jailed, or exiled, or find that his publisher — as a rule, even more deeply involved with the enemy suddenly had no time for him. Drieu La Rochelle, having lost his "guarantee of survival," shot himself; Robert Brasillach, the writer for the political weekly Je Suis Partout, was shot by a firing squad, thereby wiping out the sins of a good many contemporaries. Some who had survived by applying every form of ambiguity human conduct can devise came out of it as leaders of a new generation. Some changed camps, on tiptoe; others went on smiling and changed salons ("Arrest Cocteau?" a French police official is supposed to have said. "C'est

A new blacklist of authors appeared. Sartre . and de Beauvoir approved. "Vengeance was vain, they felt, but certain people had no place in the new world they were trying to build."
That use of "certain people" should have made the blood run cold, given the history of the year before, but the Left Bank was in favor. Left to right, from one decade to another, an extreme of political whim (the basis, sometimes, of authority) seems to represent no more than an efficient cleaning squad But more than an efficient cleaning squad. But then, they had been calling for oew brooms since the 1930s — Hitler's broom, Stalin's broom. To Charles Maurras, who saw the German victory as "the divine surprise," the broom was to sweep away democracy and the Jews. In a mindless conversation that Lottman cites, a journalist from the revolting Je Suis Partout sees, in the Café Flore, "an incredible assembly of Jews and halfbreeds," and Léon-Paul Fargue confides that be hopes for the defeat of France, for it will mean getting rid of the Jewish playwright Henry Bernstein.

It must have been difficult to decide how thick the line ought to be around the clean new world. Probably one impassable froncer should have been traced against those who had turned someone in, given a name. Marcel Jouhandeau's wife, Elise, once wrote a letter to the Germans, denouncing the editor and publisher Jean Paulhan as a secret resister and friend of the Jews. (Referring to the incident, Lottman mentions only "the wife of a writer," perhaps in a tactful desire to spare ber memory.) The Jouhandeaus are dead and so is Paulhan. The only person living is the German officer who received the letter and bushed the matter up; had be oot done so, Paulhan might have died in a concentration camp and Elise Jouhandeau might have been asked to explain. Perhaps not; sleeping with a German officer seems to have aroused more postwar indigna-tion than betraying a friend. No wonder those

Continued on page 6W

Vercors, Voice of the Resistance

by Mary Blume

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ARIS - The winter of 1942 in occue (er less den égut S' ciplement samt pied Paris was dreadful, with all the deprivations of war, and with its acor the elementary commodations. It was the year that CANDON THE WOOD TO THE "good" had oo moral connotation: It e the layers of burns simply meant that these Germans were cultivated and spoke correct French). It was also HERE IS DESIRED the year that the Jews of Paris were carted off hat to fani: Sengi me in thousands while the city remained silent.

worse than that. There was a feeling that there was no future," Jean Bruller says. "The Axis had triumphed."

But a Resistance was organizing and, like a number of Frenchmen

number of Frenchmen, in the spring of 1942
Bruller found in his mailbox a copy of "Le
Silence de la Mer," a book that had been clandestinely published in February. The package supprised Bruller and pleased him as a sign that "Le Silence de la Mer" was circulating. His interest was more than literary: Under the pseudonym Vercors he was the book's author. It was his first book. Forty years later, this slim and urgent book has achieved the frozen dignity of a French

undermite with Carpbell Engel classic. It is widely taken as a statement on the brotherhood of man when in fact it was inmin: ik Comin tended as as a warning against "good" Germans. "Le Silence de la Mer" is a remarkably er is the 13 m poised tale of an idealistic German officer who is billeted with an old man and his niece and who tries to get them to share his hope for an eventual union, or marriage, as he paits it, be-tween Germany and France, only to be met by ing Th their silence. On a trip to Paris the officer un derstands that Germany's intention is not to marry France but to rape her, and he leaves in disillusion for the front, warmed by one whis-

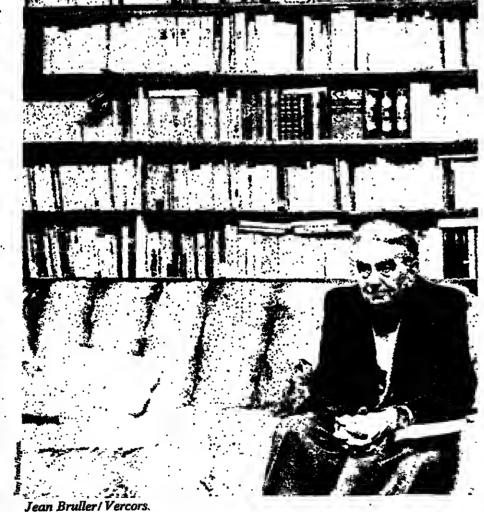
Jean Bruller (he took the name Vercors, used the following year by a famous Resistance group, from the mountainous French region) is a warm and reticent man of striking probitive and secretify. He is a quiet man who probity and serenity. He is a quiet man who knows all the resonances of silence. In 1945 he lectured in Germany on the silence of the Ger-

mans during Hitler's rise. The book, he says, is not autobiographical although, as he writes in "La Bataille du Silence" (1967), he had heard German officers saying their aim was to let France hold up her head the better to beat ber down. "The whole story was invented," he said in his Paris flat, which has lots of paintings and books but not one copy of "Le Silence de la Mer." "The only thing that was not invented was the silence of

the girl because that is my story."
When Bruller was demobbed after the French defeat he found that his house, 50 kilometers outside Paris, had been occupied by a German officer who was, m the adjective still often used, most correct. He had turned back the rugs so they would not be soiled and had taken a bust of Pascal out of a closet and covered it with laurels. He was charming and comolimented Bruller on his taste.

"When I saw him on the street, he saluted me. I found myself ignoring him. The second time, the same thing. After that, it became impossible to greet him even if I had wanted to."
In "Le Silence de la Mer" Bruller/Vercors has the troubled old man say, "I cannot deliberately offend a man without suffering, even if he be my enemy." That, he says, is what hap-pened with his German officer. The offense was not deliberate: It became necessary.

The book was written with a specific aim, to warn French writers of the dangers of showing sympathy to Germans, however "correct." The number of French intellectuals who collabo-



rated was, as Herbert R. Lottman shows in his book "The Left Bank," dismally high. Only publishing houses that collaborated were permitted to remain open and while some writers refused to publish during the Occupation, others could not resist the temptation. There was also the fatuous belief that the German war machine lest room for "good" Germans. "Le Silence de la Mer" was written as a call to intellectuals not to be duped, to resist.

Vercors doubts that his book influenced any collaborators and is still astonished that it found immediate favor with the general public. He had so little faith in its success that upon publication he shipped most copies to the unoccupied zone, believing it was too late for Paris. Of course the book had its detractors: The slimy Russian writer Ilya Ehrenburg denounced it as the work of a provocateur, written by a Nazi to support the Gestapo's insidious propaganda campaign.

Before the war Bruiler/Vercors was an iliustrator whose satirical drawings appeared in newspapers and magazines. During the war be refused to publish and was thought by his friends to be living quietly in the country (the identity of Vercors, Louis Aragon later said, was the best-kept secret of the war). He was an early Resistant and with his friend Jean de Lescure founded the important clandestine publishing house Les Editions de Minuit, which published such authors as Mauriac and Aragon as well as "Le Silence de la Mer."

Le Silence de la Mer" was designed by a

leading typographer — Vercors felt strongly that it should be a handsome, solid-looking book, not a bit of wartime ephemera — and for all the dangerous errands related to its publication and distribution Vercors coolly used the name Drien so that if there were problems the notorious collaboracionist author Pierre Drieu de la Rocbelle would be in trou-

Only 350 copies of the first edition were printed but the book went around the world. Even Life magazine published it — "I think they were more interested by the fuss over the book than by the book itself," Vercors says and it was translated into English by Cyril Connolly under the title (from "Othello") "Put Out the Light."

The translation was so good that a French friend in Algiers who had only the English edition amused himself by putting it back into French, and in many cases the lines were exactly the same as the original," Vercors says. "I don't know wby Connolly called it 'Put Out the Light, although the line is used in the book, when 'The Silence of the Sea' comes from Coleridge."

Vercors had illustrated "The Rime of the Ancient Mariner" and then refused to authorize its publication during the occupation. I don't remember saying "Tiens!" when I came to that line, but perhaps it left an unconscious memory. I thought I got the title from Jules

Continued on page 6W

Mavis Gallant, in Fact and Fiction

by Ann Duncan

ARIS - "It is just Dreyfus and I who live here now," Mavis Gallant says with a laugh as she glances around her Left Bank apartment. Quite simply one of the best short-story writers in the English language today, Gallant has also been working for the last 10 years on a nonfiction study of Alfred Dreyfus, the French army captain who was wrongly accused in 1894 of furnishing military secrets

The book, which she calls the risk of her life, draws on her abilities as a fiction writer, Gallant explains. She has published six collections of short stories, most of which first appeared in The New Yorker, and two

The Dreyfus project also taps her skills as a former professional jour-nalist and her intimate knowledge of the French. Gallant was a successful feature writer for a now-defunct weekly newspaper in her native city of Montreal before she moved to France 32 years ago at the age of 27 to see if she could make a living as a fiction writer.

For the Dreyfus book Gallant launched into the research by phoning every Paris listing in her personal telephone book to ask for leads. "In no time I had a long list of sources because everyone knows somebody who knows somebody who knows something," Gallant says. "A thing like that the French are marvelous at because it interests them and they want to talk to you.'

The technique paid huge dividends. She obtained some of Dreyfus' letters and other personal documents that had never been published.
Gallant also managed to strike up a warm relacionship with members of the Dreyfus family, particularly his daughter, Jeanne Levy, who died last year. "They said they weren't open to every Tom, Dick or Harry,"
Gallant notes about the family. "They have been so misquoted in the

She also spoke with several people who had never before been approached about the Jewish officer's courts-martial, imprisonment and subsequent exoneration. "But I was a reporter, don't forget, and historians quite rightly go to the archives."

The Dreyfus book is now in its third and final rewrite — "I suddenly saw it in a different light" — and she vows that it will be ready for publication this year. "Otherwise my publisher will never speak to me again and that would be the end of a long friendship," she adds with the wry laugh that punctuates her conversacion.

The book will not present any startling new conclusions about the Dreyfus case, she says. "Perhaps the only value this book can have is a woman's point of view — a woman, a novelist — just another look at it differently because I'm more interested in people than issues."

Her other recent nonfiction works are "The Events in May: A Paris Notebook," excerpts from her daily journal about the riots that shook France in May, 1968, and "The Affair of Gabrielle Russier: Things Overlooked Before," a devastating look at how the French courts and society bounded a 30-year-old school teacher until she committed suicide rather than face further legal action for allegedly corrupting a minor, her 16-year-old lover. Gallant also reviews books about France, such as Herbert Lottman's "The Left Bank" - a review reprinted here from The

The themes of injustice, the underdog, women's struggle for equality and the origins and extent of cruelty that a society can inflict on some of its members recur time and again in both Gallant's fiction and nonfic-

From her earliest collection of stories, "The Other Paris" (1956), to her latest, "Home Truths" (1981), the characters that keep cropping up in her writing are expetriates, travelers, rootless people who are out of joint with their native cultures and countries. Her own experiences — she has traveled widely and not lived in Canada since she crossed the Atlantic more than three decades ago - have obviously served her as a writer. But she is hard-pressed to say precisely where she gets her ideas for her

"It seems almost organic: I have never been able to explain it," she says. "But I know that I see visual situations. It's people in a situation ... They come with their names, their voices. They just spring to

After that, she explains, she writes and rewrites numerous drafts of the story until she has achieved her twin goals of "absolute clarity" and "no superfluous fat."

It is a slow process - "Even a book review takes a long time but I don't know any other way of doing it" - and she is a relentless editor. The result is a dense style; the reader can never gallop through one of her stories, which may explain in part why she has never achieved a broadbased appeal but has earned the reputation of being a writer's writer.

"She is terrifyingly good," Margaret Atwood, a Canadian poet and oovelist, once said. "Mavis Gallant's insights into her characters are achieved with breathtaking economy and rightness of detail." "Her sto-



ries are built of the purest sentences I know, and they will endure," agreed another Canadian writer, Clark Blaise.

Over the years, Gallant has been snubbed by her native Canada, whose often catty and parochial literary community has accused her of "selling out" by living in Paris and publishing the bulk of her work in the United States. Since last fall, however, Canada seems to have had a sudden change of heart. She was made an officer of the Order of Canada, the country's second highest honor, is to be writer-in-residence at the University of Toronto in 1983-84 and will have her first play produced by a Toronto theater this fall.

Still it is her fiction that she always comes back to, saying she has enough story ideas to last ber until she is 100. "I have to squash them because I have to finish this or that," she says. "My life will oever be long enough to do everything I want to do, and that's sad."

Ranking the World's Hotels

EW YORK -- In a poll, 100 inter-national bankers rate the Oriental Hotel in Bangkok as the best in the world, with the rest of the top 10 comprising two hotels in Hong Kong, two in Zurich and one each in Tokyo, Singapore, Madrid, New York and Paris.

The bankers listed a total of 40 of their favorite botels around the world for the survey by Institutional Investor magazine. The Oriental was followed by the Okura, Tokyo; Mandarin. Hong Kong: Shangri-La, Singapore; Dolder Grand, Zurich; Ritz, Madrid; Peninsula, Hong Kong: Carlyle, New York; Baur au Lac, Zurich, and Ritz, Paris. In the list of 40, New York and London

CONTRACTOR OF PROPERTY OF A SECTION OF A SEC

were tied with four favorite hotels each, followed by Tokyo and Paris with three each. This is bow the bankers rated the hotels from No. 11 to No. 40:

Vier Jahreszeiten, Hamburg: Claridge's, Lnodon; Plaza Atbéoée, Paris; Vier Jahreszeiten, Munich; Connaught, London; Hassler Villa Medici, Rome; The Manila, Manila; Madison, Washington, D.C.; Berkeley. London; Meurice, Paris; Lotte, Seoul; Imperial, Vienna; Richmond. Geneva: Four Seasons Foronto, and Sacber, Vienna.

Also, Pierre, New York, Ritz-Carlton, Chicago; Imperial. Tokyo: Wentworth. Sydney; Grand, Taipei; Palace, Tokyo; Inn on the Park, London; Camino Real, Mexico City; Park Lane, New York; Ritz-Carltoo Inter-Continental, San Francisco; Des Bergues, Geneva; Mark Hopkins Inter-Continental San Francisco; Regency, New York; Ourn Verdi. Rio de Janeiro, and Principe & Savoia, Milan.

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International datebook

AUSTRIA

VIENNA, Burgtheater (tel: 5324/2656)

— May 24-26: "Das Sparschwein" (Labiche), May 23: "Measure for Measure" (Shakespeare), May 25-27: "Dantons Tod" (Buchner). tons 10d (Bitchner).

Museum Moderner Kunst (tel: 78,25,50) — To July 25: "Paris 1960-1980," exhibition.

Musikverein (tel: 65,81,90) — May

MUSIKVETEM (123: 03.6130) — may 23: Vienna Symphony Orchestra, "Die Heimkehr des Tobias," Carl Melles conductor (Haydn). May 25: Küchl-Quartet, Hans P. Ochsenhofer viola, Walter Schulz cello (Brahms, Tchaikovsky). May 26: Netherlands Chamber Orchestra, Antoni Ros-Marbà conductation and the cello (Warnester Chamber). Orchestra, Antoni Kos-marra contactor, Angelica May cello (Heppener, Haydn, Mozart). May 28: Pittsburgh Symphony Orchestra, André Previn conductor (Previn, Haydn, Mahler, Debussy).

Olssy).

Staatsoper (tel: 5324/2655) — May
23: "Don Carlos" (Mozart). May 24:
"Der Rosenkavalier" (Strauss). May
28: "Il Seraglio" (Mozart). •Theater an der Wien (tel: 57.71.51) — Msy 22-24: "Orlando paladino"

•Volksoper (tel: 5324/2657) — May 24, 28, 29, 31: "Kiss Me Kate" (Cole

BELGIUM

BRUSSELS. National Opera (tel: 218.12.66) — May 22, 25, 27, 30, Junc 1, 4, 6: "Cendrillon" (Jules Massenet). John Nelson conductor.

ENGLAND

LONDON. Barbican Centre (tel: 628.87.95). Art Gallery — To June 20: "Aftermath: France, New Images of Man 1945-54," paintings and sculpture by postwar French artists. Barbican Hall — May 27: London Bach Orchestra (Bach). Barbican Theatre — May 29, 31, June 1 and 2: "All's Well That Ends Well" (Sbakespeare). The Pit — May 22, 24, 25: "A Doll's House" (Ibsen).

•British Library (tel; 636.15.44) — To Jan. 16; "Demons in Persian and Turk-ish Art," exhibition of paintings of demons in manuscripts.

British Museum — To Sept. 19: "Excavating in Egypt," exhibition. To Sept. 5: "From the Village to City in Ancient India."

India,"

Hayward Gallery (tel: 928.57.08) —

To June 13: "In The Image of Man,"
exhibition of Indian art,

Kensington Ethibition Centre (99
Kensington High St.) — May 26-28:
"London Wine Trade Fair '32."

London Collegen (ed. 83 51 51)

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Sharps and Flats

•New Morning (tel: 523.51.41) — May 22: Toots Thielemans. May 23-25: Art Blakey and the Jazz Mes-

sengers. May 26-27: Didier Malberbe. May 28: Larry Coryell. May 29-31: Manu Dibango.

VIENNA. Technical University (tel:

72.42.20) — May 24: Sonny Teny and Brownie McGine. May 28: Art Blakey and the Jazz Messengers.

ON TOUR: Lienel Hampton — In Japan: May 24 in Nigata at the Kennin Kaikan, May 25 in Nagoya at the Shimin Kaikan, May 26 in Himothinia at the Yubincholin Kaikan, May 27 in Kobe at the Kokisai Kaikan, May 28 in Cusika at the Festival Hall: May 29 in Pulnoka at the Sun Palacé and May 31 in Matsuse at the Shimson Kennin Kaikan.

Stakis' Stevens — May 22 in Saar-hruecken at the Saadandhalle. May 23 in Manuheim at the Mozantsaal. May 24 in Stuttgart at the Liederhalle and May 29 in Frank-fur at the Jahrhunderthalle.

Friesk Zapia — May 22 in Duesseldorf at the Philipehalle. May 23 in Kiel at the Ostsochalle. May 25 in Santruccken at the Sastandhalle and May 25 in Offenburg at the Gatenarhalle.

seem of an burg at the Ortenauhelle.

Since and Gartunkel — May 28 in.
Offenbach at the OFC Station.
May 30 in Dommand at the Westtalenstadion and June 1 in Berlin at
the Waldbuchne.

JAZZ, ROCK AND POP BRUSSELS, Forest National -May 24 at 8:30 p.m.: Status Quo. COPENHAGEN, Lotry Nite-Club

and Restaurant — May 22: Delta Rhytim Boys. LOCARNO, The Casino - Ta May 31: Vera Love.

LONDON, Odeon Hammersmith (tel: 748.46.81) — May 22-23: B.B. King, John Lee Hooker and Bobby (Blue) Bland. May 27-29 and 31: Ry Cooder.

•Queen Elizabeth Hall (tel: 928.31.91) — May 23: Duke Elling ton Anniversary Concert featuring Adelande Hall Addition Hall

• Ronnie Scott's (tel: 43917/47) —
May 24-29: Stone Alliance featuring
Don Alias and Gene Perfer.

• Pizza on the Park (tel: 235.55.50)

— May 28-29: Elaine Delmar.

— May 28-29: Elaine Delmar.

MUNICH. Grous Krone-Ban —
May 22 at 8 p.m.: Scorpions.

«Clympishalle — May 23 at 9 p.m.:

Elton John.

PARIS. Casino de Paris (tel:

87426-22) — May 24 at 8:30 p.m.:

John Lee Hookies.

«Cavesn de la Birchefte (tel:

226.65.05) — Through May 25:

Daty Doris Swingtet: May 26-Jone

2: Lou Bermett.

Z Lou Bennett.

o Hotel Mershen (tel: 758.12.30)

Through May 29: Eddie: (Clean-head) Vinson.

o Jazz Festival of Fontainebleau Wizz Festival of Funtametican — Featuring Act Blakey on May 22 at 9 p.m. in the Cour do Chalezo and a fine content by the Golden Gate Quartet on May 23 at 11 am. Masson des Arts, Crètei (tel: 399,9450) — May 25 at 8:30 p.m.: American Living Blocs Festival

M Di Moola — May 22 in Hamburg at the Musikhulke May 23 in Dues-seldorf at the Philipshalle May 24 in Munich at the Deutsches Muse-um May 25 in Berlin at the Philipsmonie and May 27 in Frankfurt at the Alter Opes. r Opes.
— Frank "an Brakle

May 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29: "Swan

 National Portrait Gallery (tel: 930,15.52) — To Aug. 22: "Bill Brandt Portraits," photography exhibition. To June 13: "Artists at Work," exhibition. National Theatre (tel: 928,22.52), Oilvier Theatre — May 22, 24, 25 and 26: "Guys and Dolls" (Loesser).

The Orangery (tel: 633,17.07) — May 23; Hanson String Quartet (Mozart,

Queens," exhibition from the Royal •Royal Academy of Arts (tel; 734.34.71) — To Aug. 15; "Summer Exhibition," exhibition of works by liv-Museum of London (tel: 600.36.99) —
 "London Silver 1680-1780," exhibition.

ing artists.
•Royal Festival Hall (tel: 928.31.91) — May 22: Vladimir Horowitz piano, May 23: Royal Philharmonic Orches-

May 23: Royal Philharmonic Orchestra, Yehudi Menuhin conductor (Schuslert, Elgar, Paganini). May 26: Royal Philharmonic Orchestra, Malcolm Binns plano (Tchalkovsky).

Royal Opera House (tel; 240,12,00) — May 25, 29, June 2: "Tristan und Isolde" (Wagner). May 22: "Eugene Onegin" (Tchalkovsky). May 24, 28, June 1: "Simon Boccanegra" (Verdi). May 27, 31, June 3: "Peleas et Melisnade" (Debussy).

Sadler's Wells Theatre (tel; 837,16,72) Sadler's Wells Royal Ballet — May 26: "Otello" (Verdi).

Serpintine Gallery (tel; 402,60,75) — To May 31: "The Living Arts of In-

Scrpinine Gallery (tel; 402.60.75) —
To May 31: "The Living Arts of India," craftsmen working in the classical and folk traditions.

Tate Gallery (tel: 821.13.13) — To May 23: "Modern Indian Artists." To June 37: "Turner and the Sea." To June 6: "The Print Collection: A Selection."

oTheatre Royal, Drury Lane (tel: \$36.81.08) — May 26: "The Pirates of Penzance" (Gilbert and Sullivan). •Victoria and Albert Museum — To Victoria and Albert Museum — 10
Ang. 15: "The Indian Heritage."
 Westminster Theatre (tel: 834.02.83)
 From May 25: "The Jeweller's Shop" (Pope John Paul II).

AVIGNON, Palais des Papes (tel: 22.21.56) — To May 31: "Art vivant des pays romans," exhibition. NICE, Théâtre de l'Opéra (tel: 85.67.31) — May 22: Nice Philharmon-ic Orchestra, Pierre Dervaux conduc-tor, Jeanne Marie Darré piano (Aubin, Weber, Saint-Saens, Lisza).

PARIS. Bibliothèque Nationale (58 rue

PARIS, Bibliothèque Nationale (58 rue Richelieu, Paris 75002) — To July 28: "La Gravure avant Dürer," exhibition.

•Centre de Georges Pompidou (tel: 277.12.33) — To June 20: "Georges Braque," exhibition.

•Centre Culturel du Marais (tel: 272.57.28) — From May 26: "Picasso," exhibition of Jacqueline Picasso's private collection.

•Grand Palais (tel: 261.54.10) — To July 26: "Dans le pays du Toison d'Or," art of ancient Soviet Georgia. To August 9: "La Naissance de l'écriture," exhibition of cumeform and hieroglyphs.

•Musée Hébert (tel: 544.40.41) May 19-Oct. 4: "Silent Musicians," art exhibition.

bition.

Musse du Louvre (tel: 260.39.26) —

To August: "The 16th Century in Florence."

Musée du Petit Palais (tel: 265.12.73)

To May 30: "American Impressionists," exhibition.

Musée Rodin — To June 28: Robert Wiérick, sculpure.

Opéra de Paris (tel: 742.57.501 — To June 19: "A Midsummer Night's

Dream" (Shakespeare/John Neu-meier), Marius Constant conductor. To 233.44.44) — May 26: Orchestre Co-lonne, Pierre Dervaux conductor. (Stra-

ITALY

vinsky, Berlioz, Mendelssohn).

Theatre de la Ville (tel: 272.22.77)

May 24-29: "Théâtre du Silence."

BOLOGNA, Teatro Comunale (tel: 23,21,78) — May 22: Bologna Symphony Orchestra, Francesco Molinari Pradelli conductor, Rudolf Buchbinder pictoria del conductor, Rudolf Buchbinder pictoria del conductor, Rudolf Buchbinder pictoria del conductor. ano, Rose Wagemann soprano (Wag-ner, Beethoven). May 28 and 30: Sym-phony Orchestra, Zdenek Macal conductor, Carmen Lavani soprano, Carmen Gonzales mezzo-soprano, Car-lo Tuand tenor, Mario Chiappi bass (Dyorat). (Dvorak).

FLORENCE, Teatro Comunale (tel: 21.62.531 — To May 30: "The Rake's Progress" (Stravinsky). Riccardo Chall-ly conductor, libretto by W.H. Auden and Chester Kallman.

GENOA, Teatro Commale dell'Opera (tel: 542.79.92) — May 23, 25 and 30: "Lulu" (Alban Berg), Piero Bellugi con-

MILAN, Teatro alla Scala (tel: 80.91.26) — To May 25: "The Flood" (Robert Craft, Stravinsky), Peter Ustinov director. ROME, Auditorium del Foro Italico (tel: 654.37.26) — May 22: Symphony Orchestra, Jerzy Semkow conductor, Antonio Savestaco tecor (Szy-

VENICE, Gran Teatro - May 26-30 "L'Egisto" (Fanstini, Cavalli), Scottish Opera, Glasgow, Roderick Brydon, Raymond Leppard conductors,

NETHERLANDS

AMSTERDAM, Concertgebouw (tel; 020/71.98,71) Grote Zaal — May 22; Ivo Pogorelich piano (Beethoven, Schumann, Chopin). May 25 and 28: Philharmonic Orchestra, Anton Kersjes condoctor, Henryk Szeryng violin (Beethoven).

•Rijksmuseum (tel: 73.21.21) — To

Aug. 13: "Fortress, Four Centuries of Fortification in the Netherlands." To Aug. 1: "American Graphics 1869-1950," exhibition on loan from the Philadelphia Museum of Art. Stedelijk Museum — To July 11: Exhibition of developments in American and European arts since the 1960s. ROTTERDAM, Museum Boymans-van Benningen — To May 30: "Frans Zwollo's Silver Work." To June 21: "Modern Art from Young German Palnters."

UNITED STATES

NEW YORK, Cooper Hewitt (tel: 860.68.96) — To July 18: American landscape art by Frederic E, Church, Wittslow Homer etc. Frick Collection (tel: 288.07.00) — To
June 27: Exhibition of recently restored

Rembrand prints.

Guggenheim Museum (tel: 860.13.00)

To June 20: "Italian Art Now: An American Perspective," 1962 Exxon International Exhibition.

e-Metropolitan Museum of Art (tel: 535.77.10) — To June 20: "A Mirror of Nature," exhibition of 17th-century Dutch paintings. To June 20: "Along the Ancient Silk Routes: Central Asian Art From the West Berlin State Museums." To Sept. 5: "The 18th-century Woman," a show by the Costume Intimate.

mite.

•Museum of Modern Art (tel: 956.61.00) — To June 29: Giorgio de Chirico exhibition.

•Museum of American Folk Art (tel: 581.24.74) — May 27-Sept. 19: "The Chalk Menagerie," exhibition of chalk-ware.

National Academy of Design (tel: 369.48.80) — To July 4: American still lifes by Raphaelle Peale, John Peto and

WEST GERMANY

BERLIN Amerika Haus (tcl: 19.76.61)

— May 24: Warwick Lister violin, Philip Moll piano (Mozart, Debussy, Weinzweig Brahms),

— Philharmonie (tel: 26.92.51) — May 23-24: Philharmonic Orchestra, James Leting conductor (Reding). Levine conductor (Berlioz).

*Deutsche Oper (tel: 41.44.49) — May 25: "La Bohème." May 26-30: "Otello." May 28: "Falstaff."

BONN, Rheinisches Landesmi (tel: 63.21.58) — To June 27: "Geld aus China," exhibition.

FRANKFURT, Alte Oper (tel: 28.06.58) — May 24: Gidon Kremer violin, Oleg Maisenberg piano (Schubert, Brahms, Webern, Beethoven). **Moderne Butterfly** (Puccini) Jud"May 23: "Ariadne auf Naxos"
(Strauss) Raif Weikert conductor. May
24: "Madame Butterfly** (Puccini) Jud-

MUNICH, Bayerische Staatsoper (tel: 22.13.16) — May 25-27: "Peer Gynt" (Werner Egh). May 26: "The Nuteracker" (Tchnikovsky).

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Hong Kong Meals: Dim Sum, Lose Some

by Patricia Wells

ONG KONG — Hong Kong has been described as 5 million people and 3,000 restaurants surrounded by land and water. Where does one begin? It would be nice to be able to say what was nuce said of Paris: You can't have a bad meal. The cootemporary reality is that you can eat poorly in both world capitals; the consola-tion is that one eats less badly in Hong Kong and Paris than in other cities.

Confessing a personal passion for lood that's hot and spiry as well as subtle and fla-vorful, I headed straightaway in Hong Kong for restaurants featuring the highly spiced Sichuan cuisine. One could do worse than dine at Kam Kwong, an absolutely simple, unpre-possessing little restaurant oo the Kowloon side. Here everyone begins with a small platter of cold and peppery pickled cabbage, the kind designed to burn the palate and stimulate the appetite. So as not to overwhelm, the dish is served with a companion platter of cool, sooth-ing vinegared cucumbers, offering a perfect balance.

Next turn to the smoked Sicbuan duck, moist, aromatic and totally greaseless, or the shrimp in but garlic sauce, an utterly simple combination of giant shrimp in the shell, peppered with chilies and churks of fresh garlic. The ginger beans — string beans cooked in g and shrwly and laced with strips of ginger are equally fitting, and delicious.

Service bere is efficient and friendly, and there's a long English menu. Reservations are recommended. One of the most talked-about Sichuan res-

taurants in Hong Kong is The Cleveland Res-taurant, a jam-packed spot off Food Street in Causeway Bay. Food Street is actually a group of pedestrian streets offering a tacky modern collection of fast food and not so fast food shops, attracting bordes of tourists and locals

Reservations at The Cleveland Restaurant will get you little but an hour's wait in a busy lobby ill-equipped to handle the crowds. Once seated in this pleasantly decorated, modern restaurant, you're handed a menu and begin to think the wait was worth it. Smoked pigeon, dry-fried string beans, dumplings with hot chili sauce and sizzling prawns with chili, gartic,

shallots and wine all sound incredibly appeal-

As you wait, the show begins. Everyooe's ordered something hot and sizzling, and as portions are poured onto burning platters, smoking, pungent oil fills the air. Everyone coughs and chokes in unison, figuring it's a small price to pay for a spicy feast.

The problem is, it's all show. The appetizer of spicy cabbage is floating in oil. The sizzling prawns are more bark than bite. The lotus buns accompanying the good, crisp and tender smoked pigeon are light, but too sweet and all too bland

Later I headed out to Lung Wah Hotel in the New Territories, drawn to this distant locale by a menu that features one of my favorite foods, pigeon, prepared 27 ways. When France's Michel Guerard, Paul Bocuse and Alain Chapel swept through Hong Kong several years ago, they returned home raving about the pigeon banquet at Lung Wah. I wanted to love the place, ate there twice, and only came away disappointed.

Maybe the problem is there really aren't 27 interesting things to do with pigeon. The best dish in this gigantic, indoor-outdoor restaurant is simple roast king pigeon, which diners tear apart with their bare hands and eat with vigor, dipping portions into a spicy salt mixture, mustard sauce or soy sauce. Many of the other dishes are amusing, though a bit too offbeat to be satisfying. A coarse pigeon liver sausage, a sauté of pigeon hearts and walnuts, and bird's nest soup floating with pigeon eggs all served as interesting diversionary dishes but, like everything at Lung Wah, suffered from an incredible lack of attention and an attitude of indifference on the part of the staff.

Some of the best meals in Hong Kong were nnt meals at all, but typical dim sum snacks, wedged in at odd times of the day. If I lived in Hong Kong I'd probably pick up the habit of so many longtime residents and secure a regular noontime table at the Luk Yu Tea Hou Here, amid an airy, Chinese Art Deco atmos-phere teaming with the clatter and noise of good times, one feasts on dozens of different, delicate dishes: steamed barbecued pork buns, eggs scrambled with fresh coriander, spring rolls filled with bean sprouts and shredded

pork, and a soothing water chestnut dessert.

The teas here are all selected and aged with care. Sample the thick, rich Iron Goddess of Mercy tea from China's Fujian province, fresh and fragrant jasmine, or delicate Dragon Well-green tea, always drunk young like a good Beaujolais. The dim sum menu is printed only in Chinese, although a few of the waiters speak English. The best bet is to go with a friend who speaks Chinese, for reservations are at a premi-um and the hectic tone of Luk Yu leaves little

time for pampering foreigners. For other good dim sum snacks or meals visit King Bun, a large and lively restaurant on Queen's Road Central on the Hong Kong side or the Golden Crown, a popular dim sum par-lor on Nathan Road in Kowloon. At both restaurants, you can get by without Chinese, just pointing to platters that appeal as waitresses ander through with carts of various fried

baked and steamed dishes. The chef at King Bun, 71-year-old Leung King, former chef of the Luk Yn Tea House, is one of Hong Kong's most venerated cooks. Dim sum at King Bun is absolutely fresh and widely varied: steamed meat dramplings stuffed with smooth pork loin, smoke-flavored bean curd sheets filled with pork and ham, and variations prepared with squid and with shark's fins are all recommended. King Bun is a popular breakfast spot, with all tables toserved by g or 9 a.m., so go early.

The Golden Crown is popular for a quick; 20-minute lunch, and you can pop in without reservations at noon. Don't be insulted if you have to share a table — everyone does. Worth trying are the light and soothing cold noodles blended with spicy ham, cabbage and chicken. the crisp and delicate woo ton filled with shrimp, and buge deep-fried fish balls.

Kam Kwong, 60 Granville Road, Kowloon, tel: 3-673434. No credit cards; \$10 per person. The Cleveland Restaurant, 6 Cleveland Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong, tel: 5-763876. Credit cards: American Express, Diners Club, MasterCard and Visa; \$10 per person. Lung Wah Hotel, Shatin Heights, Shatin, New Territories, tel: 0-611793. No credit cards;

\$10 per person. Luk Yu Tea House, 24 Stanley Street, Hong Kong, tel: 5-231970. No credit cards; \$10-\$15 King Bun, 158 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong, tel: 5-434256. No credit cards; \$7 per per-

The Golden Crown, 66 Nathan Road, Kowloon, tel: 3-666291. No credit cards; \$4 per

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unta

Under Sail on a Spanish Vacation

by James M. Markham

ADRID — Our 38-foot sailboat plunged through the swelling Mediterranean off Majorca, scattering smaller boats from a pickup regatta just east of the Bay of Palma. Amateur sailors shook their fists at us and, angered at the disrupnoo of their race, shouted insults regarding our parentage that were mercifully blotted out by the wind.

Miguel, our 22-year-old skipper, responded by summing up his machn philosophy of the sea, which bears little relationship to more gentlemanly codes learned on Chesapeake Bay or the Maine coast: "The sea is very big. May grande. There is plenty of room for everyone. They have their problems. We have our problems, And we're bigger than they are."

When two friends, a sea-tested American couple, suggested a week's sail around the Balearic Islands, my wife and I thought it was a fine idea. Recalling occasional sails in the United States, we imagined a leisurely, sun-baked promenade on the mirror-flat Mediterranean, punctuated by excellent meals oo shore. We did in fact eat well and, had we gone in July or August, the sea would have been as tranquil as a pond. But the western Mediterranean is temperamental and capricious, particularly in

ate September. Sbortly after we boarded our sleek white Noray, Miguel cheerfully told us about his two shipwrecks. Our friends matched him with a first-hand account of a near-sinking off Sardinia. In July. The stories did not exactly add to our comfort, but before long the five of us — four Americans and a Spanish captain — were forged into a passable team oo deck.

It's simple and pleasant to rent a sailboat in Majorca, thanks to Alvaro Gomez, who three years ago started Naviera Velamar S.A., next to the Palma Yacht Club, where King Juan Carlos sails every summer. Gomez, who can do business in English, has a small fleet of Norays,

Dufours and slightly smaller Elystroms. Most of Velamar's customers seem to sail their own boats, but for those who do not know Majorca, Minorca or Ibiza, a native captain may be a good idea. Gomez produced Miguel Aloy, a scion of the port of

Soller, and, notwithstanding his unorthodox seagoing manner, he was

fairly conscientious and, at times, delightful.

Not long after we had disrupted the regatta off Palma, where we had a glimpse of the Italian tall ship "Amerigo Vespucci," our skipper announced that he was going to take a swim to beat the heat. As we were skimming along at something like five knots, it seemed an odd moment for a dip. Miguel fastened a line to the Noray's stern, leaped from the bow and, swimming furiously back to the rope, dragged himself through the whitecaps. "Just steer straight," was his last order. Ten minutes later, after his hilarious five-knot bath, our leader

clambered up the stern ladder, naked and happy. His snit had been yanked off by the tugging water. Laughing, he flopped out for a smbath, demonstrating that onde bathing is not confined to the beaches of the Balearies. In the days that followed, crew members also leaped overboard for rope-tows, though our swimming suits somehow did not come

The sail settled into a comfortable and somewhat predictable ritual. We would sail or, in the absence of wind, motor much of the day, having a standard lunch on board of cheese, Spanish sausage, pickles and beer and the rolling sounds of Bob Marley and the Wallers blasting from the

powerful stereo thoughtfully provided for the modern sailor.

When the wind picked up, which it did with increasing frequency,
Miguel would order his four-member crew about, pulling down sails and
lashing others to the side. Our day would end tying up at a yacht club (fees for this run to the equivalent of about \$4) and searching for a good cooked meal. Before bedding down on the boat, we would vow that the next morning we would rise truly early in order to get a good start. We oever did, which is perhaps what a vacation is supposed to be.

The Norays, which can carry up to seven persons, rent for 150,000 pesetas (about \$1,500) a week in July and August and 130,000 pesetas a week the rest of the year. The Dufours, which can carry up to five persons, rent for 120,000 pesetas a week in July and August and 100,000 a week the rest of the year. The Elvstroms, which can carry up to four persons, rent for 80,000 pesetas a week in July and August and 60,000 pesetas the rest of the year.

The Left Bank Continued from page 5W All those speeches, those petitions, drawn

who were punished were bitter at having been

Remarking oo literary salons, Lottman writes, "These formal meeting places are among the most difficult for us to recreate today because they are the most removed from contemporary behavior." One of the last, which crept (one cannot say flourished) well into the 1960s was haunted by writers, minor and major, whn had enjoyed "the divine surprise." It took a great wrench of the imagination to see these soft-spoken, often witty, usually kind, immensely cultivated people, now down on their luck — they resembled, on the whole, an assembly of clothes moths — as maniacs preaching destruction. But they were,

and had been - or something near to that. The French have a way of swarming onstage, dashing headlong into the scenery and then complaining about the damage. Englishspeakers who, as a rule, sit tight and hope the theater will hold together, may feel they are watching ideological warfare set to Offenbach. The trouble is that the actors mean it; they can, they do, bring the sets crashing down. Actors who seem only to be playing dead will never rise again. In life, as in art, a magisterial "He deserved it" (to lose his job, to be ostracized, to have his reputation besmirched, to be deported or, when the times allow it, to be shot) is still a Left Bank curtain line.

Rereading "The Left Bank," with the first helping of information absorbed, one is struck by two things; an almost entire absence of women (this has to do with France, not with Lottman) and a feeling that a great amount of energy and intelligence was often expended to no purpose. The 1930s come to a dead stop, like an overwound alarm clock.

up and circulated, the meetings organized and attended, the marches and demonstrations, the traveling and talking and to-ing and fro ing — from an idea to its denial, from feud to denun-ciation, from break to banishment, from statement to rebuttal, from the Salle de Géographie to the Mutualité, from the Sorbonne "to the all-purpose building at 44 rue de Rennes... where one could hold a public rally or a secret cell meeting," from a table at the Flore to another at the Deux Magots — seem to remain static, a kind of tragic entertainment, tragic because of the times. Think of the 1930s, when the to-ing and fro-ing extended to Moscow and Berlin; when all those Comintern-manipulated congresses, fostered with so much goodwill, some good faith and such a lot of voluntary blindness, soaked up the vitality of an entire intellectual class. (No great liter-

What if the passion, oratory and persuasiveness had been expended nn something closer to home? Votes for women would have been a good start, but as an issue it barely interested anyone. (The Left was against feminine suf-frage, on the grounds that the women of France, in the hands of the clergy, were bound to vote Right. The dismaying thing is that in-telligent women swallowed this.) There were children's prisons, and children working in mines and textile factories.

ary work was produced in those years. Lott-

man reminds us.)

The unspeakable urban slums, the lament-able hospitals were left to right-wing writers, such as Céline, to describe. Almost up to the war, France was the only country still transporting prisoners to overseas penal colonies. One never hears that Mairaux or Gide or Ara-

gon — let alone Sartre — ever applied for mor-tality statistics to that branch of the civil service elegantly called Service de Déportation. When Jean Zay, Léon Blum's Minister of Edu-cation, was tried by the Vichy Government on a trumped-up charge of desertion, "deporta-tion" was automatically added to his scattenee; it had never been removed from the books. (Lottman refers to Zay in a different context. Soon after being sentenced, he was dragged out of his cell by French fascists and mur-

Women exist in "The Left Bank" as wives or mistresses, passing the petits fours and keeping their mouths shut. Simone de Beauvoir is the first woman to have anything to say, and by the 1950s, where the narrative ends, here is still a lone voice. (Whether the voice would have been heard at all without Sartre's to accompaoy it remains unanswerable.) In one unexpected side trip, Lottman takes us to Marguerite Duras' apartment. The war is over, Women can vote. She is a member of the Communist party and will remain one until expelled. Friends and fellow members meet, in her Saint-Germain-des-Prés flat, to talk and argue. Actually, she contributed little to the discussions, for women did not participate much in those days. But she did the cooking, wrote her books, and had a baby. In retrospect, she de-cided that the silence that custom imposed on

women had helped make a writer of her." We are not told how and why.

Lottman concludes with a melancholy quotation from Samuel Beckett's "Endgame," which must be his own way of expressing an opinion on what has gone before: "Mean something! You and I, mean something! Ah, that's a good one!"

Voice of the Resistance Continued from page 5W

Romains' reflections nn the vinlent battles of animals beneath the sea.

In his youth Vercors took a degree in electrical engineering but never worked at it. He would have liked to have been a scientist partly, says his wife, because of his extraordinary self-sufficiency and his belief that problems can be solved. He has written about two dozen books on a staggering variety of subjects, from philosophical and scientific reflections to a cookbook, from novels to a translation of "Hamlet." He is currently at work oo a trilogy about French history from 1862 to 1962, the first volume of which was an autobiography of the statesman Aristide Briand.

"Since he didn't write any memoirs, I did it for him, Briand in 1925 was considered a benefactor of humanity. Today he is forgotten while lesser men like Clemenceau are revered. They had the sense to protect their futures by writing their memoirs."

Vercors does not draw any more or even own a crayon. Some astute crinics of "Le Silence de la Mer" speculated that it had been written by an artist and it does have a strongly plastic quality. Fnr a first book written in crisis, it also bas an exemplary calm and rigor. "I didn't write it as I intended, the phrases weren't as I thought they would be. I think it was the theme that dictated the style."

But the book's distanced view was deliberate. The books about the 1914-18 war had made me laugh with their hysterical patriotism. I knew I didn't want to do anything like that and I think it's the distance that makes it still readable today."

The Editions de Minuit authors did not receive royalnes. Any profits were given to families of those who had been shot by the Germans. Vercors did oot get a penny from "Le Silence de la Mer" until after the war. Here is a very moral story," he says, "It sold so well in England during the war that I didn't have the courage to turn down the money. I gave half to the families of those who had been shot and then was cheated out of my half by the person who was distributing the funds. So I didn't get a cent, which is as it should be."

This winter marked not only the 40th anniversary of "Le Silence de la Mer," but also the

80th birthday of Vercors. He is a man of quiet charm, handsome and with a dignity that does not impose but that makes itself felt.

The fact that "Le Silence de la Mer" has been so much more successful than his other books makes him love his other books more, he says, like the parent who prefers his lesssuccessful children. "But," he adds, "to see in my own lifetime that this book has a chance of surviving is not displeasing."

Vercors earned, but does not wear, the Medal of the Resistance. As a Resistant he is a man with memories no one can share about wbat André Malraux called the army of shadows. The name Vercors is to him more a symbol than a simple nom de plume and he dislikes publishers' efforts to use it on works he has signed Jean Broller. It is a name he pro-

"I could never, for example, stand for elec-tico to the Académie Française," Vercors says. "Not that I want to, although I have been asked. But if I were defeated, you see, it would be the Resistance that was being defeated in

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UILIN China - Ying Ruocheng, good dim general on the kubiai Khan: "He is a man of good stature, a Crown a popular le His lambs are well fleshed out and modeled in Can get by without the role of the a rose, the eyes black and handleshed on the lambs are the nose shapely and set squarely in samed distinct of the role of the Great Khan in the of the graph with carried on the role of the Great Khan in the of the graph with carried on the role of the Great Khan in the of the Great Khan in the of the latt view the international television spectacular "Marone of China's favorite actors, is a

Sur King But it was many the Circuit Amin in the of the Circuit Amin in the of the Lity was chosen for the role of the Circuit Amin in the of the Lity was the international television spectacular "Marches Kong's most villet co Polo," the first film venture involving Chiking Him little on Polo," the first film venture involving Chiking Him little on Italy, the United States and Japan. Half-line shooting schedule, chef of the Lut year the international television specified in the Lut year the international television specified in the Lut year to be first film venture involving Chi-king Bun is absolute on, Italy, the United States and Japan. Half-chines also had been suffered such portions that the role had not yet been cast. Plenty of intercets filled with portions that the role had not yet been cast. Plenty of intercets filled with portions stars had been angling for the part, repared with portions their great leader be played by a Chinese authorities of a m. so go carb. The Italian producer, Vincenzo Labella, insisting a m. so go carb. The Italian producer, Vincenzo Labella insisting a mough to mouth his lines.

ed that the actor speak English at least well of that the actor speak English at least well of the country of t

learned to speak the language fluently at Pe-king's prestigious Qinghua University. He approaches the character of the Great Khan with historical sensitivity. "Chinese au-American capies to the Visa; \$10 per per K
Hotel Shaim Hose & es, tel: 0-611793 Ken; diences will be very shocked at the sympathetic portrayal of Kublai Khan in Marco House, 24 Stanley Sag 1 he says, "because to most Chinese, 90 percent of whom consider themselves ethnically Hans, the Khans are still barbarians, aggres-158 Queen's Road Con 1 14256 No credit code; sors, who came to trample China under their

"Actually, Kublai was a great emperor, as 7. Crown 66 Km. 3-656291. No ordans emperors go. He was more sophisticated and enlightened than Genghis. He was also more civilized in that be allowed his people to settle down from their nomadic plundering ways and

develop as a stable society, a nation.

"Kublai realized that the Chinese civilization was a higher one than his own, and he did everything within his power to bring his people into that civilization and take the best from it. He even studied the Chinese classics, which eventually led his appointees running his vast provinces to believe he was betraying them by ecoming too Chinese."

Ying has other projects beckoning him oow that "Marco Polo" has had its premiere on Tigo Vespucci ou de U.S. television before being screened interna-tionally. He has translated Shakespeare into Chinese as well as parts of the Complete Web-ster Dictionary, "All the words concerning the theater and the history of drama," he says. "Believe it or not, it took two years of my spare time to do that." He would like to translate into English "some of the more worthwhile modern Chinese plays, which are very little known in the West, I think someone in my position should try to do not the sensational things, but rather lay the groundwork for a fuller understanding between our cul-

As part of this ambinoo, Ying will be making three trips to the United States this year, to publicize his film, to lecture and perhaps to act. After graduation from Qinghua University, he joined the Peking People's Art Theater, here he spent the better part of the next three decades. In 1976, he went to the magazine China Reconstructs, but two years later was "borrowed back by the troupe for a revival of Laoche's 'Teahouse'." There were other inter-ruptions, namely the Cultural Revolution.

From 1968 to 1971 I spent most of my time living in a cowshed. Every actor, every writer in China was accused of doiog something. We were banned, secluded, made to write confessions, self-criticisms. Our whole theater was sent to a commune in the country, and that some experience. At least we were kept together. Luckily, we were not far from Peking on a farm called Cadres School. Anybody who was not a worker or a peasant was automati-cally a functionary and therefore a cadre, so we were also called cadres.

"During this period there was absolutely nothing to do in the theater. Ostentatiously, we were all pounding rice. I'm very good at it. We also sat around making beautiful kites. I liked working with my hands and, in my spare time from criticizing Confucius and Lin Biao, l built a beautiful bookcase which you can see in my home. I'm very proud of it.

The worst part of the Cultural Revolution was the mental anguish. I don't want to be high-sounding, but when one has worked for years as I had in the theater and then sees all that being trampled to the mud, it's very disappointing. We first thought it was just another passing movement, that it would soon pass away. But by the third or fourth year it began to be a drag.

There were ups and downs in degree of emotion, and nobody knew what was going to happen next. Then in 1971 Lin Biao crashed in his plane in Outer Mongolia. That ruised all sorts of hell. The army people who were sent to take care of us didn't know what to do. After all, be was their commander-in-chief. So we were then left alone and we enjoyed our-

"I think if a man is wise enough, something beneficial always comes of any experience, however traumatic. Those years in the countryside in certain ways we enjoyed very much There was a lot of camaraderie. It also helped the short-story writers and playwrights be-cause before the Cultoral Revolution they had no experience like this to write about. So writers blooming these last three or four years are quite good.

"The dangerous thing about the Gang of Four led by Jiang Qing was that most of them were young, which meant that if they succeeded we would have had this around our necks for many years. Their arrest and trial was the only way to give us artistic freedom again."

In 1980, Ying left China for the first time to lecture in Britain, then spent six weeks touring the United States as an official interpreter, and eventually took the play "Teahouse" to West Germany, France and Switzerland.

As an intellectual with many foreign friends in Peking, and access therefore to a relatively rich circulating library, Ying had read a great deal before finally reaching the West, "Even the names of the streets were familiar to me, Still, I found everything slightly dizzying. Simple things like the pigeons in Trafalgar Square. I'd read about and seen pictures of them. But



Ying Ruocheng.

when you're actually there and they're oo top

of you the sensatioo is quite different.
"You read about big buildings, then you think 'Maybe we don't have 100 stories, but I've seen 60 stories, it shouldo't be too different.' But then it is different. In China big huildings are the exception. But when you're in Manhattan, in the middle of that, it's enormous and all around you. My feeling was 'Wow, man could do this!' I think everybody should be proud that man could do this, that man has such power in his hands.

"You see, I was brought up with a kind of intellectual disdain for these things, that the big city, huge buildings, are supposed to be ugly, capitalism at its worst. And in the last 20 or 30 years this was reiterated all the time, that the sunless streets is where the capitalists behind their windows, I suppose, are plotting the ruin of mankind.

"But when I got there, my impressions were completely different. And I felt proud of man, that man could do this. This was oot supposed to be elegant, but I felt there was beauty and strength and grandeur in it. I'm not supposed to feel that way. So this is a very unorthodox view as far as a Chinese is concerned.

The Art Market: Galleries Recover

by Souren Melikian

ARIS - For the first time in the last two decades, art galleries find themselves in a position where they could conceivably regain some of the ground they have been steadily losing to auction houses. The catalogs of their selling exhibitions of Impressionist and modern master painting are beginning to compare favorably with the catalogs of the "major sales" put together by the leading auction houses in this field.

Two such exhibitioos are now on view in Paris, one at Daniel Malingue's gallery on the Avenue Matignon and the other at Schmit's on the Faubourg Saint Honore. Both include a small number of remarkable works and a larger oumber of good if less-impressive paintings. The most striking case in point is perhaps that of Malingue's gallery because the improvement in quality and interest over the exhibition be staged last year is spectacular.

Renoir is represented here by a landscape of 1882 - one of several views of L'Estaque. This is a museum piece, quite literally so. When last seen publicly — two years ago, in Denver — it was part of the art exhibition called "Corot to Braque: French Paintings From the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston." There are better Renoir landscapes but hardly

any remaining in private hands.

On the other hand, Dali's work is illustrated by a piece that could not easily by superseded: the "Landscape with Enigmatic Elements," painted in Paris in 1934. Dali was apparently under the spell of Vermeer's famous self-portrait in which the Dutch master is seen sitting at his easel with his back turned to the viewer.

With typical Dali self-confidence, he has represented himself as a tiny figure in the same posture and garb as Vermeer's, facing a Saharan desert. Further away in the middle there stands a small shild in sailor costume — depicting the same Dali, this time as a child, if we are to go by Robert Descharnes's description. At left some unexplained statue covered with a sheet shimmers in the sun against a background of four cypress trees. This picture, too, has an unusual story with a strong American link. It was acquired by Cyrus L. Sulzberger in 1934 at the interna-nonal exhibition held in Pittsburgh at the Carnegie Institute and was still Sulzberger's when shown in New York at the Gallery of Modern Art in late 1965-early 1966.

Both are typical examples of works that had lately shown an increasing tendency to be oegotiated via auctioo houses rather than through galleries.

Lower down in the financial scale there is what I consider to be the best landscape by Armand Guillaumin to appear in the market in the last five years. Probably executed around 1878 when Guillaumin was working in the Impressionist manner, it is in a vastly different mood. subdued and melancholy, and surprisingly anticipates the color scheme and atmosphere of Gauguin's Poot Aven period a decade later.

The dealer Schmit, for his part, has done a little better than last year:

The Juan Gris Cuhist still life is unforgettable; a Renoir portrait of a woman seen sideways, head and shoulders, is a great Renoir, and a dozen other paiotings of a high caliber are worth a trip for anyone seriously concerned with the art of the period.

In short, in those two galleries alone there are at least as many interesting works at plausible prices as there were at Christie's and Sotheby's spring sales taken together.

One might object that the final selling price at auction is determined only when the auctioneer's hammer falls. But this is not quite so in real life. With the current generalization of reserve prices set by vendors, the minimum price at which a work must be sold is indeed predetermined. Last March at the Marcus Mizne sale held at Sotheby's, more than two

were clearly not considered plausible in a majority of cases by those who sat in the room. This means that the dividing line between the selling chaique of a gallery and an auction room is becoming blurred.

With Malingue's selling technique, the line virtually evaporates. Malingue gives increasing importance to works of art consigned to him for sale precisely as they might be to an auction room. An excerpt of his terms of sale printed in the catalog reads (in his own English versioo):
"The seller will benefit from the following advantages: Full payment immediately following the sales. The gallery's commission will be approximately 10 percent. A complete insurance by the gallery at the agreed selling price. All costs for transport, customs formalities and cleaning - if needed and with the seller's agreement - free of

Charge..."
That leaves only one significant difference between selling by auction theoretically ensures competition. It and through a gallery. The auction theoretically ensures competition. It leaves open the possibility — oever the certainty — of a price considerably higher than the "reasonable" price. This happens once in a while. It is most likely to apply to top works that are enviable enough to get museums and a handful of millionaire collectors racing for it.

Otherwise, the chances are that bidding will go just so far and no more. The major change characterizing the market of the 1980s as op-

Otherwise, the chances are that bidding will go just so far and no more. The major change characterizing the market of the 1980s as opposed to that of the 1960s is that, by and large, "private" vendors and buyers have become as good as professionals when it comes to assessing the value of the picture. They follow sales, read market reports, study exhibition catalogs, know which work is important and which is not says Malingue: "Nowadays, in this husiness, we often miss a deal by a librarrent margin. Vendors know evertly how much they want. If they 10-percent margin. Vendors know exactly how much they want. If they feel the offer they get is a bit weak, they are turned off." The same applies to buyers. To quote Malingue again: "In my exhibition, I have this fine watercolor view of a race by Raoul Dufy. At 350,000 francs I would have sold it exactly five times since the opening. The trouble is its going value is around 400,000 francs.

The marketwise "amateur" is making things difficult for the trade; added to the dearth of works for sale, the picture husiness has become very tough. Malingue points out that there are fewer dealers in the running than two decades ago when be started. The statement is even more valid if "bedroom dealers" — unregistered and unlicensed — are taken into account. In his estimate, the severe 1974 slump wiped out three quarters of the brokers, official and unofficial, who went about peddling

In Paris, two galleries can be said to be seriously specializing in Imressionists and modern masters - Malingue and Schmit. A third one, the Huguette Bérès gallery, deals simultaneously in this field and in Japanese prints of the highest order. Another gallery, Hervé Odermatt, occasionally has 19th-century works but the emphasis is on modern and above all on cootemporary masters. And that is about it.

This elimination process has brought the dealers' technique still closer to the auction-house system. By being fewer in number and very much more in the limelight, they come under closer scrutiny. In the present circumstances — a recession that can no longer be questioned — they enjoy two advantages in their competition with auction rooms. First, the buyer is not forced to make his decision at gunpoint, or rather at hammerstrike, as he is at auction. He can come, have a look, see, leave and come back.

The second advantage is that the auction room's primary concern is the seller's interest — the higher the price, the better for him but the worse for the buyer. The dealer tries hard oot to antagonize his customer - be does oot want to lose him. If truly elever, be is a more-impartial

Together with the difficulties encountered by auction houses, this state thirds of the paintings in value went back to the owner because they of affairs means that galleries are oo longer on the losing side. A oew failed to match his financial ambitions. In this case the minimum prices balance of strength is about to be established in the market.

Santa Fe Is Hot — and Bothered

by Dan Balz

ANTA FE, N.M. — Out East, Santa Fe is hot. You can't turn around without about Santa Fc or ads displaying fashions of the Southwest or some friend telling you that Santa Fc — not Key West or Aspen or Ketchun, Idaho — is the place to be. Out bere in the land of oceanic sunsets, Indian antiquities, Hispanie missions and adobe archi-tecture, the residents are both tired of all this publicity and a little amused by it.

One recent evening, the Santa Fe arts establishment gathered in the basement of a local hotel for an auction to benefit the annual arts festival. There are no tourists here, for this is part of Tribal Santa Fe. Various non-artists have donated works of so-called art and everyone is throwing money at them.

But at one point, the bidding for an oddlooking white assemblage begins to drag, and the auctioneer, a master at hyping oot only the art but also the crowd, can't resist tweaking the locals: "In New York City, God knows what this would be worth — and I think you know what I mean," he says to an eruption of

laughter.
Back East, the merchants have discovered Santa Fe with a vengeance and are relentlessly. promoting their own visions of it. Ralph Lauren came here on vacation and returned to New York with his southwestern style. Much of the cosmetics industry is enamored of the

earth tones of the desert.

During April, Lord & Taylor turns over its Fifth Avenue store in New York to an extravaganza of the Sante Fe Look in fashion, furnishings, food, art and crafts. The promotion incindes the Santa Fe Face developed by Eliza-beth Arden. "It's a very natural look," says Peggy Kaniman, the store's vice president for public relations. "It was easy to do the Nantucket and Charleston faces [two earlier promotions of Americana], but for Santa Fe it was much more difficult." That's because there are Hispanics, Indians and Anglos in Santa Fe, and to a makeup artist, those are oot exactly similar palettes.

Some local residents think all this chic is ruining the town.

"People came here before because of attitudes and lifestyle," says Nancy Applegate, who owns the Villagra Bookstore. "It was word-of-mouth. Now they're coming for status and appearances. It's the whole beautiful-peo-

You don't have to look very far in Santa Fe now to find the Beautiful People, the Mercedes in the gallery parking lots, the wealthy tourists zipping through shops looking for a piece of the culture to take home with them. It seems that everyone wants a piece of Santa Fe. Ev-eryone from the tourists to the newcomers. who impose their own folkways on Santa Fe's, to the media, which periodically storm the city. The Santa Feans are restless.

Bill Banta, a cheerful man who left his job with an engineering firm in Texas to open an art supply store in Santa Fe some years ago, surveys the crowd at the auction in the hotel basement and turns to a visitor. "You're looking at the real Santa Fe," he says, "rather than what Esquire or the National Geographic

Banta has just spent \$2,300 — which he says is 10 percent of his annual salary — for a bound volume of the local newspaper from 1918. "I've got nothing better to spend it on." he explains with a shrug. Someone else has paid \$140 for a pen-and-ink drawing by the noted local artist John Ehrlichman. Others have bid on such things as a painting submitted by a local gallery owner under the alias of Georgia O'Greefe, or the Raggedy Ann knockoff with cowboy boots, faded blue-jean vest and skirt, cowboy hat and what is described as "almost authentic jewelry." The arts are very

big business out here, and while there is much joking about the submissions and the bidding, everyone here is taking the fund-raiser serious-

"National Geographic was so shallow," Banta says. "Santa Fe goes much deeper." Na-tional Geographic, which featured the city in its March issue, is on a lot of minds in Santa Fe. It is the latest in a yearlong string of articles describing the city in glowing prose, but in image-conscious Santa Fe the reaction was largely negative.

Berry Bauer, an editor and publisher of The Santa Fean magazine and a past president of the Chamber of Commerce, says, "Everyone in town was upset by the National Geographic." We felt it said oothing about the history of Santa Fe, little about our traditions, our events. We were all really dumbfounded."

As is its custom, National Geographic sent advance proofs of the article to city officials last fall, asking them to check them for accuracy. Instead, they denounced the article. The mayor at the time took offense at the choice of pictures and pushed a resolution through the city council urging the magazine to get rid of them. The resolution specifically complained about a street scene of people eating French pastries, which the council said could have been taken "Anywhere, U.S.A., Mexico or

People came here before because of attitudes and lifestyle,' says Nancy Applegate, who owns a bookstore in Santa Fe. 'It was word-of-mouth. Now they're coming for status and appearances. It's the whole beautiful-people crowd.'

Canada," and another photo of several you Hispanics and a low-rider automobile, which the council said "perpetuates a stereotype that is not indicative of the true nature of the culture of our community."

No one officially condemned Esquire magazine for a cover story it ran on Santa Fe last year, but that article was even more offensive to some of the natives because it portrayer Santa Fe as a hip, modern-day paradise.
"Great Women, Great Weather and Pienty to Do," said the cover.
"Esquire made Santa Fc out to be very

says Linda Durham, a local gallery owner. "It made it seem a very shallow place. It's not, it's where writers come, serious people. It made Santa Fe seem like it's a place where people come to snort cocaine and park their Jags in front of The Pink Adobe," a popular local restaurant.

No one here will admit that Santa Fe is chic. Quite the contrary. "It's no Riviera," says Lee Frederickson, who runs a catering business in Santa Fe. There are no truly great restaurants, no real night life, few of the amenities of a jetset hangout.

Nancy Applegate remembers the day things began to go sour in Santa Fe. It was at one of the mid-week cocktail parties that mark the busy social life of the community. Applegate arrived from her bookstore dressed in typical Santa Fe fare: boots, jeans, a ribbon shirt and lots of silver jewelry. The only non-Anglo was the bartender," Applegate recalls. "I was the only person under 60. And it was all new-comers, people who had been here two or three years or less. Several of them complained to the hostess about my lack of courtesy for dressing the way I was." She shakes ber head, "Santa Fe has never

been that way."

Anderste's lament is not uncon Santa Fe these days, for there is a feeling among some residents that all the attention the

city bas gotton is attracting people for the There is no denying the attraction of Santa Fe, beginning with its natural setting at an elevation of oearly 7,000 feet. The thin air is addictively fresh and the skies are almost always clear, intoxicatingly blue. The land and sky are an ever-changing contest of color and beauty. The climate is oearly perfect most of the year, and oo many summer nights the air is cool enough to require a blanket for sleeping.

Adobe architecture, with its soft edges and carth tones, creates a timeless visual atmosphere in the city. Although true adobe is no longer practical, most new buildings - museums, hotels, the Federal Building and many homes -are done in the adobe style.

There are even changes of season through the

In summer, thousands of tourists are drawn by the arts that flourish here. The Santa Fe Opera is nationally recognized and performs in striking open-air theater a few miles north of the city. In addition, Santa Fe is known for its chamber music group, its film festivals and theater. There are also more than 100 private art galleries, making Santa Fe a major art cen-ter in the United States.

But it is more than the climate and the arts that make Santa Fe so appealing. It is the rich heritage of the Indian and Spanish populations - the annual fiesta in September is more than 250 years old - and the live-and-let-live attitude of people here that over the years has drawn celebrities seeking anonymity, children of the counterculture seeking solitude and modern-day dropouts looking for a peaceful place to land. Three cultures — Spanish, Indian and Anglo — coexist in this city of 50,000 mituated in the northern New Mexican mounterman. situated in the northern New Mexican moun-

"Santa Fe is special in terms of lifestyle, at titude, in terms of what matters," Applegate says, standing in her small, well-stocked bookstore. "Most of us care about Santa Fe, and we want to share it with people who come. But we don't want it to be Disneyland. People with any kind of ties hate to see it misrepresented, ate to see it become the chie place for reasons that aren't valid, that are just superficial.

The town is becoming more stratified than it's ever been. There are a group of people who want to be the elite, the couveau riche types...Santa Feans have always been involved in civic and volunteer organizations. hut most of the new people are not getting involved in that way. They're not contributing except with their bucks. And I want more than their bucks."

There is a serious side to the way America discovers and discards places and fashions, the way tourists and traders and journalists and art buyers skim the surface of a culture, reprocess it and get rich off it. At Lord & Taylor, for example, certain elemental parts of Santa Fe will be purposely ignored. "We don't get involved in religion or in tribal customs," says Peggy Kaufman. "Maybe we do miss part of the community, but it's hard to tell a New York audience what a Kachina doll was really

And so the hawking of Santa Fe - whatever it has come to represent - continues, if per-haps a bit self-consciously. In one of the exclusive galleries on the plaza, an attractive woman in designer jeans lovingly rubs her hands across an expensive silver belt and looks at her husband standing oearby. "I'm not buying it because it's chic," she insists. "I'm buying it because it's Southwest."

O/982 The Washington Past

Around Galleries in London

by Max Wykes-Joyce

ONDON - Sixteen oew art shows are scheduled for Londoo this week alone: The critic's lot becomes increasingly one of stamina. From current shows I have selected six that repay close

Edward Wadsworth (1889-1949) was a Yorkshireman, an original participant in the Vorticist movement, who had studied engineering in Germany and who was enabled by inheriting a considerable fortune in 1921 to devote all his energies to painting, Painting, moreover, in the difficult Old Master medium of tempera. Wadsworth's Paintings from the 1920s (Mayor Gallery, 22a Cork Street, W.1. to May 28) consists of only 10 works — 2 townscapes, 4 French Mediterranean ports, 4 marine still lives — which are nevertheless sufwork.

Rodrigo Moynihan is another British artist who has pursued his own course ootroubled by the prevailing fashion. In the early 1930s, just out of art school, be painted a series of objecrive abstractions, was broadly figurative ex-pressionist in the late 1930s and, after war service, was elected Professor of Painting at the Royal College of Art in 1948 and a full Royal Academician in 1954. From that period em-

erged some massive group portraits.

However, in 1957 he resigned both his professorial chair and his membership in the academy, went to France and embarked on a sequence of uncompromisingly abstract color studies. These were augmented in the late 1960s (he lived and worked in New York from 1968 to 1971) by hard-edge abstracts based on landscape. In the 1970s began the move back to minimal realism — a studio still life, simple portraiture, a corner shelf starkly portrayed on a tondo-shaped canvas. Recent Paintings of Rodrigo Moynihan (Fischer Fine Art, 30 King Street, St. James's, S.W.1 to May 28) show a continuation of this latest trend — simple themes, economically, even austerely, represented, but with the great authority that comes from a half-century's devotion to one's metier.

For the fourth year in succession, the South African artist Cyril Fradan, a splendid colorist and draftsman with an ingenious imagination, is bolding a studio show of Paintings, Sculp-ture and Tapestry (23 Lower Addison Gar-dens, W.14 to May 30, except Monday) in which, as part of the Kensingtoo & Chelsea Arts Festival, there is also a music recital at 7:45 each evening. The studio is open from 6 p.m. to 10 p.m., and at other times by appoint-

Three splendidly arranged group shows highlight various aspects of European art in the last 175 years. At Colnaghi's, 14 Old Bood Street, W.1. to June 11, Arnoldi-Livie, a Munich gallery, is mounting A Collection of French Drawings, which range from "Two An-chors: Port of Naples" (c. 1750) by C.J. Vernet (interesting to compare the composition with the Wadsworth anchors of the 1920s) to the original watercolor for the book illustration Pornocrates: La Dame au Cochon" (1887) by

Felicien Rops.

In Visions Rich and Strange 1880-1920 (Louise Whitford Gallery, 25a Lowndes Street, Belgravia, S.W.1. to June 4) the gallery and David Hughes have once again collaborated to compile a show of 39 symbolist, fin-de-siècle and Secession works, from a chalk portrait by Rossetti to a Cezannesque invocatioo of the

dance by the young Andre Lhôte.

The Irish Revival (Pyms Gallery, 13

Motcomb Street, Belgravia, S.W.1, to June 11)
as its title implies, shows Irish paintings from 1880 to 1950. It is too often forgotten how many "English" painters of the period were Irish-born — Sir John Lavery, Sir William Orpen, Louis Le Brocquy — to name three represented here. There are also fine things by, among others, the much-less-known James H. Craig, Charles Sheehan and Letitia Hamilton.

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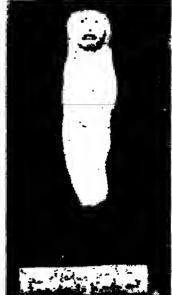
Around Galleries in Brussels

by Rona Dobson

BRUSSELS — Figures crowded into tree bark boxes, their bodies made of leaves wrapped around forest twigs, tail feathers as arms or wings, bone-white faces modeled in bread dough or clay looming out cerily from earthbrown backgrounds — all these make dramatic little tableaus from a world of woody underbrush. Jephan de Villiers, poet and artist, (at the Alexandra Monett Gallery, 154 Chaussée de Charleroi, to May 31) creates his tiny figures out of a sylvan conglomeracion of dead leaves, broken branches, fallen twigs, loose feathers and bread dough. Each face has a sharp-cut quality of highlighted nightmare, the gaping black mouths and star-tled round eyes emanating anguish

formed for this show into a strange world of isolation, with dark walls

in miniature.



Jephan de Villiers figure.

forms and in alcoves, usually at mer farm stables that have sureve-level.

"Trip into Treeland" except that from static, abstract color fields.

the English phrase would give the brown labyrinth so cunningly de-signed and constructed by Corneille Hannoset a misleadingly whimsical label. This world is closer to lorest villages entrenched in burrows between the roots of giant

Harold Cousins (sculptures at the American Library, AG Build-ing, Porte de Namur, to June 4) is a longtime American resident of Brussels whose metal sculptures are in private collections and on public buildings all over Belgium. The American Library is showing about 30 of his works covering 20 years in Europe, from the early entirely abstract pieces composed of copper plaques and slender spires to the more figurative overtooes in current sculptures. His "Pop Star" is a near-abstract figure in sharp angles and jagged edges of welded metal caged within a fence of menacing microphones, two me-

ters high. Another tall piece is the Gothie plaiton "Masai," again very close to abstract but based on a strongly figurative concept, the Africa warrior race being known for its height and courage. Beside these two high-rising sculptures, Cous-ins' "Agincourt" has the squat, sol-id look of a medieval fortress and the sculptor has even attached a heavy, trailing chain to emphasize the impression of hrutal force.

A painter very much in the New Expressionist style emerging so clearly as a trend in West Germany and Italy. Bernd Zimmer (at Galerie Albert Baronian, 89 Aveoue Emil de Beco, to May 31) creates mountainous landscapes, gla-ciers and rock swathes in bold and sweeping strokes. He is from Berlin and the Berlin artists are much more prodigal with color than their expressionist counterparts elsewhere in West Germany, who tend to somber shadows and earth hues.

Zimmer's yellows are insistent powerful slashes, his deep blue, which sometimes carries a touch more violet than the Yves Klein of eardboard forming a tree-brown blue, thick and dominant. This is maze and groups of bizarre little beings in crowded ranks or alone and the gallery — a large, barnlike in hermit seclusion set on platvived in the center of Brussels -The artist has invented a word makes a good solid background for to name his show, "Voyage on Ar- these big, restless, venturesome bonie," translatable possibly as paintings, so evidently a reaction

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BUSINESS / FINANCE

BUSINESS BRIEFS

Cockerill in Co-Production Talks

BRUSSELS — Cockerill-Sambre is holding talks with Estel Hoesch-Hoogovens and Klöckner-Werke on production arrangements designed to insure its future, senior officials of the steel company said Friday.

A European Economic Community official confirmed that the talks were taking place, and said the EEC Commission "considers that some such external deal is the only way out of Cockerill's difficulties." Proposals will be submitted to the commission by Cockerill by May 31.

The talks, already completed in some areas, involve arrangements for exchanges of steel products between the companies with a view to streamlining output, the Cockerill officials said. They said provision by Hoogovens of crude steel for rolling and galvanization at Cockerill's Liège plants could be one result.

Liège plants could be one result.

Matsushita to Market Voice Chip

TOKYO - Matsushita Electric and its semiconductor subsidiary, Matsushita Electronics, will start marketing a one-chip speech recognition large-scale integration, the MN-1263, starting next month, Matsush

Priced at 10,000 yen (about \$42), the unit's potential applications include voice command for consumer electronic products, for working equipment in dark places and as an aid for the physically handicapped,

Bond Discusses Sale of Major Asset

PERTH, Australia — The diversified Australian unining and energy group Bond Corp. Holdings is discussing the sale of a significant asset to a major corporation, the company said Friday.

Stockmarket sources in Sydney and Perth said there is a strong possibility that Bond will sell its 14.8-percent stake in Santos, the principal pariner in the 1-billion-Australian-dollar (5948-million) Cooper Basin petroleum fiquids project, which is due to start operating next year.

Bond cave no details, however, in its statement to the Perth Stock Bond gave no details, however, in its statement to the Perth Stock Exchange. The company recently lost 7 million Australian dollars on the purchase and sale of a 13.3-percent stake in Simplicity Patterns.

Peugeot Won't Pay 1981 Dividend

PARIS — Pengeot will not pay a dividend for 1981, the automaker said Friday. Its 1980 dividend was 8 francs (now about \$1.30). The company said it expects its consolidated net loss to rise to more than 2 billion francs in 1981, from a 1.5-billion-franc net loss in 1980.

Peugeot said it paid last year's parent company profit of 164 million francs into reserves, in a continuing effort to improve its financial situa-

GM Sees 1982 Sales Improvement

DETROIT - General Motors sees a significant improvement in car and truck sales before the end of this year, primarily because of the income tax cut scheduled for this summer, and the company plans oo further across-the-board layoffs of white collar workers, GM Chairman Roger G. Smith said Friday at the annual meeting.
In the 1982 first quarter, GM had U.S. factory sales of 906,000 units,

compared with 1.16 million a year earlier. For 1981, factory sales were 3.894 million compared to 4.07 million in 1980. Mr. Smith noted that salaried employment has been reduced by 27,000 over the last three years and said that GM's toughest cost-cutting steps are now over.

Meanwhile, industry figures released Thursday show that car production will not hit the 2-million mark until next week — nearly a month

later than last year - and even though 1,000 Ford and Chrysler workers are going back to work next week, at least 250,000 remain on temporary or indefinite layoffs.

Compiled From Agency Dispotches

Treasury Aide Assails

Money-Supply Growth

U.S. Treasury official sharply criti-cized recent growth in the money

supply Friday, just two days after

Federal Reserve Chairman Paul A.

Voicker defended the higher-than-

expected growth as the result of technical factors.

the Treasury for tax and economic affairs, told the congressional Joint

Economic Committee that the re-

cent increase in the money supply threatens a resurgence of inflatiou

that could jeopardize prospects for U.S. economic recovery.

He said rises in the M-1 money

supply - currency in circulation

and checking accounts — have been erratic since September and

have amounted to an average an-

onal rate of about 8.5 percent. Mr.

Ture said the growth of the mone-tary base has been even greater

He said the figures suggest that the United States "is likely to see continued growth in the money

stock ... at an untowardly high rate

for several months to come. I think

that spells resurgence or possible

resurgence of inflationary pres-

Mr. Volcker said in Chicago late Wednesday, however, that he be-

lieves money growth is now rea-sonably on track, suggesting that the Fed may not need to hold cred-

it as tight as some analysts had

target range this year. Some mar-ket participants have thought the

Fed would have to keep credit very

tight to bring M-1 quickly back

within its target growth range.

But Mr. Volcker said that the rapid growth in M-1 this year was

probably due at least partly to technical factors, and that the Fed

therefore does not believe that M-1

M-1 has been above the Fed's

during the same period.

Norman Ture, undersecretary of

Inco, a Troubled Metal Producer **Profits Were Hurt** And a Recovery Is Hampered by Slow In Its Main Business . . . By Write-Downs Nickel Industry Growth ne or loss in militons of dollar Contribution to 1981 revenues from **—\$300** 32% 200 100 The Inco Frood-Stobie nickel mine and mili, near Sudbury, Ontario, Canada -200 -300 -400 73 '75' 77' 87' 67'

-200

Nickel Miner Inco Stresses Basics In Efforts to Crawl Out of Slump

By Andrew H. Malcolm New York Times Service

TORONTO — Inco, long the dominant force in world nickel markets and a huge copper supplier, has struck a vein rich in trouble.

High interest rates and slumping demand have called forth an austere strategy at the company's ele-gant headquarters high above Torooto. Canada's capital-intensive mine operators have all been hurt by the recession, and nowhere is the harm more apparent than at Inco.

The company, which once controlled more than 85 percent of the non-Communist world's supply of nickel, the gray powder that adds strength and temperature tolerance to metals, has seen changing mar-kets and stiff competition from developing countries

chop its market share to 32 percent.

An attempt at diversification into the U.S. battery market led to a bitter takeover battle with United Technologies, a long antitrust suit and, the company now admits, a failure.

Demand for nickel is down sharply with no prospect of improving before year-end, if then. The outlook for copper, of which Inco is Canada's largest producer, is equally grim: Prices are at levels not seen since the Depression.

Overseas mining ventures, initiated just before rising energy costs made them unprofitable, have been cut back or suspended. The company's debt has grown to \$1.35 billion, requiring annual interest pay-

ments of nearly \$150 million. And Inco's contract with a militant United Steelworkers local at its main plant, in Sudbury, Oniario, ends this mooth. Inco is one of the recession's most visible casual-

ties," said Chris Bryan, a mining analyst with

Levesque Beaubien Inc. in Montreal. This year inco expects to produce about 270 mil-lico pounds of nickel, down from last year's 330 mil-lion pounds, which went to customers in the United

States (45 percent), Europe (35 percent), Japan (10 percent) and Canada and elsewhere (10 percent).
The company reported a loss for 1981, the first in 50 years, of \$469.5 million, on revenue of \$1.89 bil-

ion, compared with earnings of \$219.4 million, or \$2.56 a share, on revenue of \$2.15 billion in 1980.

The loss resulted primarily from write-downs of \$464.6 million on its closed Guatemala nickel operations and anticipated losses in the forthcoming sale of its U.S. battery business, Inco Electroenergy, For this year's first quarter, Inco reported a loss of \$37.2 million.

Shedding 'Bad Stuff'

Charles F. Baird, Inco's chairman and chief executive officer, has prescribed a rigorous program of fis-cal fitness, including layoffs among its 31,000 employees, sales of several company units, cost cutting, re-duced divideods and painful write-offs. The plans impressed investors so much that they quickly bought up a oew equity issue of 6.9 million Inco common (Continued ou Page 11, Col. 5)

Consumer Prices Rise 0.2% in U.S.

Orders for Durable Goods Fall 3.9% In Further Indication of Recession

From Agency Dispatches
WASHINGTON — U.S. CODsumer prices, rebounding from their sharpest drop in 29 years, rose in April, but at a modest rate of 0.2 percent, the Labor Department reported Friday.

Even with the increase in the La-bor Department's monthly Coo-sumer Price Index, however, inflation so far this year was still run-ning at a low level of 1.5 percent, calculated annually.

ment reported that new orders received by manufacturers of dura-ble goods fell \$3.13 billion, or 3.9 percent, in April. The department also revised the rise in March or-

last month and the backlog of un-filled orders declined 0.8 percent. And the Labor Department reported that the average weekly earnings of production workers fell a seasonally adjusted 0.2 percent in April. The decline, which folved a 0.2-percent rise in March,

The dramatic improvement in inflation in recent months has come partly as a result of the recession, which has forced firms to hold down their prices. This has contributed to a tremendous prof-

its squeeze.

Jerry Jasinowski, economist for the National Association of Manufacturers, said Thursday that "since unit labor costs in manufacturing are still rising at a 6 percent annual rate, the slowdown in price increases means that lower inflation has been achieved primarily at

the expense of shrinking profits."

The overall easing of the consumer price index, which averaged 8.9 percent last year and 12.4 percent in 1980, has bolstered many overall energy costs since the department began recording such moothly price trends in 1952.

The turnaround in food prices for the month, to an increase of 0.3 percent from the March decline of the company of the same of the company economists' predictions that, for all of 1982, inflation as measured by the CPI should be in the range of 5 percent to 6 percent. For the 12 months ending with April, the department said, inflation rose 6.6 since oil prices have no calculate this approximately approx

sional Joint Economic Committee, Janet Norwood, director of the Labor Department's Bureau of Labor

Statistics, said the "price situation has shown marked improvement during the past year, especially during the past seven months."
While saying that most of the reduction in the index during the

past year resulted from a slow-down in food and energy costs, she also noted that the "broadly based" improvement in inflation is due, in part, to "price reductions resulting from the decline in over-Later the Commerce Depart-

all economic activity."

At the White House, deputy presidential press secretary Larry Speakes said of the report: "The ders to 0.6 percent from an initially reported 1.9 percent.

Total shipments fell 0.07 percent news continues to be good. The trend toward lower inflatioo is continuing."

But in advance of the report, Edward Yardeni, chief economist for the brokerage firm E.F. Hutton & Co. in New York, said he suspects "the best of the inflation numbers are behind us for the

If consumer prices rose for 12 left real earnings 2 percent below their April, 1981, level. straight months at April's 0.2 percent, the yearly jump would be 3 percent. But the annual rate reported by the Labor Department is based oo a more precise calcula-tion of monthly changes than the figure made public.

In all, the unadjusted Consumer Price Index, base 1967, stood at 284.3 in April.

In March, the consumer price index had fallen 0.3 percent — the decline was the first since April, 1965, and the sbarpest drop since 1953. Bot such dramatic deflation was oot to last despite the steepest drop in overall energy costs since

0.3 percent, combined with increasing home prices and mortgage interest rates to more than wipe Analysts warned, bowever, that

since oil prices have now begun to stabilize, this anti-inflation bonus In testimony before the congres- is unlikely to continue.

Sir Geoffrey Howe

British Rate Of Inflation Under 10%

From Agency Disposehes

LONDON — Retail prices in
Britain rose 2 percent in April but the year-on-year rise slipped below 10 percent for the first time since Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher took office three years ago, the Employment Department reported

The retail price index had risen 0.9 percent in March, when the year-on-year rise was 10.4 percent. In April, the year-on-year increase dropped to 9.4 percent. The chancellor of the exchequer.

Sir Geoffrey Howe, predicted Fri-day that by the end of 1982 retail prices will be rising less than the mine percent that he forecast in his March budget. Government officials said that annual infladon is at its lowest

level since January, 1979, and back in single figures for the first time since March, 1979.

When Mrs. Thatcher was elected in May, 1979, the annual rate was

10.3 percent. Due to high pay settlements, doubled sales tax and higher utility and energy prices, in-flation peaked in the spring of 1980 at 21.9 percent, before steadi-April's 2-percent rise was due in

large part to increased local authority taxes, public sector housing rents and water charges, the Em-ployment Department said. Single-figure inflation has been Mrs. Thatcher's major economic

target despite record unemploy-ment and deep recession.

After April's retail price figures were released, however, govern-

ment economists said that there is no evident prospect of a further rapid fall.

Hopes for a further significant drop depend on lower interest rates, especially housing mortgage rates, which feature in the retail price index. But one economist said "I cannot see any movement on that front while the Falkland Islands crisis remains unresolved" with Argentina.

The government's aim is to get inflation down to around five percent, but most economie forecasters predict it will remain around to 10 percent through to

Money Supply Up \$2.3 Billion

From Agency Dispatches
NEW YORK — The basic
measure of the U.S. money supply, the M-1, rose \$2.3 billion

ported that commercial and industrial loans on the books of large U.S. banks fell \$444 million in the same week after a revised increase of \$3.11 billion

OPEC Agrees to Continue Ceilings on Output QUITO, Ecuador - OPEC oil tion for the benchmark price.

the Federal Reserve said Fri-day. Analysts had expected the M-1 to show little change.

The Federal Reserve also re-

the previous week.

In Washington, the Fed reported that its Open Market
Committee voted in March to
seek M-1 growth of 3 percent
from March to June.

ed. It was forecast earlier Friday by OPEC President Eduardo Ortega of Venezuela, who said the ceil-Wall Street Reverses Price Slide

From Agency Dispatches

NEW YORK — Prices on the
New York Stock Exchange closed higher Friday, reversing a string of

by excessive money creation at the expense of inflationary fears would, it seems to me, be short-The Dow Jones industrial average closed ahead 3.42 points at Some economists believe that the Fed's tight money policy is largely responsible for persistent high interest rates. Mr. Volcker

present monetary targets should allow "enough money to support economic recovery, consistent with continued progress against inflation," and he called again for action to reduce the U.S. budget deficit, which he said would help lower interest rates.

M-l is inflated for technical rea-

The increase in M-1 this year has largely been due to a buildup in interest-bearing checking ac-

counts. This may have come more

from a desire to increase savings

for precautionary reasons than to

an increase in the money that peo-ple planned to spend, Mr. Volcker

Thus, analysts said, the original

M-1 targets have been somewhat

tighter than intended, and over-shooting the M-l target is there-fore not necessarily out of line

with the Fed's intentions when it

"Obviously, we want to have enough financial growth to sup-port recovery," Mr. Volcker said. However, he cantioned that "to at-

mpt to push interest rates down

sons he said.

But Mr. Ture, citing "the historical record," said he does not be-lieve there is any correlation be-tween a high federal budget deficit and rises in interest rates.

Mr. Volcker said money policy should be set and reviewed in the light of "the general economic environment — including conditions in the money, capital and foreign exchange markets, the federal budis now "out of line with our pur-poses." Other money measures are getary posture and other factors."

835.90, after having been up slightly all day. Advances narrowly outpaced declines as volume nar-rowed to 45 million shares from 48,33 million Thursday.
Trading was featureless, and analysts said the market's improvekets, they said.

ment during the day reflected a technical correction from its recent

Analysts said much of the early buying, when the market was ahead oearly 4 points, represented bargain bunting following the mar-ket's seven-session slide in which the Dow average dropped 36.72 points, the longest losing streak in nearly a year.

Hildegard Zagorski of Bache Group said the gain in prices was to be expected, coming after the declines. "But, the problem is bolding on to the gains," he said. Analysts ooted that the escala-

pute also was a factor inhibiting the market, although news that British forces had landed on the islands prompted little reaction since such an action had been ex-

oecretary-Genera

Marc Saturnin Nan Nguema of Gabon said after a closed ministe-

rial meeting. He said the group's \$34-a-barrel benchmark price

OPEC set an output ceiling of

18 million barrels a day in March. This was later effectively reduced

to 17.5 millioo after Saudi Arabia

cut its own ceiling to 7 million bar-rels a day from 7.5 million.

The decision was oot unexpect-

would also remain unchanged.

The 0.2-percent rise in U.S. April consumer prices was in line with expectations and also had little immediate impact on the mar-

But the analysts added that uncertainty about the economy and interest rates continued to limit the market's ability to rally. They noted the Federal Re-

serve's recent actions in the money market led to speculation that it may have eased its monetary policy slightly, although the analysts said the problems of Drysdale Government Securities made the Fed's actions particularly difficult to interpret this week. A spokesman for the Federal

Reserve said Friday the federal reserve system loaned \$379 million in securities to government securi-ties dealers on Wednesday to cover the market disruption caused by Drysdale's failure to pay interest it owed oo securities.

The credit markets extended Thursday's gains as federal funds

ministers agreed Friday to cootinue the group's oil production ceiling at its present level until further

OPEC Sanatari Control

Sandi Arabia's oil minister,
Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani, had
ruled out any cut in the bench-Thursday night be repeated predic-tions that the level would hold

through oext year. while that OPEC's four-minister market monitoring committee was likely to meet in the first week of July to review the production accord, and to decide whether to hold a full ministerial meeting to

change the ceiling. Under the agreement reached in Vienna in March, Saudi Arabia said it was willing to cut its buge output as far as necessary to main-

tain the \$34 benchmark price, pro-

overnight loans dropped sharply.
The federal funds rate opened

Friday at 13.75 percent and

slipped quickly to 13.25 percent, compared with Thursday's 14.28

percent. Dealers said there was

two-way business, with the higher price levels attracting profit-takers

and limited retail buying interest

U.S. Trust cut its broker loan rate to 14% percent from 15%. Rates at other major banks range

from 15% to 16% percent.
On the trading floor, Chase
Manhattan, which had fallen more

than seven points since Monday

following disclosure of the prob-lems of Drysdale, rose % to 45%.

er bank involved in the Drysdale problems, was unchanged at 28%.

Citicorp gained % to 26% in active

trading.
On the American Stock Ex-

change, a block of 1,459,300 shares

of Dome Petroleum traded at 5% a share, the third largest block ever

traded on the exchange in terms of

The Canadian-based oil compa-

ny said earlier this week that it would sell its U.S. exploration and

producing properties to help pay

the number of shares.

for its heavy debt load.

Manufacturers Hanover, anoth-

vided other members held to asing would be extended as protec-

said privately that the Saudi-led OPEC majority appeared ready to ignore Iran's conduct. Delegates had said earlier that. with OPEC output running at least

I million barrels a day below the ceiling, talk of raising or removing the limit was academic. The cartel is counting on a revi-val in demand later this year to boost its output from what it esti-

mates is now 16.5 million barrels a day, sharply down from the 31-million-barrel peak of 1979.

Delegates also said that discussigned quotas.

Only Iran appears to be exceeding its limit — 1.2 million barrels a day — and selling crude below oflood the market to beli their economies. One delegate said privately that

Iran seemed to have decided to adopt what he called obstruction tactics. He and other delegates said much of Thursday's session was taken up with Iranian objections to continued OPEC financial aid to an energy studies institute based in Britain. The institute at Oxford University is assisted by OPEC and the Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Coun-

EGYPTIAN GENERAL PETROLEUM CORP. (E.G.P.C.)

INVITATION TO INTERNATIONAL TENDERS

EGPC has obtained a loan from the World Bank for Abu Qir Gos Field Development, Phase II project.

Western Desert Operating Petroleum Company "WEPCO", on behalf of EGPC invites tenderers to submit their quotations for letting two Tug/Anchor handling and supply for drilling activities back up.

Tender Documents can be withdrawn from WEPCO Office, Alexandria as from Sunday, May 23rd, 1982 against payment of E.£20.- or U.S. \$30.

Closing date for submitting offers is noon Sunday 4th, July 1982.

Those interested should contact:

The Operations Manager - WEPCO - Safia Zaghloul Str., Borg El Saghr Building - P.O. Box 412 - Alexandria, Egypt - Telex 54075 UN.

7 Firms Consider Engine Project

From Agency Dispatches
EAST HARTFORD, Conn. -Companies from the United / States, Britain, Japan, West Germany and Italy will begin formal discussions next month on a consortium to design and build a new , jet engine for the proposed 150seat commercial aircraft market.

A spokesman for United Technologies' Pratt & Whitney engine subsidiary said Thursday that the engine would be suited for the Airbus Industrie A-320, or a new Boeing 7x7, now being considered, among other medium-range air-

The planes, expected to enter the market late in the decade, would provide an alternative in size, midway between larger and

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smaller commercial airliners. Both Delta Airlines and Air France have expressed interest in such aircraft - considered the passenger planes of the future - but

the development of a new fuel-efficient engine is a key factor. The engine development program would be too great a risk for

one company to undertake on its own, the Pratt & Whitney spokes-men said, with the engineering and development costs put at more than \$1 billion.

Therefore, he said, United Tech-nologies is considering joining a possible venture with Rolls Royce of Britain, Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Kawasaki Heavy Industries and Ishikawajima Harima Heavy Industries, all of Japan, Fiat Aviazione of Italy and Mosimilar arrangement with General Electric but that GE later was retoreo-und Turbinen-Union of

United Technologies said the companies, some of which already have held preliminary discussions, hope to have the configuration and performance standards for the engine set by mid-summer.

West Germany.

The group would have an engine

1987 or early 1988, the U.S. engine

Pratt & Whitney hopes to be able to capture a sizable portiou of the overseas engice markets through its participation in the group once airlines begin making new aircraft purchases in the late

The Pratt & Whitney spokesman said that the first round of formal talks probably would be held in London. Rolls Royce had considered a

jected, the Pratt & Whitney spokesman added. GE is now working with Snecma of France on a new engine for 150seat commercial aircraft. Rolls Royce has been working with the three Japanese firms on the RJ-500

CURRENCY RATES

Interbank exchange rates for May 21, 1982, excluding bank service charges. B.F. S.F. D.K. 5.896 * 130,70 * 32,70 * 29.35 14.0268 163.10 5.30 * 117,80 * 2995 4.135 — 3L37 ° 1,86 x
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Canadian Indexes May 21, 1982

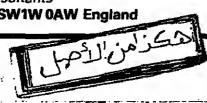
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Selected Over-the-Counter

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20, 1982

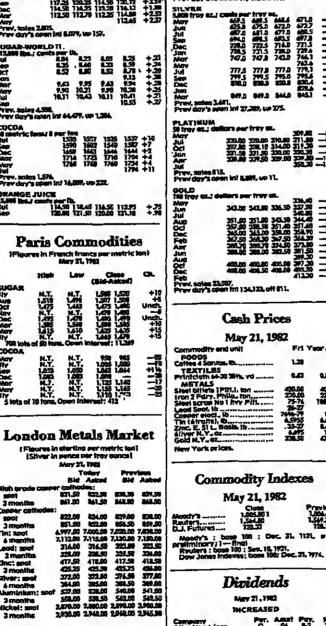
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[Prices in sterling per metric ton]

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ASK FOR IT EVERY DAY.

International Heraid Tribune

Chase Begins to Liquidate Drysdale's Bonds

NEW YORK - The Chase Manhattan Bank has begun the laborious job of liquidating \$4.5 bil-lion in bonds at Drysdale Government Securities to convert the mountain of paper to cash follow-ing its surprise decision to pay off

The total - interest payments aiready due and to come due over the coming year — is expected to reach \$270 million. Some \$160 million that came due last Monday has already been paid by Chase to

securities.

Asked how long it would take
Chase to convert Drysdale's positions to cash, a bank spokesman, Fraser Seitel, said Thursday it was "premature to speculate." He said Chase's objective was to "liquidate the portfolio in an orderly way.

Drysdale's debts to Wall Street coming year.

Ailing Inco Seeks Rebound By Putting Stress on Basics

(Continued from Page 9)

shares last week. The \$73 million will reduce Ioco's debt. "At this time," the 59-year-old Mr. Baird, a former Exxon execu-tive and under secretary of the U.S. Navy, said in an interview, "it

Many analysts agree, although they would have preferred the steps scooper. "It's part of the corporate life cycle," said Terence Ortslan of Jooes Heward & Co. "Expansion, diversification, misakes and conservatively back to basics. Management, instead of riding out the storm, saw it as too dangerous and decided to sell off

the bad stuff." Inco's "bad stuff," most every-one agrees now, came from its 1974 acquisition of ESB Inc., the Philadelphia company whose auto-motive, consumer and industrial battery businesses, using the Exide and Ray-O-Vac brand oames, appeared to offer opportunities, especially if the new electric car batteries containing nickel took bold in the late 1970s. They did not. In a hostile joust for ESB with United Technologies, Inco's origi-nal offer of \$160 million was driven up to \$234 million.

Mining, Not Marketing

By the time the antitrust suit was dropped, the auto battery business had slumped along with the auto business. In addition, Exide was late in promoting its maintenance-free batteries and Ray-O-Vac was slow to match the competition's new alkaline batteries. "Inco's strength is mining, not marketing," said Vay Jonynas, an analyst with Nesbitt Thomson

buyers were negotiating for pieces of the battery business and that be expected all sales to be "substantially over by 1983.

Inco's Canadian mines.

Fewer Carmakers Seen in 5 Years

MUNICH — In five years, only six or seven major international car makers may be left, the execuchairman of Ford-Werke, Daniel Goendevert, said in an in-terview released Friday. A few years ago it was still be-

leved that a manufacturer could remain in the world league with an output of 2 million vehicles a year, Mr. Goeudevert said in an interview to appear in the West German edition of Playboy magazine. But annual production of about 6 million will be necessary in a few

Record French Trade Cap

30 or so dealers in government securities.

Asked how loop it avoid take wide-ranging review to determine wide-ranging review to determine the control of th

The payments represent the in-terest that Drysdale owed the deal-ers on borrowed Treasury bills plus \$1 to million in additional interest that will come due in the

Meanwhile, the Securities and

Inco's difficulties have sent its

share price on the New York Stock Exchange down to about \$10 from

a high in the past year of \$23.25.

Foreign Interest The new issue offered units of one share and one-half warrant for

In the future, said Mr. Baird,

who joined Inco in 1969, investors will find a modified Inco, with its

base in nickel and copper but with

new mining and other interests providing a third of its income.

These new or expanded areas include gold, chromite, tungsten,

uranium, and new alloys as well as

biogenetics and petroleum. "I spent half my career at Exxon," Mr. Baird said. "In the long run

the oil business is very attractive."

Japan's Industry

Reports Smallest

Growth in 4 Years

Renters

TOKYO — The 3,7-percent growth in Japan's industrial production in the fiscal year ended in

March was the lowest since the 32-percent gain in fiscal 1977, and

below the government's downward revised forecast of 4.3-percent for

the year, the Ministry for Interna-

tional Trade and Industry said Fri-

The seasonally-adjusted produc-tion index for the January to

March, 1982, quarter fell one per-

cent from the preceding quarter, the first fall in six quarterly peri-

Ministry officials said stagnant

domestic demand and sluggish exports forced a one-percent drop in production of machinery from the

preceding quarter, the first quarterly fall in seven years.

They said overall production was also affected a by a slow re-

COMPANY

REPORTS

Revenue and profits, in millions, are in local

Toray Industries

1982 3,938,830.

19\$1 530,710. 12,320.

industrial production grown 4.5 percent in fiscal 1980,

which ended in March, 1981.

"The new equity issue was good timing for investors, though not necessarily for the company," said Mr. Ortslan of Jones Heward, adding, "Inco could be a real turnaround." makes sense to cut back to our ba-sic business."

13.75 Canadian dollars (\$11.18). A full warrant entitles holders to purchase one common share at 16

Bongard Inc. Mr. Baird said that several

Inco also ordered a total writeoff on its new open-pit mine in Guatemala, even though it retains some future value. Tropical nickel operations involve lateritic nickel, which takes five times the energy to process as the sulphide nickel at The company's mine-mill-smelt-

er complex in Sudbury is the world's largest, with 12,500 workers. There, contract negotiations continue in an unusually quiet atmosphere as the company seeks to avert e repeat of an eight-month strike in 1978. Just in case, Inco has built a six-mouth inventory.

years for an automaker to remain profitable, he added.

PARIS - French trade showed a record deficit of 10.16 billion francs (about \$1.7 billion) in April, seasonally adjusted, the Foreign Trade Ministry said Friday. The how the Drysdale affair developed.

Drysdale Government was creeted, with about \$28 million of capital, in January by Drysdale Securities, a firm with \$5.5 million in capital whose trading activity in Treasury issues amounted to only about \$700 million just a year ago. according to documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Com-

Drysdale Government quickly put together a balance sheet totaling an estimated \$4 billion or more as it gained a reputation for aggressive trading.

Peter J. Wasserman, president of Drysdale Securities, declined Thursday to say whether the loss of that investment would imperil the Drysdale Securities capital position, but said that "we are satis-fying all capital requirements."

He added that Drysdale Securiries and Drysdale Government were totally separate entities. "We have no say in the operations of the government securities firm, and we are not involved in their negotiations."

Wall Street dealers have voiced mazement that Chase, in deciding Wednesday to take responsibility for Drysdale Government's debts, said that it nevertheless reserved the right to sue the dealers to get the money back. One Wall Street dealer said he found the bank's statement "unbelievable."

Canadian dollars during the three In a dangerous series of events that threatened to disrupt severely years beginning oext Aug. 20. Response reportedly was strong-er among foreign investors, who the government securities market along with several Wall Street houses, Chase announced on Monare apparently less skeptical about loco, which is the Canadian corpo-rate descendant of a 1902 New Jerday that Drysdale had defaulted on \$160 million in interest payrate descendant of a 1902 New Jersey merger between Canadian Copper and Orford Copper. Although 70 percent of Inco's 62,054 shareholders are Canadians, they control only 54 percent of the 77 million shares. U.S. citizens, who number 28 percent, hold 34 percent of the shares. ments due dealers that day and that, since the bank had only acted as Drysdale Government's agent, it would not take responsibility for the default.

Wall Street executives, however, explained privately to Chase offi-cials that the markets were so frag-ile and so interconnected that a default of such dimensions would set

In taking responsibility for the in taking responsionity for the interest payments, Chase would go no further than to say that it expected to write off the \$135 million in the second quarter because of its involvement. The figure implied a before-tax loss of \$270 million. Chase would neither confirm nor

to say that it had already paid the \$160 million due last Monday. Money Said Lost in Market

deny the total amount, other than

Meanwhile, Marvin Gersten, a lawyer for Drysdale Government lawyer for Drysdaie Government, said Thursday that the unpaid interest money "didn't go anywhere but in the market ... When you're on the wrong side of the

market, you take losses."

He added: "Right now, Drysdale isn't trading any government securities and doesn't intend to do so in the future." He said the firm would remain in business, but that no decision had yet been made

ebout its future operations.

He declined comment on Wall Street reports that Drysdale Government was considering lawsuits against some dealers that may have played a role in the company's default.

Kyoto Ceramic Plans To Absorb Subsidiaries

TOKYO - Kyoto Ceramic, a major manufacturer of ceramic products for the electronics industry, will ebsorb its four subsidiar-ies on Oct. 1 and change the par-ent company name to Kyocera, the company said Friday.

The subsidiaries are Cybernet Electronic, an electronic parts manufacturer; Crescent Vert, e seller of precious metal products; Nippon Cast, a precious metal and jewel processor, and New Medical, a seller of medical machines. The company's capital will increase to 4.6 billion yen (about \$19.3 mil-lion) from 3.8 billion now.

Eurocurrency Interest Rates

1 M. 16/2-14/6 2 M. 16/2-14/6 2 M. 16/4-14/4 6 M. 16/6-14/6 1 Y. 16/4-14/6

Floating Rate Notes Closing prices, May 21, 1982 Banks

Non Banks

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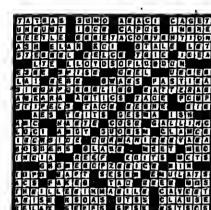
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Solution to Last Week's Puzzle



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ADVERTISEMENT INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

May 21, 1982	
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BOOKS

TO SEE YOU AGAIN

By Alice Adams. 304 pp. \$13.50. Alfred A. Knopf, 201 East 52nd Street, New York, N.Y. 10022.

Reviewed by Stephen Goodwin

A LICE Adams is a writer who hit her stride early and has been going flat out ever since. Even her In her fiction things happen fast, and her prose accelerates to keep pace

with them.
"To See You Again" is her second collection of short stories, many of which first appeared in The New Yorker. Her readers will recognize their formidable worldliness. This worldliness is more than an attitude, a matter of style or sophistication; it amounts to a metaphysics, the wis-dom of the world. Adams casts a cold eye on romance, nostalgia, anything that smacks of sentiment. She is staunchly on the side of those who believe that happiness, if it lies any-

where, lies in reality. Nothing lasts, least of all the relationships between men and women.

Adams fiction, including this new collection, is populated with women who are divorced, widowed, or between affairs. Willingly or not, they are on their own, and the tricky lesson they all must learn is how to live with-

The lesson is tricky because, first of all, they have been raised with the expectation of marriage. These are intelligent, well-educated women from affluent families; and even if their parfluent families; and even if their parents' marriage was miserable (it usually was; the father who recurs in Adams' fiction is a hard-drinking brutal, glamorous womanizer), they expect to do better. What they do instead is repeat their parents' mistakes.

And so they get divorced and move

to San Francisco, the setting for several of these stories. The city is heady, anonymous, and dangerous — Adams does not celebrate it as, say, Bellow celebrates Chicago. Yet it is the ideal place for those women to start over. They are not only leaving men be-hind; they are shedding their past, the past that dictated the choice of the wrong men. They have literally to recreate themselves, to make themselves over - in their own image.

Men Swim By

These women have not completely sworn off men. They can't; they enjoy them too much. The crotic currents are murky and powerful. Sex, not love, is the great mystery in Adams' fiction. The men swim by like so many fish, brilliant and colorful in the moment before they disappear, as they inevitably do. The women re-spond to their grace and beauty with a sensual gusto that is the traditional response of men to women

The conflict - not the outward conflict between men and women, but the private and inward conflict of individual women - runs through all of Adams' work. Her women value men but they prize their own independ-ence. She treats the conflict as given, a tension so familiar and commonpla that it requires no explanation. She is not particularly interested in the observation of emotional and psychological niceties. She would rather show us how people act than how they feel.

The result, of course, is that her stories have a decidedly moral cast. They can be read much as Hemingway's stories were and sometimes still are read, as advice. In fact, her fiction does for women something very similar to what Hemingway's fiction did for men: it embodies a code.

Several of the key rules of this code are stated forthrightly in the description of the young woman in "An Un-scheduled Stop." Flying over the town where she grew up, she has burst into

"The young woman . . . who is not on drags, or drunk, has been deeply mortified by those tears, which came on her like a fit, a seizure. Generally she is a disciplined person; she behaves well, even under emotional stress. She does not make somes, does not cry in public, rarely cries alone."

A "disciplined person"—this woman has created herself through an effect of the rail. She rally benefit she came on her like a fit, a scizure. Gen-

fort of the will. She tells herself that she has made "precisely the sort of 'unconscious' mistake that people who pride themselves on rationality, on control, are most prone to make. . . It is how they do them-selves in, finally." The code is not

easy to apply.

It requires more than resolution and intelligence of the women who adopts it; it requires fortitude. The woman in "Berkeley House" learns that her stepmother, from who she is estranged, is going to sell the house in which she grew up. "If I can't have it no one will, she wildly thought, at that most vulnerable pre-dawn hour." In the very next sentence comes the reassertion of control: "She had no right to any of these emotions." Yet she cannot censor her dreams, which are frequently of the house. She regards the dreams as "unbearably senimental, not to mention infantile."
Here, again, the "unconscious" has impinged, bringing with it its residue of grief and rage. The code requires her to bear her loss and her dreams in silence. She doesn't allow herself to tell her lover about her dreams until the dreams have ended.

There are many other similarities between these two stories, including a professional resemblance — one woman is a painter, the other a magazine writer. In both stories the encroach-ment of the "unconscious" is assimi lated into their work. The painter finishes a landscape — "its tidiness pos-sibly being a counter to the confusion in her mind"— and without showing it to anyone takes it to her gallery, where it is immediately sold for enough money to live on for several months. The code emphasizes the im-portance of work as a source of self-expression and self-esteem. And the code has a bottom line: money, usually in short supply for Adams' women, is always the condition of their inde-

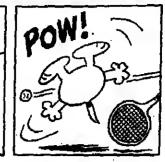
Provide, provide — this is, after all, the wisdom of the world, the most ancient wisdom. Alice Adams has updated and adapted it; her women are sane and civilized and frequently gallant; her stories are true and contemporary, a part of the history of our own times.

I am equally sure that I will only sound like a dog in the manger when I say that the wisdom of the world is not enough. It aims low, it is a strategy for cutting your losses. No wonder Alice Adams' characters move so fast some thing might be gaining on

Stephen Goodwin is the author of "The Blood of Paradise." He wrote this review for the Washington Post.

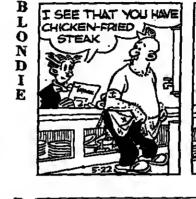


OTHERS SAY AN AMATEUR PLAYS ONLY FOR SPORT AND NOT FOR MONEY





































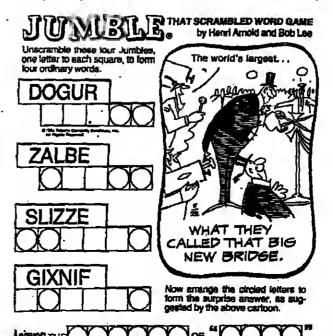










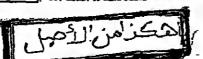


Jumbles: AXIOM FOUNT DELUGE PARLOR Answer: So "uninspiring"—that chopped-up meat—
"TAME"

Imprimé par P.I.O. . 1; Boulevard Ney 75018 Paris



WOULD A FACE-LIFT MAKE ME TALLER ?"



SPORTS

Teltscher Ousts Dibbs From the Italian Open

ROME — Eliot Teltscher beat Eddie Dibbe, 6-2, 6-2, on Friday to reach the semifinals of the Italian Open tennis tournament. Teltscher, seeded feurth and the highest resed left in the forware and the figures. play Pable Arraya of Peru in Sat-urday's semificals. Arraya upser Wortek Fibak, 2-6, 6-3, 6-2. Mats Wilander, a 17-year-old

Swede, gained the semifinals with a 6-1, 6-1 victory over Tomas Smid of Czedioslovakia. Wilander was to be paired against Andres Gomez of Ecuador, who eliminat-ed Jose Higneras, 6-2, 3-6, 6-3. Telischer, ranked 10th in the

world and now rated the favorite here, polished off Dibbs in 80 minutes in a center court match at the Foro Italico. He took complete control from the start with a pressing game from the baseline on the slow clay courts, playing long and then stunning Dibbs with perfectly executed drop shots.

In the first set, he broke Dibbs in the fifth game to take a 3-2 lead, and then again two games later to wrap up the set. Dibbs appeared to gain strength at the second set, but Teltscher hung in against him, fi-nally breaking his serve in the fifth same to set the stage for his victo-

Wilander, seeded 14th, said he naich against Smid. But the in straight sets.

"Everything went beautifully, it was the best match I ever played," he said after oussing the more experienced Smid.

A consistent hard hitter with a two-fisted backhand, Wilander has been compared to Björn Borg, who won the title at Rome when he was 17. But Wilander is modest about

"lt's difficult to be compared to Borg because he's the best player ever, perhaps," Wilander said. And although their games are similar, Wilander asserted that he

did not model himself after Borg. Gomez, 22 years old, also has played impressively here, coming off victories over Ilie Nastase, Yannick Noah and Higueras, who eliminated Vitas Gerulaitis in the quarterfinals

Gomez kept the ball moving against Higueras and displayed an array of passing shots when the Spaniard ventured to the net.

By beating Fibak, Arraya eliminated a seeded player for the second time in the tournament. Earlier this week, the 20-year-old Peruvian, who was born in Argentina, played his best tennis ever in his ousted second-seeded Johan Kriek

Gadusek Upsets Mandlikova

RERLIN - Bonnie Gadusek, an 18-year-old American, scored a 7-5, 6-3 upset victory Friday over top-seeded Hana Mandlikova of Czechoslovakia in the quarterfi-nals of the German Open tennis tournament in West Berlin.

In the semifinals, Gadusek will face Bettina Bunge, who trounced Dak Hee Lee, 6-0, 6-1. And Kathy Rinaldi defeated Mima Jausoves 4-6, 6-3, 7-5, to earn a semifinal berth against Sylvia Hanika, who beat Andrea Leand, 6-2, 7-5.

Gadusek fashioned a steady game from the baseline punctuated with winning shots, while Mandlikova's unforced errors outnumbered her winners.

career as a prospective Olympie gymnast. She clinched the first set by winning three straight games af-ter being down, 4-5, with Mandlikova serving for the set.
The second set went with serve

until the eighth game when Ga-dusek forced Mandikova, 20, to make three costly errors, the last when the French Open champion netted a forehand after a long rai-

Gadusek then served for the match in determined fashion, foreing Mandlikova into four errors winning the game to love.

"I tried to play my game and be consistent and get that extra ball back which put pressure on Hana," Gadusek said. "I tried oot numbered her winners.
Gadusek took up tennis only six years ago after a bad fall ended her to think that I was playing the top seed, I just concentrated on playing the ball."



Tom Brookens, the Tiger third baseman, robbing Oakland's Fred Stanley of a hit.

Herndon 5-for-5 as Tigers Rout A's

DETROIT - Mike Ivie hit a pair of two-run homers, and Larry Herndon went 5-for-5 to support the seven-hit pitching of Milt Wilcox and lead the Detroit Tigers to their eighth consecutive victory, an 11-3 triumph Thursday night over

the Oakland A's. lvie hit his first home run of the name in the first inning off Tom Underwood (1-3) and his fourth of the season to greet reliever Bob Owchinko in the middle of Detroit's five-run fourth inning.

Wilcox (3-2) walked five and struck out four in pitching his third complete game of the season. Herndon's perfect night at the late included two triples and an RBI, and Kirk Gibson drove in three runs and scored twice as the Tigers recorded 17 hits.

Red Sox 11, Mariners 2

At Boston, Jim Rice knocked in five runs with a three-run homer and a double, and Rich Gedman added a three-run homer to lead

Seattle, Carl Yastrzemski added a of Scott McGregor and lead the home run for Boston and knocked in another run with a single. Yastrzemski scored the 1,740th run of his career, tying him with Honus Wagner for 15th place on the all-

Brewers 4, Angels 1 At Milwaukee, Don Money hit a

two-run double to highlight a three-run first inning, and Moose

BASEBALL ROUNDUP Haas scattered six hits as Milwaukee beat California, 4-1, and snapped the Angels six-game

winning streak. Orioles 6, Twins 0 At Baltimore, Cal Ripken drove in three runs with a single and a double to back the five-hit pitching

Major League Standings NATIONAL LEAGUE

Curiscort But	H M /M /
Chicago	16 22 421 714
	West
Atlanta	25 12 A5K
San Diego	19 17 528 5
Los Angeles	19 20 487 614
Houston	18 21 462 714
Son Francisco	17 22 .436 8Va
Cincinnoti	16 21 432 819
	AN LEAGUE
	Sost
	W L Pct. GB
Detroit	24 12 667 -
Baston	25 13 A58 -
Milyoukee	19 17 528 5
New York	17 19 472 7
Boltimore	16 20 444 6
Torocto	16 21 432 819
Claveland	
	15 21 A17 9
	West
Chicogo	24 12 467
California	24 14 450

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Texas Rangers—Placed Lee Mazz buffielder, on the 21-day disabled list. they had no comment. They solve to make me a Bill. It became

contract of Brad Guiden, cother, from Wichits of the American Association. Rumaved Milte Phillips, infielder, from their 25-man roster for

DeBusschare executive vice president and director of basicitical aperations. Signed Huble Brown to a multiware control on Head cooch. SAN ANTONIO SPURS—Stoned Stan Albect. hapd coach, to a three-year contract. FOOTBALL

HOCKEY

gled home Al Woods with the go-ahead run in the seventh to give At Cleveland, Ernie Whitt sin-Toronto's Jim Clancy (5-2) his fifth consecutive victory, a 2-0 defeat of Cleveland.

Blue Jays 2, Indians 0

Cardinals 6, Padres 3

In the National League, at San Diego, Dave LaPoint scattered eight hits over seven innings to belp St. Louis beat San Diego, 6-3. Glants 3, Pirates 1

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At San Francisco, Joe Morgan singled home two runs in the eighth inning to lift San Francisco to a 3-1 victory over Pittsburgh. Cubs 8, Dodgers 3 At Los Angeles, Ferguson Jen-

kins pitched a six-hitter in leading Chicago to an 8-3 triumph over

Big Rebound for Dave DeBusschere

Former Player Insists on Being the Boss, Not a Messenger

By Dave Anderson New York Times Service NEW YORK - Thousands of words were uttered when the New York Knicks announced the return of Dave DeBusschere, this time as executive vice president, and the arrival of Hubie Brown as the new

But the most important development for the future of the National Basketball Association team was never put into so many words, only into sly smiles or raised eye-brows. The most important devel-opment is that DeBusschere, who grabbed rebounds on the 1970 and 1973 championship teams, has boxed out Sonny Werblin, the Madison Square Garden impresar-io, just as he boxed out Gus Johnson of the Baltimore Bullets in their memorable duels.

A Basketball Man Again All that DeBusschere will say is, "I have control over all basketball operations, period," and "I have an understanding" rather than a clause in his contract. But that's

DeBusschere knew that if he were to take the Knicks' job, he would have to be the boss, not a messenger. Eight years ago, when he retired as a player, DeBusschere was hired as the New York Nets' general manager, but the owner there, Roy L.M. Boe, maintained

DeBusschere eventually trans-ferred to the commissioner's role in the American Basketball Association and implemented the merger with the National Basketball Association before becoming a busi-nessman. But now he's a basketball man again. And he wants to do it his way, not Werblin's way.

If the Knicks return to glory, nothing would please Werblin more than to have DeBusschere do Werblin, unlike George Steinbr-

enner, does not have to get into the act. He proved that during the recent hockey season when Herb Brooks, the new coach, lifted the Rangers to respectability. Werblin left Brooks alone. But as the Knicks struggled, Werblin could not resist becoming involved. Too involved.

Because of his trust in Red Holzman's judgment, Werblin ighockey no, football no. At least no



Dave DeBusschere ...in his playing days.

nored Eddie Donovan, who wisely has been retained by DeBusschere as director of player personnel.

When the Knicks were considering trading Ray Williams last year, Donovan wanted to keep him. But when Holzman wanted to trade Werblin agreed with the coach, who is now a "consultant" for the second time in his career following the Knicks' disastrous season — an uninspiring 33-49 record that attracted an average crowd of only 10,777.

As the season progressed, Werb-lin chewed out the players in their locker room, the same players he often enjoyed being around at Charley O's after a game.

As the Garden's chief executive

officer, Werblin surely was within his domain in both criticizing his players and socializing with them. But the problem was that Werblin does not know basketball. Nor does he know hockey. Nor did be know football when be was president of the New York Jets.

The season the Jets went on to win Super Bowl III, remember, was the season after Werblin had been bought out by the other Jet partners, notably Leon Hess. Throughout his career, what David (Sonny) Werblin has known is show business. But basketball no, more than any other well-informed fan, and probably a lot less.

Now the Knicks are DeBussch-'ere's team. But the question re-mains: Is Hubie Brown really De-Busschere's choice as coach or is he Werblin's coach? The joke before Thursday's news conference was that DeBusschere's first move as "executive vice president and director of basketball operations" would be to discharge Brown.

But that didn't happen, at least not Thursday.

Werblin had been talking to Brown before he hired DeBusschere, but Werblin had been interested in other coaches, too - Stan Albeck, of the San Antonio Spurs; Paul Westhead, once of the Los Angeles Lakers, and Dave Gavitt, once of Providence College and now the Big East Conference com-

In time, Brown might be too vol-atile and too voluble for De-Busschere but, for now, he appears to be the ideal coach to retool the team that didn't seem to care.

No Laughing Matter

On Thursday, Brown emerged as a master of the malaprop. He reminisced about how, when he was growing up in Elizabeth, N.J., the Knicks played in the 69th Street Armory (It was the 69th Regiment Armory). He talked about the book that David Hammerstam had written about the Portland Trail Blazers (sorry, Hubie, but it's David Halberstam). And he mentioned how a "work ethnic" is necessary if a basketball

team is to be successful. You can laugh at "work ethnic" but when training camp opens, the Knicks won't be laughing.

NBA Playoffs

SEMIFINAL ROUND Eastern Conference
Basion vs. Philodelphia
(Philodelphia lands series 3-2)
Anay 9 — Baston 121, Philodelphia 81
May 12 — Philodelphia 121, Baston 113
May 15 — Philodelphia 191, Baston 177
May 14 — Philodelphia 191, Baston 94
Anay 19 — Baston 114, Philodelphia 165
Anay 21 — Baston of Philodelphia
x-May 22 — Philodelphia 165
Baston of Philodelphia

Western Conference See Antonio vs. Los An (Los Aspeles wiss series 4-6)
May 9 — Los Aspeles 126, San Antonio 117
Any 11 — Los Aspeles 120, San Antonio 161

Pall Over Monte Carlo Grand Prix

MONTE CARLO - The death of Gilles Villeneuve two weeks ago has cast a pail over the Monte Car-lo Grand Prix, scheduled for Sun-

most popular Formula One driv-ers, but he also lived in Monte teams at Imola — would re-estab-before it had even rolled onto the Carlo and was the winner of last year's Monaco race.

The hole in the Ferrari pit left h by the absence of Villeneuve's car tells its own story. Ferrari will run h piccinini, the team boss, reflects is a sai camp by saying: "I came to the still cannot express how I feel that he is no longer with us."

But Piccinini still has a car to

prepare, that of Didier Pironi. While the drivers relaxed in the Monaco sunshine Friday between the two days of practice, the Tal-

whether to pull out of the Grand And relations between the president of the International Auto Sports Federation, Jean-Marie Balestre, and the Monaco race organizers have been brought to a

Ballestre banned officials of the French Automobile Federation (of which he is also the head) from providing their usual assistance to the Monaco organizers because of run this year."

B. Unser to Forgo Indianapolis 500

Unser, a three-time winner and de-fending champion of the Indianap-olis 500, announced Friday that he will pass up this year's race and concentrate instead on managing Josele Garza of Mexico.

take over another team's backup car in an attempt to qualify for the May 30 race. But Garza crashed May 30 race. But Garza crashed during practice prior to the opening weekend of qualifying and was unable to get his backup ear into the lineup last week. That left the team scrambling to get Garza ready for the final weekend of constitutions.

Monaco representatives at the re- Villeneuve's death, the first of a 'cent FISA congress in Casablanca. driver at a Grand Prix race in al-There seemed little chance that most four years.

Formula One — which this season . Talbot Ligier was furious about

has seen a drivers strike in Sooth the banning of its new JS19 car, Africa, disqualifications of illegal the vear-old Canadian, one of the cars in Brazil, Long Beach and Belling and development.

Not surprisingly, the new, butchered car did not prove very competitive, with Eddie Cheever and Jacques Laffic recording only

day's first practice session.

Guy Ligier, the team boss, decided to wait until the final practice Saturday before announcing

qualifying.

The race replaces the Argentine
Unser said: "Tve waited too Grand Prix, which was canceled

supposed criticism of Balestre by lish an even keel in the wake of

before it had even rolled onto the track, and mechanics had to saw off offending ground-effect skirts behind the rear wheels. This ruined its carefully conceived handling potential before it was able to

the 16th and 17th times on Thurs-

Unser, 48, had been expected to whether to race or not.

Dutch Race Scheduled

long. It's not fair to a car owner at earlier this year because of finanthis point to wait any longer for cial problems. Spain was first chomy decision. I'm just not going to sen to replace Argentina, but there

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14), Rice 141, Gedman 121.

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10, Rice 141, Gedman 121.
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L—T.3.nderwood, 1-3. HRs—Ookland, Goodwin (2), Detroit, Ivie 2 141, L-Parrish (61, MATIONAL, LEAGUE
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which was appropriate, for Cousineau has marketed his football skills as well as any professional Although he has never played a down in the National Football

League, Cousineau has a starting position — weakside inside line-backer — waiting for him, along

By William N. Wallace

neau's major as an undergraduate at Ohio State was marketing.

NEW YORK - Tom Cousi-

with a salary reported to be \$500,000 a year, which will make him one of the highest paid players in the National Football League.

After Buffalo made County Montres After Buffalo made Cousineau

Josing Pices With the first player taken in the 1979

NFL draft, he system to 1979 NFL draft, he spurned the Bills and played for three seasons with the Montreal Alexander Canadian Football League. The Alonettes paid him \$150,000 a year phis a \$200,000 signing bonus. He became a free agent last March

and, after seven weeks of weighing

many inquiries, signed a five-year contract reported to he worth \$3.5

million with the Cleveland

Browns. Pro Free Agency

Furthermore, Cousineau's success at selling himself to the highest bidder as a free agent has run counter to the goals of the NFL

agency aside in favor of sharing paying salaries according to a scale of its own making.

But Cousiness.

said: "Personally I believe in free agency, because it worked for me. If I had not had an opportunity to ported offer of \$2.5 million for five ported offer of \$2.5 million for five

sive player in the eastern conference and second best in the league. while the Alouettes collapsed.

Nelson, Fergus Lead in Golf

at regus retains leads Friday, when round of the Atlanta was completed after They opened with 6-un Four players shot 67s.

Cousineau proved himself in his

first two seasons with the Alouettes, ending the second by being voted the outstanding defen-The third season was largely lost as Cousineau, the Bills would have cousineau played in only four games because of an elbow injury lo had only 10 days," Cousineau Cousineau chose to forgo two optional years with the Alouettes and, on March 1, began the pro-cess that brought him his rich con-

and Houston Oilers played supporting roles. Art Modell, owner of the Browns who had long been interested in Cousineau, was out to avoid a confrontation with the Bills, and the Oilers conveniently became the needed third party. Houston made a bona fide money offer, the first specific bid for

tract with the Browns. The Bills

Cousineau's services. "I'll have to remember to send Bud Adams a Christmas card,"

United Press International ATLANTA — Larry Nelson and Keith Fergus retained one-stroke leads Friday, when the opening round of the Atlanta Golf Classic labor versus management. You get round of the Atlanta Golf Classic was completed after three delays.
They opened with 6-under-par 66s.
Four players shot 67s.

Labor versus management. You get that deal, you put it on the shelf and forget it. Then it's time to perform.

Cousineau: Marketing Student Makes Good play in Canada and get myself into play in Canada and get myself into a free-agency position, I would have been a bitter man, locked in to playing for Buffalo. Their first offer to me was definitely not offer to me was definitely not fair."

ported offer of \$2.5 minton for five playing a \$500,000 signing a \$500,000 signing a \$500,000 signing to some that get myself into ported offer of \$2.5 minton for five playing in \$2.5 minton for five playing a \$500,000 signing to some that get myself into playing for Buffalo could match to get back its 1979 first offer to me was definitely not much money, according to Ralph Halpern, the Bills' attorney, much to the dismay of the coach, Chuck

> But if Houston had signed said. "I knew they weren't going to hit it because their company line all along had been if Tom Cousineau is going to play in the NFL, it's going to be with Buffalo. "When they got Houston's offer,

seemed to waiver a bit in their re-

evident they were trying to make a The Bills turned to the Browns. The Cleveland proposal, even higher than Houston's, was acceptable to Cousineau and his agent, Jimmy Walsh. A deal was struck on April 24. Buffalo signed Cousineau on Cleveland's terms and traded him to the Browns for a first, a second and a third draft choice.

"A dream come true," Cousi-

nean said. "Every player is put in a

Transactions Knox, who had been covering Cousineau for three years. BASEBALL NEW YORK YANKEES—Placed Dave
NEW YORK YANKEES—Placed Dave
Winfield, unffelder, on the 15-day disabled fist.
Moved Jerry Mumohrev, outfielder, from the 15-day disabled list to the 21-day disabled list.
Signed Bobby Bonds, outfielder, and Lyrm
McGlothen, pitcher, to minor ledgue controcts
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Collecting Acrimony

WASHINGTON — The latest census has revealed there are still more people who are married than there are divorced. The only surprise was how many people are still married, but are not living together.

is a friend, and she told me at lunch the other day that she and Archie had beeo separated for seven years, but had

never been divorced. 'How come?" Because if be gets a divorce he won't have any excuse oot to Buchwald marry the floozie

he's living with." Do you mean to tell me Archie is using you to protect himself from having to marry somebody

"That is exactly what he's doing. I heard from friends that he keeps telling everyooe that I won't give him a divorce. He portrays me as some kind of vengeful ogre who refuses to give him his freedom." "And he doeso't pay you for

that?" "Pay me?" "Of course. He's using you so he doesn't have to make another permanent commitment and you should be compensated for it." "How do l do that?"

'You have to ask for acrimony."

"Is there such a thing?"
"Well, the courts don't recognize it, but that doesn't mean you can't ask for it. I should think you would be entitled to \$1,500 a month from Archie in acrimooy payments, as long as you stay mar-ried to him. That's a cheap price for him to save himself from an-

other marriage "How do I get him to pay it?"
"You go to him and say 'Archie. unless you pay me acrimony I'm going to tell your girlfriend I'm willing to get a divorce any time

Hermitage to Be Expanded

United Press International MOSCOW - The Hermitage museum in Leningrad, already incorporating five buildings, will be expanded through neighboring buildings, Izvestia reported, Izvestia did not say how many would be added. The museum's collection totals 2.6 million works.

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"Let him. But when he cools down he'll realize it's cheaper to pay you than to get a divorce and pay you man to get a divorce and marry somebody else. Don't you see where Archie is coming from now? He has the best of both worlds. I'll bet you every time he tells his girl what an obstinate dragon lady you really are, he's laughing all the way to the bed." "Do you think \$1,500 is

"You could make a deal with him. For \$1,500 you'll just keep si-lent. But if Archie wants insurance, you could ask for \$2,000 a month, in which case you'll promise to go around and tell everyone that you'll only give Archie a divorce if you want to get married again. And if he wants to pay the full acrimooy fee of \$2,500. you could announce you were cooverting to Catholicism and Archie

could only get a divorce over your dead body "He'll accuse me of blackmail-

It's oot blackmail. It's marital support. If he wants to keep you as wife for his own offarious purposes, he has to support you as a

"Suppose he misses an acrimony payment?" Then you put out the word that

you are going to start divorce pro-ceedings. If he really doesn't want to get married again be'll beg, borrow or steal the money to keep you from going through with your

"Do you know anybody who is ollecting acrimony now?"
"I know at least half a dozeo women. They were all treated as doormats until they asked for acrimony. One lady I know gets \$3,000 a mooth, and all she has to do is send her husband a registered letter every 30 days telling him that under no conditions will she grant him a divorce. It's one of the happiest separations I've ever seen.

"The only thing you have to be careful of is when you get a visit from the 'other woman' and she begs you to give your busband up. I know one wife who gave in, and instead of getting \$2,000 a month in acrimooy, she was only awarded \$750 a mooth in alimooy, and since her husband had to marry the other woman be claims he can't even afford that."

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Brainier Birds Do the Singing

By Bayard Webster New York Times Service

NEW YORK — In a six-foot-tall cage at the American Museum of Natural History here, a starting flirs from perch to perch, casts a quick glance at a visitor and says, "Hi Sam! Hi kid!" Not quite Bogart, but very human.

The abilities of this bird and of some of its cousins to imitate human speech - indeed, to mimic a great variety of other sounds with uncanny precision — is oow the focus of attention for biologists and ornithologists in many parts of the world.

How is it, they want to know, that these creatures, in captivity and in the wild, can accomplish such virtuosity in sound with a primitive vocal apparatus and a brain about the size of a grape?

What is it that enables some kinds of birds, in particular the starling family, Sturnidae, of which the myna is the most famously talkative, to learn to speak more than 50 words in some cases and utter as many as 20 sentences? Listeners to a captive starling in Falmouth, Mass., report, for example, that not only can it whistle "Michael Row the Boat Ashore" and the opening bars of Beethoven's Fifth Symphony, but it also "talks" on and on, saying such things as: "I go home — you go to sleep. He's a little, bitty baby boy. Yes be is! See

ya later. Bye-bye! **New Understanding**

And new understanding of how this is accomplished is beginning to evolve.
"We used to think that a bird's vocalizanoo repertoire depended on how sophisticated its syrinx was," said Peter Marler of the Rockefeller University Field Research Station in Millbrook, N.Y. Marler, one of a oumber of research hiologists who specialize in animal communication, explained that a bird's syrinx, the functional equivalent of a human's larynx, or voice box, is much simpler than the human vocal appa-ratus. "We now know that most songbirds syrinxes are the same," he said. He and others have concluded that many other factors determine how, when and where a hird can

Recent studies show that the part of bird's brain that controls its vocalizations is in the front of the skull and corresponds oughly to the buman cortex. The males of roughly to the buman cortex. The males of almost all songbird species are the principal vocalizers, and the male forebrains, which control their song outpot, have been found to be larger than the forebrains of females.

The work of Fernando Nottebohm, director of the Pochefelles station, and others.

rector of the Rockefeller station, and others show that the larger the forebrain, the larger a bird's song repertoire tends to be. They have also found that the forebrain expands in size just before the arrival of the mating and nesting season, when extensive singing and calling are occessary for identification and to attract mates, establish territories and warn of possible dangers.

that most songbirds do not have innate or genetically derived song patterns, but learn their songs and calls at an early age from their parents or members of the same spe-

As a general rule, most species in the wild will not respond to or learn the vocal-izations of other species. Yet several species of songbirds, including mockingbirds, star-lings, thrashers, catbirds, wrens, thrushes and sparrows, imitate the calls and soogs of many different kinds of birds they encounter or hear. And some birds learn to imitate

other environmental sounds. Captive crows might imitate the squawk of a hen, a dog's winne, human laughter, captive mynas, the neigh of a horse as well as human speech. Some exotic birds, such as the birds of paradise and bowerbirds of New Guinea and Australia, can imitate automobile horns, the sound of falling gravel and the "thunks" made by woodcutters fell-

ing trees. Marler and other researchers have assembled evideoce that the birds that do not mimic others have a kind of "filter" in their brain that keeps them from learning or imitating alien vocalizations. "There is a brain mechanism

for selective learning," Marler said.
Although scientists still do not know why some birds are mimics and others not, they some birds are mimics and others not, they think there may be practical reasons for such behavior. Zoologist David S. Dobkin, in a paper prepared for the University of California at Berkeley, reasons that a mockingbird may mimic a blue jay's call for just such a special purpose. Since blue jays are highly aggressive predators on the nests of many songhirds, by simulating their calls the mockingbirds may he excluding potential competing species from mockingbird nesting sites. ingbird nesting sites.

Another possible use for mimicry, especially in thick woods where it is hard for one bird to see another, could be to use the call of a more aggressive bird to establish territorial rights, protect food sources and deter rivals from courting a mimic's mate. Some birds with more rudimentary syr-

inxes than their cousins can become more proficient in creating sound. This fact be-comes especially ootable when it is realized that the syrinx at its best is far less complicated than the human apparatus for voice In a bird the syrinx is located at the bot-

tom of the trachea, Sound is produced at the syrinx in an air stream whose speed and volume is controlled by muscles in the trachea. The sounds are emitted through the bird's mouth with little or oo modulation. Human vocalizations originate in the lar-ynx at the top of the trachea. The larynx,

Ornithologists have known for some time roughly similar to the bird's syrinx but

sounds. But then important changes in timbre occur because of the positions and arnculating movements of the tongue, cheeks mouth and lips and the resonating effect of the hollow sinuses in the facial structure. Crawford Greenewalt writes in his book

"Bird Soog: Acoustics and Physiology". "There appear to be no physiological re-sources available to the bird which would produce the infinitely variable and complex esonating cavities available to humans. Scientists suppose that birds must make

better use of the syrinx than humans do of the larynx, to produce their various and elaborate sounds without the facilities available to humans. The syrinx does have two resonating

membranes, and in many birds they can he independently controlled, enabling the birds to produce two different ootes simul-

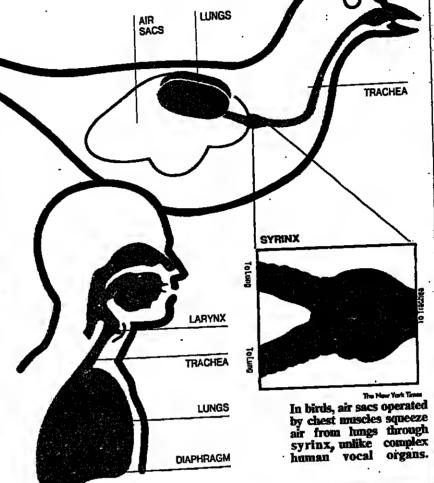
for the ability of parrots and mynas to so

precisely imitate the human voice.

Wesley Lanyon, Lamont Curator of Birds at the American Museum of Natural History, notes that parrots, members of the Psittacinae family, have relatively primitive syrinxes and do not mimic other birds in the wild. They learn their few shrill calls from their parents or other parrots.

Even though the parrot can mimic the human voice, it seems to need a motive for doing so. Marier and Evan Balaban, a research associate at the Rockefeller field station, said that social stimulation is part of a bird's learning process. Without it, birds will not learn other species' sounds and utter them.

"Mynas and parrots only begin to learn human speech sounds under certain social relationships." Marier said. "To get a myna bird to talk you must intrude on its social life." Such intrusions might include feeding the bird by hand and, in effect, having the bird imprinted with its owner, almost as if the owner were its parent. What this really means," said Marler, "is that you get the bird confused as to its own identity.



PEOPLE

Henry Moore Sculpture Sold for \$1.2 Million

Sculptor Henry Moore's "Reclining Figure' was sold for \$1.2 milion at a Sotheby Parke Bernet auction in New York, setting a new record for a living scalptor. The 75-inch long elmwood scalpture, completed in 1946, was bid for by an unidentified English dealer, according to a Sotheby spokeswoman.

A former wife of William Wilgkey is suing the chewing gum mag-nate for \$55 million in community property for their seven-year marproperty for their seven-year mar-riage, which was annulled in 1978. Joan Wrigley, 42, of St. Peter-burg, Fia., is suing the thrice-mar-ned 49-year-old Chicago multimil-lionaire in Los Angeles because Wrigley has also established residence in Southern California, said celebrity divorce lawyer Marvin Mitchelson. Wrigley divorced his first wife, the former Alison Hunter, shortly before marrying Joan. He married Julie Ann Burns last

Officials of the William Seroyan Foundation announced that half of the famed writer's ashes will be: interred at Yerevan, the capitol city of Armenia in the Soviet Union. The son of Armenian immigrants, Saroyan, & Pulitzer Prizewinning novelist and plawright, died in his native Fresno, Calif., on May 18, 1981 at the age of 72 Al-len Y. Jendin of the Saroyan Foundation said a delegation headed by San Francisco lawyer Robert Danie, attorney for the Saroyan estate, and Fresno State University professor Dickran-Konymian will carry the ashes to Armema.

Prince Charles and his wife Diana, Princess of Wales, have hired a butler who used to work for the Duke and Duchess of Window and then for Bing Crosby, the American crooner who died in 1977.
Buckingham Palace named their new butler as British-born Alan Fisher. A spokesman said he start-ed working for the royal couple a few days ago at their London home, Kensington Palace, where 20-year-old Diana is expected to have her baby in July. * * *

The American Society of Magazine Photographers named Susan Melselas, who produced widely used combat photographs from El Salvador and Nicaragua, as photojournalist of the year.

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